

Edition 3.0 2019-03

# INTERNATIONAL **STANDARD**

# **NORME** INTERNATIONALE



Optical fibre cables Feh STANDARD PREVIEW

Part 2-30: Indoor cables – Family specification for optical fibre ribbon cables for use in terminated cable assemblies ards.iteh.ai

Câbles à fibres optiques intérieurs et Spécification de famille pour les câbles à rubans de fibres optiques utilisés dans les assemblages de câbles connectorisés





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Edition 3.0 2019-03

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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## Optical fibre cables - eh STANDARD PREVIEW

Part 2-30: Indoor cables – Family specification for optical fibre ribbon cables for use in terminated cable assemblies

IEC 60794-2-30:2019

Câbles à fibres optiques des.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6ffa8581-665f-41e9-b927-

Partie 2-30: Câbles intérieurs Spécification de famille pour les câbles à rubans de fibres optiques utilisés dans les assemblages de câbles connectorisés

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#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

#### **OPTICAL FIBRE CABLES -**

# Part 2-30: Indoor cables – Family specification for optical fibre ribbon cables for use in terminated cable assemblies

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International Standard IEC 60794-2-30 has been prepared by sub-committee 86A: Fibres and cables, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2008. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) removal of Annex C;
- b) reference to the most recent fibre standards;
- c) reference to IEC 60794-1-21, IEC 60794-1-22, IEC 60794-1-23 and IEC 60794-1-24.

This standard is to be used in conjunction with IEC 60794-1-1, IEC 60794-1-2 and IEC 60794-2.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
86A/1704/CDV	86A/1808/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60794 series, published under the general title *Optical fibre cables*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
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IEC 60794-2-30:2019

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#### **OPTICAL FIBRE CABLES -**

# Part 2-30: Indoor cables – Family specification for optical fibre ribbon cables for use in terminated cable assemblies

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 60794 is a family specification which covers indoor optical fibre ribbon cables for use in terminated cable assemblies. The requirements of the sectional specification IEC 60794-2 are applicable to cables covered by this document.

The requirements of this document are written to define flat ribbon cables. This document can be applicable to other cable constructions. Parts of IEC 60794-3 which are applicable for ribbon tests are the subject of IEC 60794-1-31.

Annex B contains requirements that supersede the normal requirements in case the cables are intended to be used in installation governed by the MICE table of ISO 11801-3 [4]<sup>1</sup>.

## 2 Normative references STANDARD PREVIEW

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the datest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies and ards. itch. ai/catalog/standards/sist/6ffa8581-665f-41e9-b927-

4f7e81b1b931/iec-60794-2-30-2019

NOTE These reference complete the normative references already listed in the generic specifications (IEC 60794-1-1 and IEC 60794-1-2).

IEC 60304, Standard colours for insulation for low-frequency cables and wires

IEC 60793-1-20, Optical fibres – Part 1-20: Measurement methods and test procedures – Fibre geometry

IEC 60793-1-40, Optical fibres – Part 1-40: Measurement methods and test procedures – Attenuation

IEC 60793-1-44, Optical fibres – Part 1-44: Measurement methods and test procedures – Cutoff wavelength

IEC 60793-2, Optical fibres – Part 2: Product specifications – General

IEC 60793-2-10, Optical fibres – Part 2-10: Product specifications – Sectional specification for category A1 multimode fibres

IEC 60793-2-50, Optical fibres – Part 2-50: Product specification – Sectional specification for class B single-mode fibres

IEC 60794-1-1, Optical fibre cables - Part 1-1: Generic specification - General

<sup>1</sup> Numbers in square brackets refer to the Bibliography.

IEC 60794-1-2, Optical fibre cables – Part 1-2: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – General guidance

IEC 60794-1-21, Optical fibre cables – Part 1-21: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Mechanical test methods

IEC 60794-1-22, Optical fibre cables – Part 1-22: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Environmental test methods

IEC 60794-1-23, Optical fibre cables – Part 1-23: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Cable element test methods

IEC 60794-2:2017, Optical fibre cables – Part 2: Indoor cables – Sectional specification

IEC 60794-3, Optical fibre cables - Part 3: Outdoor cables - Sectional specification

IEC 60811-202, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 202: General tests – Measurement of thickness of non-metallic sheath

IEC 60811-203, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 203: General tests – Measurement of overall dimensions

IEC 60811-504, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 504: Mechanical tests – Bending tests at low temperature for insulation and sheaths

## (standards.iteh.ai)

#### 3 Terms and definitions

IEC 60794-2-30:2019

No terms and definitions/sare/listed in/this/gocument/st/6ffa8581-665f-41e9-b927-4f7e81b1b931/iec-60794-2-30-2019

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- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

#### 4 Construction

#### 4.1 General

In addition to the constructional requirements in IEC 60794-2, the following considerations apply to ribbon cables for use in terminated cable assemblies.

