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Space engineering - Mechnical - Part 7: Mechnical parts

Raumfahrttechnik - Mechanik - Teil 7: Mechanische Teile

Ingénierie spatiale - Mécanique - Partie 7: Pieces mécaniques

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<u>SIST EN 14607-7:2005</u>

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Space engineering - Mechnical - Part 7: Mechnical parts

Ingénierie spatiale - Mécanique - Partie 7: Pièces mécaniques

Raumfahrttechnik - Mechanik - Teil 7: Mechanische Teile

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 27 June 2003.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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Foreword

This document (EN 14607-7:2004) has been prepared by CMC.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2005, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by February 2005.

It is based on a previous version 1) originally prepared by the ECSS Mechanical Engineering Standard Working Group, reviewed by the ECSS Technical Panel and approved by the ECSS Steering Board. The European Cooperation for Space Standardization (ECSS) is a cooperative effort of the European Space Agency, National Space Agencies and European industry associations for the purpose of developing and maintaining common standards.

This document is one of the series of space standards intended to be applied together for the management, engineering and product assurance in space projects and applications.

Requirements in this document are defined in terms of what shall be accomplished, rather than in terms of how to organize and perform the necessary work. This allows existing organizational structures and methods to be applied where they are effective, and for the structures and methods to evolve as necessary without rewriting the standards.

EN 14607 Space engineering - Mechanical is published in 8 Parts:

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Part 2: Structural

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Part 3: Mechanisms https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f8d6e8f3-1831-4721-ba0c-089b4b72d522/sist-en-14607-7-2005

Part 4: ECLS

Part 5: Propulsion

- Part 5.1: Liquid and electric propulsion for spacecraft
- Part 5.2: Solid propulsion for spacecraft, solid and liquid propulsion for launchers
- Part 6: Pyrotechnics
- Part 7: Mechanical parts
- Part 8: Materials

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

¹⁾ ECSS-E-30 Part 7A

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1 Scope

EN 14607 Part 7 of Space engineering - Mechanical defines the mechanical engineering requirements for mechanical parts.

This document defines the requirements applicable to the selection, design, verification and application of mechanical parts to promote the use of high-quality non-critical mechanical parts that achieve robust functionality and satisfy the mission performance requirements.

This document defines a pragmatic approach to the selection of parts by the mechanical and design engineer on the basis of their effect on the integrity of the equipment and to streamline the selection of space-proven rather than non space-proven parts during the design of a new equipment in order to select the least number of different parts to satisfy the mission requirements.

It defines performance, design, test, product assurance and support activity requirements for the use of mechanical parts in space applications.

When viewed from the perspective of a specific project context, the requirements defined in this document should be tailored to match the genuine requirements of a particular profile and circumstances of a project.

NOTE Tailoring is a process by which individual requirements of specifications, standards and related documents are evaluated, and made applicable to a specific project by selection, and in some exceptional cases, modification of existing or addition of new requirements.

2 Normative references TANDARD PREVIEW

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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EN 13290-4:2001, Space project management of General requirements of Part 4: Project phasing and planning.

EN 13291-1:1999, Space product assurance — General requirements — Part 1: Policy and principles.

EN 13291-2:2003, Space product assurance — General requirements — Part 2: Quality assurance.

EN 13291-3:2003, Space product assurance — General requirements — Part 3: Materials, mechanical parts and processes.

EN 13701:2001, Space systems — Glossary of terms.

EN 14607-2, Space engineering — Mechanical — Part 2: Structural.

EN14607-8, Space engineering — Mechanical — Part 8: Materials.

EN 14725:2003, Space engineering — Verification.

References to sources of approved lists, procedures and processes can be found in the bibliography.

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 13701:2001 and the following apply.

3.1.1

bearing part

component whose function is to permit rotation or sliding between load-bearing parts

EXAMPLE

Ball-bearing and ball-joint.

3.1.2

certificate of conformity

document related to the part with relevant data certifying that the part fulfils the requirements

3.1.3

connecting part

structural elements to provide a mechanical joint

EXAMPLE

Bolts, nuts, rivets, inserts and clips.

3.1.4

control part

component which regulates systems for variable operating and environmental conditions

EXAMPLE

Gears.

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3.1.5

critical mechanical part

mechanical part featuring risk which can be unacceptable to the project and requires specific attention or control or with which the contractor has had not previous applications experience -1831-4721-ba0c-

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EXAMPLE Critical mechanical parts include: single point failure part, limited life part, hazardous part, part without possibility of check out after integration, part with critical technology, part with a known history of failures.

3.1.6

development testing

set of tests performed to prove the validity of the design and the technologies involved and to supplement analytical techniques in the pre-selected part or subassemblies

3.1.7

evaluation

combination of tests, analyses and audit used to pronounce approval, validation or qualification

3.1.8

fluid handling part

component that is used for moving fluids

EXAMPLE

Containers, ducts, valves, fittings, couplings, O-rings and diffusers.

3.1.9

heater

device for the conversion of energy or work into heat

3.1.10

magnetic part

device which functions either by the generation of or by the response to magnetic fields

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3.1.11

measuring part

component used to measure a physical quantity, with a selected unit, within a given tolerance, and inside a certain range of variation of the physical quantity

EXAMPLE

Gauges and thermocouples.

3.1.12

mechanical part

off-the-shelf commercial and military (CAM) item or equipment designed and produced to perform a distinct mechanical function

CAM equipment has been developed and produced in lots to military or commercial national standards, in-house specifications or manufacturer data sheets are readily available.

CAM equipment may be acquired without change to satisfy special requirements. However if changes are performed on a space-proven part, the transformed part is considered as equivalent to a "Space-proven part but with deviation in materials, design or use environment".

3.1.13

optical passive equipment

fixed optical elements requiring no external energy supply

EXAMPLE

Gratings, beam-splitters, lenses (reflecting, refractive) and mirrors.

3.1.14

spacing part component whose function it is to provide a separation between adjacent parts

EXAMPLE

Washers, spacers and shims. (standards.iteh.ai)

3.1.15

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separating part

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component with the function of releasing or separating adjoining components

EXAMPLE

Pyrotechnic actuators, springs and cutters.

3.1.16

space-proven part

mechanical item whose properties are known and that is produced by means of stable processes and has been approved for use in previous space applications which are still valid for its intended use

Abbreviated terms

The following abbreviated terms are defined and used within this document.

Abbreviation

Meaning

CAM

commercial and military (part)

DML

declared materials list

DPL

declared processes list

DMPL

declared mechanical parts list

EMC

electromagnetic compatibility

ESC

electrostatic compatibility

UΥ

ultraviolet

6

4 Requirements

4.1 General

4.1.1 Requirements overview

This clause contains the technical requirements for a project or programme requiring high reliability mechanical parts.

- a) This document shall be used in the establishment of mechanical and physical properties of materials, including the effects of environmental conditions.
- b) This document shall be applicable to destructive and non-destructive test methods required for material selection, procurement, production and verification.

NOTE The use of space-proven parts avoids additional testing and ensures that such parts perform satisfactorily in nominal environment.

4.1.2 Part classification

The mechanical parts requirements are defined according to the following part classifications:

- space-proven mechanical part;
- non-space-proven mechanical part; TANDARD PREVIEW
- space-proven part, with deviation in materials, design or use environment.

4.1.3 Part types

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The mechanical parts classifications are defined according to following part types: ba0c-089b4b72d522/sist-en-14607-7-2005

- non-critical mechanical part;
- · critical mechanical part.

4.1.4 Application

- a) This document applies to mechanical parts used in all space products. It is intended for end-users, design authorities, safety officials, project offices and manufacturers.
- b) The requirements shall be applied to mechanical parts for the selection, fabrication or acquisition of the parts to be used and integrated in a structure, assembly or subsystem of
 - manned space vehicles,
 - 2) unmanned space vehicles,
 - 3) expendable or reusable launch vehicles, and
 - 4) ground equipment.

NOTE Practical application can be impaired by the (provisional) absence of a particular standard or by the need to modify a space product targeted standard or by the existence of several standards addressing the same topic.

c) An early programme of parts identification and control shall be implemented by a materials, parts and processes board in accordance with the requirements of this document, EN 13291-2 and by EN 13291-3.