



Edition 2.0 2018-08 REDLINE VERSION

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Performance standard –

Part 1: General and guidance for performance standards

Document Preview

IEC 61753-1:2018

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – PERFORMANCE STANDARD –

Part 1: General and guidance for performance standards

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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This redline version of the official IEC Standard allows the user to identify the changes made to the previous edition. A vertical bar appears in the margin wherever a change has been made. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text.

International Standard IEC 61753-1 has been prepared by subcommittee 86B: Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2007. It constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) definitions updated with new products: wall outlets, wall or pole mounted boxes, splices, ODF modules, street cabinets, hardened connectors and field mountable connectors;
- b) categories U and O are replaced by categories OP and OP+. No mandatory sequence in category OP+. Category OP+ contains the tests from category OP with the addition of only 4 other tests:
- c) addition of Category I (Industrial);
- d) temperature ranges added (with the HD suffix to the categories C, OP, OP+ and I) in case passive optical components are placed in a housing together with active electronics (HD stands for "heat dissipation");
- e) the height of category A changed from 3 m to ground level (0 m);
- f) the lower level height of category G environment changed from ground level (0 m) to -1 m below ground level. Upper level remains at 3 m above ground level;
- g) addition of performance tests, test severities and performance criteria for new products: Wall outlet, wall or pole mounted boxes, mechanical splices, fusion splice protectors, ODF modules, street cabinets, field mountable connectors and hardened optical connectors;
- h) test severity of "Mating durability" test for connectors in categories C, OP, OP+ and I is reduced to 200 cycles for connectors with cylindrical ferrules and 50 cycles for connectors with rectangular ferrules;
- i) test severity of "Change of temperature" test for connectors and passive optical components in category I is reduced from 20 cycles to 12 cycles (harmonized with connectors and components from other categories);
- j) test severity of "Flexing of strain relief" test for connectors in categories C, OP and OP+ is reduced to 50 cycles;
 - k) test severities of "Assembly and disassembly of fibre optic mechanical splices, fibre management systems and closures" test for all enclosures is reduced to 5 cycles;
 - test severities of "Change of temperature" test for all protective housings in categories C, A, G and S is reduced from 20 cycles to 12 cycles (harmonized with connectors and components);
 - m) test severities of "Resistance to solvents and contaminating fluids" test for closures in categories G and S changed kerosene is removed, diesel oil exposure reduced to 1 h immersion and 24 h drying at room temperature;
 - n) sealing performance criteria of sealed closures for categories G and A are reduced to 20 kPa overpressure.
 - o) the change in attenuation criterion for connectors has changed from peak-to-peak into a +/- deviation from the original value of the transmitted power at the start of the test (harmonized with the change in attenuation criterion for components, splices and protective housings).

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
86B/4131/FDIS	86B/4137/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61753 series, published under the general title Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Performance standard, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or Teh Standards
- amended.

IMPORTANT - The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

The contents of the corrigendum of May 2019 have been included in this copy.

INTRODUCTION

The IEC 61753 series is dealing with performance standards for all passive fibre optic products, including connectors, passive optical components, fibre management systems and various protective housings. The standard is published in multiple parts. This part, Part 1, covers general information on performance standards. Subsequent parts are known as performance standards and are numbered according to the classification defined in Annex B. These standards contain the minimum test and measurement severities which are common to all passive fibre optic products, for a particular service environment or performance category, and the test and measurement severities which are considered specific to that particular product in that environment.

Performance Standards define the requirements for standard optical performance under a set of specified conditions. Each standard contains a series or a set of tests and measurements with clearly stated conditions, severities and pass/fail criteria. The series of tests, commonly referred to as an operating service environment or performance category, is intended to be run on a 'one-off' basis to prove the product's ability to satisfy the requirements of a specific application, market sector or user group.

This document define those sets of tests which form each operating service environment or performance category and which have been standardised for international use. A product that has been shown to meet all the requirements of a performance standard may can be declared as complying with that performance standard.

Products having the same classification from one manufacturer that satisfy a performance standard, will operate within the boundaries set by the performance standard. Intermateability or interchangeability of products from different suppliers (having the same classification and conforming to the same performance standard) can only be guaranteed when these products also meet the interface standards. Only in this condition will an equivalent level of performance be provided when they are used together (for example, in the case of optical connectors).

Conformance to a performance standard is not a guarantee of lifetime assured performance or reliability. Reliability testing must be is the subject of a separate test schedule, where the tests and severities selected are truly representative of the requirements of this reliability test programme. Consistency of manufacture should will be maintained using a recognised quality assurance programme whilst the reliability of product—should will be evaluated using the procedures recommended in IEC 62005 (all parts).

Tests and measurements are selected from IEC 61300 (all parts). Where this is not possible, the required test method is attached as an annex to the performance standard.

FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – PERFORMANCE STANDARD –

Part 1: General and guidance for performance standards

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61753 deals with provides guidance for the drafting of performance standards for all passive fibre optic products, including connectors, passive optical components, fibre management systems and closures. The IEC 61753 series is published in multiple parts.

This Part 1 covers general information on performance standards. This document defines the tests and severities which form the performance categories or general operating service environments and identifies those tests which are considered to be product specific. Test and severity details are given in Annex A. Part 1 also includes references, definitions and rules for creating a performance standard, together with informative annexes, such as a description of test sequencing given in Annex B, and other pertinent information.

Subsequent parts which form IEC 61753 are known as performance standards and are numbered according to the classification defined in Annex C. These standards contain the minimum test and measurement severities which a specific product must satisfy, in order to be categorized as meeting the requirements for use in a particular service environment. A product performance standard will contain a combination of those tests and measurements which are common to all passive fibre optic products, for a particular service environment or performance category, and those which are considered specific to that particular product in that environment.

2 Normative references

IEC 61753-1:2018

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60529, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)

IEC 60590. Determination of the aromatic hydrocarbon content of new mineral insulating oils

IEC 61300 (all parts), Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures

IEC 61300-2-1, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-1: Tests – Vibration (sinusoidal)

IEC 61300-2-2, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-2: Tests – Mating durability

IEC 61300-2-4, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-4: Tests – Fibre/cable retention

IEC 61300-2-5, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-5: Tests – Torsion/Twist

- IEC 61300-2-6, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-6: Tests Tensile strength of coupling mechanism
- IEC 61300-2-7:1995, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-7: Tests Bending moment
- IEC 61300-2-9, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-9: Tests Shock
- IEC 61300-2-10:1995, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-10: Tests Crush resistance
- IEC 61300-2-11:1995, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-11: Tests Axial compression
- IEC 61300-2-12, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-12: Tests Impact
- IEC 61300-2-17, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-17: Tests Cold
- IEC 61300-2-18, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-18: Tests Dry heat High temperature endurance
- IEC 61300-2-19, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-19: Tests Damp heat (steady state)
- IEC 61300-2-21, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-21: Tests Composite temperature/humidity cyclic test

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- IEC 61300-2-22, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-22: Tests Change of temperature
- IEC 61300-2-23, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-23: Tests Sealing for non-pressurized closures of fibre optic devices
- IEC 61300-2-26, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-26: Tests Salt mist
- IEC 61300-2-27, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-27: Tests Dust Laminar flow
- IEC 61300-2-28, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-28: Tests Industrial Corrosive atmosphere (sulphur dioxide)
- IEC 61300-2-33, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-33: Tests Assembly and disassembly of fibre optic mechanical splices, fibre management systems and closures
- IEC 61300-2-34, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-34: Tests Resistance to solvents and contamining fluids of interconnecting components and closures

IEC 61300-2-35, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-35: Tests – Cable nutation

IEC 61300-2-37, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-37: Tests – Cable bending for fibre optic closures

IEC 61300-2-38, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-38: Tests – Sealing for pressurized closures of fibre optic devices closures

IEC 61300-2-42, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-42: Tests – Static side load for connectors strain relief

IEC 61300-2-44, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-44: Tests – Flexing of the strain relief of fibre optic devices

IEC 61300-2-45, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-45: Tests – Durability test by water immersion

IEC 61300-2-46, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-46: Tests – Damp heat, cyclic

IEC 61300-2-48, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-48: Tests – Temperature-humidity cycling

IEC 61300-2-49, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-49: Tests – Connector Installation test

IEC 61300-2-50, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-50: Tests – Fibre optic connector proof test with static load – Singlemode and multimode

IEC 61300-2-51 Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-51: Tests – Fibre optic connector test for transmission with applied tensile load – singlemode and multimode

IEC 61300-3-3, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-3: Examinations and measurements – Active monitoring of changes in attenuation and return loss

IEC 61300-3-4, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-4: Examinations and measurements – Attenuation

IEC 61300-3-6, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-6: Examinations and measurements – Return loss

IEC 61300-3-7, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-7: Examinations and measurements – Wavelength dependence of attenuation and return loss of single mode components

IEC 61300-3-28, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-28: Examinations and measurements – Transient loss

IEC 61300-3-29, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-29: Examinations and measurements – Spectral transfer characteristics of DWDM devices

IEC 61300-3-34, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-34: Examinations and measurements – Attenuation of random mated connectors

IEC 61300-3-45, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-45: Examinations and measurements – Attenuation of random mated multi-fibre connectors

IEC Guide 109, Environmental aspects – Inclusion in electrotechnical product standards

ISO 1998 (all parts), Petroleum industry - Terminology

ISO 1998-1:1998, Petroleum industry – Terminology – Part 1: Raw materials and products

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

NOTE Terms and definitions for various components can be found in IEC TS 62538 and in the relevant IEC 61753 series performance standards or generic specification.

3.1

adaptor

component that permits mating between a connector and another optical component

Note 1 to entry: Another optical component is a connector plug, an active device, a passive optical component.

3.2

box

free breathing housing that is permanently fixed to a wall or pole

Note 1 to entry: A box is not specifically designed to allow cable movement (e.g. torsion, bending) at the cable ports during operation.

3.3

connector

component normally attached to a cable or piece of apparatus for the purpose of providing interconnection and disconnection of fibre optic cables

3.4

fibre management system

FMS

system to control, protect and store splices, connectors, passive optical components and fibres from incoming to outgoing cables

Note 1 to entry: Splice trays or organiser trays are parts of a fibre management system.

3.5

fibre splice

permanent or separable joint between optical fibres achieved by either fusion splicing or mechanical splicing