SLOVENSKI STANDARD
SIST EN 60068-2-6:2008

01-junij-2008

Nadomeġļa:
SIST EN 60068-2-6:2001

Okoljski preskusi - 2-6. del: Preskusi - Preskus Fc: Vibracije (sinusne) (IEC 60068-2-6:2007)

Environmental testing - Part 2-6: Tests - Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal)

Umgebungseinflüsse - Teil 2-6: Prüfverfahren - Prüfung Fc: Schwingen (sinusförmig)

Essais d'environnement -- Partie 2-6: Essais - Essai Fc: Vibrations (sinusoïdales)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 60068-2-6:2008

ICS:

19.040	Preskušanje v zvezi z okoljem	Environmental testing

SIST EN 60068-2-6:2008 **en,fr,de**

EUROPEAN STANDARD

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 60068-2-6

February 2008

ICS 19.040

Supersedes EN 60068-2-6:1995

English version

Environmental testing - Part 2-6: Tests - Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal)

(IEC 60068-2-6:2007)

Essais d'environnement - Partie 2-6: Essais - Essai Fc: Vibrations (sinusoïdales) (CEI 60068-2-6:2007)

Umgebungseinflüsse - Teil 2-6: Prüfverfahren - Prüfung Fc: Schwingen (sinusförmig) (IEC 60068-2-6:2007)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2008-02-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 104/439/FDIS, future edition 7 of IEC 60068-2-6, prepared by IEC TC 104, Environmental conditions, classification and methods of test, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 60068-2-6 on 2008-02-01.

This European Standard supersedes EN 60068-2-6:1995.

The major changes with regard to EN 60068-2-6:1995 concern:

– the agreed wording from IEC technical committee 104 meeting held in Stockholm:2000 on the testing of soft packages;

– reference to the latest version of EN 60068-2-47: Mounting;

– simplification of the layout of the standard by replacing some tables with text;

– addition of the test report requirements (see Clause 13).

The following dates were fixed:

– latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2008-11-01
– latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2011-02-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60068-2-6:2007 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following note has to be added for the standard indicated:

IEC 60068-2-64 NOTE Harmonized as EN 60068-2-64:1994 (not modified).

Annex ZA
(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

Publication	Year	Title	EN/HD	Year
IEC 60068-1	- [1)]	Environmental testing - Part 1: General and guidance	EN 60068-1	1994 [2)]
IEC 60068-2-47	- [1)]	Environmental testing - Part 2-47: Tests - Mounting of specimens for vibration, impact and similar dynamic tests	EN 60068-2-47	2005 [2)]
IEC 60721-3	Series	Classification of environmental conditions - Part 3: Classification of groups of environmental parameters and their severities	EN 60721-3	Series
ISO 2041	- [1)]	Vibration and shock - Vocabulary	-	-
ISO/IEC 17025	2005	General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories	EN ISO/IEC 17025	2005

[1)] Undated reference.

[2)] Valid edition at date of issue.

IEC 60068-2-6

Edition 7.0 2007-12

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

Environmental testing –
Part 2-6: Tests – Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal)

Essais d'environnement –
Partie 2-6: Essais – Essai Fc: Vibrations (sinusoïdales)

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING –

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FOREWORD

1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 60068-2-6 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 104: Environmental conditions, classification and methods of test.

This seventh edition cancels and replaces the sixth edition, published in 1995. It consitutes a technical revision.

The major changes with regard to the previous edition concern:

— The agreed wording from IEC technical committee 104 meeting held in Stockholm:2000 on the testing of soft packages.
— Reference to the latest version of IEC 60068-2-47:Mounting
— Simplification of the layout of the standard by replacing some tables with text.
— Addition of the test report requirements (see Clause 13).

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
104/439/FDIS	104/449/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all the parts in the IEC 60068 series, under the general title *Environmental testing*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 60068 gives a method of test applicable to components, equipment and other articles which, during transportation or in service, may be subjected to conditions involving vibration of a harmonic pattern, generated primarily by rotating, pulsating or oscillating forces, such as occur in ships, aircraft, land vehicles, rotorcraft and space applications or are caused by machinery and seismic phenomena.

This standard consists basically of subjecting a specimen to sinusoidal vibration over a given frequency range or at discrete frequencies, for a given period of time. A vibration response investigation may be specified which aims at determining critical frequencies of the specimen.

The relevant specification shall indicate whether the specimen shall function during vibration or whether it suffices that it still works after having been submitted to vibration.

It is emphasized that vibration testing always demands a certain degree of engineering judgement, and both the supplier and purchaser should be fully aware of this fact. However, sinusoidal testing is deterministic and, therefore, relatively simple to perform. Thus it is readily applicable to both diagnostic and service life testing.

The main part of this standard deals primarily with the methods of controlling the test at specified points using either analogue or digital techniques, and gives, in detail, the testing procedure. The requirements for the vibration motion, choice of severities including frequency ranges, amplitudes and endurance times are also specified, these severities representing a rationalized series of parameters. The relevant specification writer is expected to choose the testing procedure and values appropriate to the specimen and its use.

Certain terms have been defined to facilitate a proper understanding of the text. These definitions are given in Clause 3.

Annex A gives general guidance for the test and Annexes B and C provide guidance on the selection of severities for components and equipment.

ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING –

Part 2: Tests – Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal)

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60068 gives a method of test which provides a standard procedure to determine the ability of components, equipment and other articles, hereinafter referred to as specimens, to withstand specified severities of sinusoidal vibration. If an item is to be tested in an unpackaged form, that is without its packaging, it is referred to as a test specimen. However, if the item is packaged then the item itself is referred to as a product and the item and its packaging together are referred to as a test specimen.

The purpose of this test is to determine any mechanical weakness and/or degradation in the specified performance of specimens and to use this information, in conjunction with the relevant specification, to decide upon the acceptability of the specimens. In some cases, the test method may also be used to demonstrate the mechanical robustness of specimens and/or to study their dynamic behaviour. Categorization of components can also be made on the basis of a selection from within the severities quoted in the test.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-1, *Environmental testing – Part 1: General and guidance*

IEC 60068-2-47, *Environmental testing – Part 2-47: Tests – Mounting of specimens for vibration, impact and similar dynamic tests*

IEC 60721-3 (all parts), *Classification of environmental conditions – Part 3: Classification of groups of environmental parameters and their severities*

ISO 2041, *Vibration and shock – Vocabulary*

ISO/IEC 17025:2005, *General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

NOTE 1 The terms used are generally taken from ISO 2041 and IEC 60068-1. However, “sweep cycle” (3.4) and “signal tolerance” (3.5) have specific meanings in this standard.

Definitions in alphabetical order: