



# SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 60034-29:2008

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Rotating electrical machines - Part 29: Equivalent loading and superposition techniques - Indirect testing to determine temperature rise (IEC 60034-29:2008)

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

Drehende elektrische Maschinen - Teil 29: Verfahren der äquivalenten Belastung und Überlagerung – Indirekte Prüfung zur Ermittlung der Übertemperatur (IEC 60034-29:2008)

[SIST EN 60034-29:2008](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/db84aafc-326a-48f2-b769-7dd234-795/sist-en-60034-29-2008)

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Machines électriques tournantes - Partie 29: Techniques par charge équivalente et par superposition - Essais indirects pour déterminer l'échauffement (CEI 60034-29:2008)

**Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 60034-29:2008**

## **ICS:**

29.160.01      Rotacijski stroji na splošno      Rotating machinery in general

**SIST EN 60034-29:2008**

**en,fr**

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EUROPEAN STANDARD  
NORME EUROPÉENNE  
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

**EN 60034-29**

July 2008

ICS 29.160

Supersedes EN 61986:2002

English version

**Rotating electrical machines -  
Part 29: Equivalent loading and superposition techniques -  
Indirect testing to determine temperature rise  
(IEC 60034-29:2008)**

Machines électriques tournantes -  
Partie 29: Techniques par charge  
équivalente et par superposition -  
Essais indirects pour déterminer  
l'échauffement  
(CEI 60034-29:2008)

Drehende elektrische Maschinen -  
Teil 29: Verfahren der äquivalenten  
Belastung und Überlagerung -  
Indirekte Prüfung zur Ermittlung  
der Übertemperatur  
(IEC 60034-29:2008)

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This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2008-06-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

**CENELEC**

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization  
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique  
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

**Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels**

## Foreword

The text of document 2/1476/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 60034-29, prepared by IEC TC 2, Rotating machinery, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 60034-29 on 2008-06-01.

This European Standard supersedes EN 61986:2002.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2009-03-01
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn (dow) 2011-06-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

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## Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60034-29:2008 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

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## Annex ZA (normative)

### Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60034-1	2004	Rotating electrical machines - Part 1: Rating and performance	EN 60034-1	2004
IEC 60034-2-1	- <sup>1)</sup>	Rotating electrical machines - Part 2-1: Standard methods for determining losses and efficiency from tests (excluding machines for traction vehicles)	EN 60034-2-1	2007 <sup>2)</sup>

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<sup>1)</sup> Undated reference.

<sup>2)</sup> Valid edition at date of issue.

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IEC 60034-29

Edition 1.0 2008-03

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Rotating electrical machines –  
Part 29: Equivalent loading and superposition techniques – Indirect testing to  
determine temperature rise**

**Machines électriques tournantes –  
Partie 29: Techniques par charge équivalente et par superposition – Essais  
indirects pour déterminer l'échauffement**

INTERNATIONAL  
ELECTROTECHNICAL  
COMMISSION

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INTERNATIONALE

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

## ROTATING ELECTRICAL MACHINES –

**Part 29: Equivalent loading and superposition techniques –  
Indirect testing to determine temperature rise**

## FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 60034-29 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 2: Rotating machinery. It cancels and replaces IEC 61986:2002 which is withdrawn.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
2/1476/FDIS	2/1491A/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of IEC 60034 series, under the general title *Rotating electrical machines*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

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## INTRODUCTION

The object of this standard is to provide various indirect load tests, the purpose of which is to determine the temperature rise of rotating electrical machines, including a.c. induction machines, a.c. synchronous machines and d.c. machines. The test methods in some cases provide, in addition, means of measuring or estimating other parameters such as losses and vibration, but the methods are not designed specifically to provide such data.

The proposed test methods are considered equivalent, the choice relying only on the location, the testing equipment and the machine type, and the test result accuracy.

This standard should not be interpreted as requiring any or all of the tests on any given machine. Particular tests are subject to a special agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

NOTE As the methods reproduce only approximately the thermal conditions of the machines under rated condition, temperature-rise measurement results achieved from tests with these methods may be taken as the basis for the evaluation of machine heating in accordance with 8.10 of IEC 60034-1 by agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

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## ROTATING ELECTRICAL MACHINES –

### Part 29: Equivalent loading and superposition techniques – Indirect testing to determine temperature rise

#### 1 Scope

This International Standard applies to machines covered by IEC 60034-1 when they cannot be loaded to a specific condition (rated or otherwise). It is applicable to both motors and generators.

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60034-1:2004, *Rotating electrical machines – Part 1: Rating and performance*

IEC 60034-2-1, *Rotating electrical machines – Part 2-1: Standard methods for determining losses and efficiency from tests (excluding machines for traction vehicles)*

#### 3 Symbols and units

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For the purposes of this document, the following symbols and units apply.

$K$  slope factor of temperature rise, K/W

NOTE 1 The full name of  $K$  is "slope factor of the straight line characterizing variation of temperature rise with losses", see IEC 60027-4, item 901.

$\Delta\theta$	temperature rise, K
$\theta$	temperature, °C
$P$	power, loss, W
$I$	current, A
$R$	resistance, $\Omega$
$X$	reactance, $\Omega$
$U$	voltage, V
$E$	e.m.f., V
$f$	frequency, Hz
$f_{1,2}$	main/auxiliary frequency, Hz
$\Delta t$	time interval, s
$T$	torque, N·m
$J$	moment of inertia, kg·m <sup>2</sup>
$\cos\varphi$	power factor
$\gamma$	method uncertainty, %

NOTE 2 The definition implies that  $\gamma > 0$  means test temperature rise is higher than at actual load condition.