The cable shall be designed and manufactured for a predicted operating lifetime of at least 15 years. In this context, the attenuation of the installed cable at the operational wavelength(s) shall not exceed values agreed between the customer and the supplier. The materials in the cable shall not present a health hazard within its intended use.

There shall be no fibre splice in a delivery length unless otherwise agreed by the customer and the supplier.

It shall be possible to identify each individual fibre throughout the length of the cable.

#### 4.2 Optical fibres and primary coating

Category A1 multimode fibres which meet the requirements of IEC 60793-2-10 or categories B1.1, B1.2, B1.3, B2, B4, B5 and B6 single-mode optical fibres which meet the requirements

of IEC 60793-2-50 shall be used. The linear coefficient of optical fibre attenuation and attenuation point discontinuity may be affected by the cable manufacturing process. Maximum values for these optical characteristics shall be agreed between the customer and the supplier.

#### 4.3 Buffer

None.

#### 4.4 Ruggedized fibre

None.

#### 4.5 Slotted core

None.

#### 4.6 Tube

None.

#### 4.7 Stranded loose tube

None.

## 4.8 Ribbon structure eh STANDARD PREVIEW

The ribbon structure shall be in accordance with IEC 60794-3.

### 4.9 Strength and anti-buckling members 14-2-30:2019

The optical fibre ribbon cable may incorporate a tensile strength member. The strength member may be a layer of suitable material, longitudinally or helically applied, and/or may be embedded in the overall sheath.

#### 4.10 Ripcord

None.

#### 4.11 Sheath

The optical fibre ribbon shall be uniformly covered with a protective sheath generally as shown in Figure A.1.

#### 4.12 Sheath marking

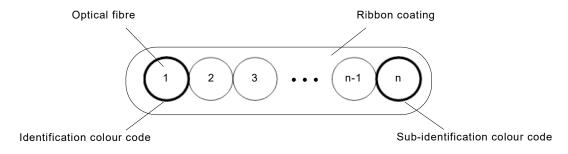
If required, the cable shall be marked as agreed between the customer and the supplier.

#### 4.13 Identification

The coated fibre shall be distinguishable by means of colour coding and positioning. For example (see Figure 1):

- a) a fibre ribbon has an identification coloured fibre on one side and a sub-identification coloured one on the other side;
- b) the identification and the sub-identification coloured fibres are the first and the last in the fibre ribbon, respectively;
- c) any colour of the identification colours group is different from that of the sub-identification colours group;

- d) the colour types and the order used for identification and sub-identification should be agreed between the customer and the supplier. The colours of the other fibres shall be agreed by the customer and/or the supplier;
- e) the colour range used is similar to the first 12 colours described in Table 1 of IEC 60794-2:2002, i.e., blue, yellow, red, white, green, violet, orange, grey, turquoise, black, brown and pink.



IEC

- NOTE 1 The identification colour enables each fibre ribbon to be identified individually within a group of ribbons.
- NOTE 2 The sub-identification colour shows the ribbon group.

NOTE 3 The identification and the sub-identification colour in a ribbon enables each fibre to be identified individually within the ribbon.

Figure 1 - Example of identification by means of colour coding and positioning

Other methods of identification are under consideration.

# 4.14 Example of cable construction IEC 60794-2-30:2019 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6ffa8581-665f-41e9-b927-

An example of a ribbon cable construction is shown in Figure A.1. Other configurations are not precluded if they meet the mechanical, environmental and transmission requirements given in this document.

#### 5 Dimensions

#### 5.1 Optical fibres and primary coating

The dimensions of the individual primary coated fibres in the finished product shall be in accordance with IEC 60793-2.

#### 5.2 Ribbon structural geometry

The ribbon geometry shall be in accordance with IEC 60794-3.

#### 5.3 Optical fibre ribbon cable

The structural geometry of the optical fibre ribbon cables shall be designed so as to comply with the mechanical, environmental and transmission requirements as defined in this document. For instance, either rectangular or circular structure can be chosen.

In the case of a rectangular structure, the dimensions and the structural geometry of optical fibre ribbon cables shall be as shown in Table 1.

Other structures can be applied if agreed between the supplier and the customer.

Table 1 – Dimensions of optical fibre ribbon cables

Number of	Optical fibre ribbon cables				
fibres	Width mm		Height mm		
	Nominal	Maximum tolerance	Nominal	Maximum tolerance	
2	3,0 to 3,5	± 0,4	2,3 to 2,7	± 0,3	
4	3,0 to 3,5	± 0,4	2,3 to 2,7	± 0,3	
6	3,5 to 4,0	± 0,4	2,3 to 2,7	± 0,3	
8	2,5 to 4,5	± 0,4	0,9 to 3,0	± 0,3	
12	3,5 to 5,5	± 0,4	0,9 to 3,0	± 0,3	

#### Tests

#### 6.1 General

Compliance with the relevant detail specification requirements shall be verified by carrying out tests selected from the following subclauses. It is not intended that all the tests shall be carried out; the tests which are to be performed and the frequency of testing shall be agreed between the customer and the supplier. DARD PREVIE

Some of the following tests can be performed on a short sample length of optical fibre ribbon cable which is still an integral part of a longer length. For testing, the force shall be applied on the flat sides of the cable. Thus, it becomes spossible to detect permanent changes in attenuation. The wavelengthrand maximum increase fin 5 attenuation local and can be agreed between the customer and the supplieb1b931/iec-60794-2-30-2019

#### 6.2 **Dimensions**

The dimensions and structural geometry of optical fibre ribbon can be verified with a type test described in IEC 60794-3 to establish and ensure proper control of the ribbon manufacturing process. Once the process is established, and in order to ensure functional performance, the dimensions of ribbons may be controlled and verified, for final inspection purposes, with a dial gauge as described in Method G4 of IEC 60794-1-23. The size of the optical fibre ribbon cable, width and height shall be measured in accordance with the methods of IEC 60811-203.

#### 6.3 Mechanical requirements

#### 6.3.1 Cable tensile performance

Method: IEC 60794-1-21, E1

Diameter of chuck drums and transfer devices: not lower than the minimum dynamic bending diameter specified for the cable

Velocity of transfer device: either 100 mm/min or 100 N/min

200 N applied for 5 min Load:

Length of sample: sufficient to achieve the desired accuracy of measurement of attenuation and shall be agreed between the

customer and the supplier.

no change in attenuation after the test, and there shall be no damage to the

cable elements.

Requirement:

#### 6.3.2 Cable crush

IEC 60794-1-21, E3 Method:

Force: 500 N Duration: 1 min Length between test locations: 500 mm

Requirement: no change in attenuation after the test,

and there shall be no damage to the

cable elements.

NOTE The force is applied on the flat sides of the cable.

#### 6.3.3 Cable impact

Method: IEC 60794-1-21, E4

Radius of striking surface: 12.5 mm 1.0 J Impact energy:

Number of impacts: at least 3, each separated by at least

500 mm

no fibre breakage Requirement:

NOTE The force is applied on the flat sides of the cable.

### 6.3.4

Cable bending Teh STANDARD PREVIEW IEC 60794-1-21, E11A Method:

(standards.itsohmi) Mandrel diameter:

Number of turns per helix:

Number of cycles: IEC 60794-2-30:2019 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6ffa8581-665f-41e9-b927-Requirements: 4f7e81b1b931/iec-60794-no.fibne9breakage

NOTE The bending is applied in the vertical direction to the flat sides of the cable.

#### 6.3.5 Cable repeated bending

Method: IEC 60794-1-21. E6

Bending radius: 100 mm Number of cycles: 300 Mass of weights: 2 kg

Requirement: no fibre breakage

NOTE The bending is applied in the vertical direction to the flat sides of the cable.

#### 6.3.6 Cable bending under tension

None.

#### 6.3.7 Cable bending at low temperature

Method: IEC 60794-1-21, E11A (see also

IEC 60811-504)

Bending radius: 10 times cable diameter for flat cables;

> diameter is the minimum dimension. For cables with preferential bend, the diameter is perpendicular to the plane of

bending.

2

Number of cycles: