

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 228-2:2003

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Cevni navoji za zveze, ki ne tesnijo z navoji – 2. del: Kontrola s kalibri (ISO 228-2:1987)

Pipe threads where pressure-tight joints are not made on the threads - Part 2: Verification by means of limit gauges (ISO 228-2:1987)

Rohrgewinde für nicht im Gewinde dichtende Verbindungen - Teil 2: Prüfung mit Grenzlehren (ISO 228-2:1987) STANDARD PREVIEW

(standards.iteh.ai)
Filetages de tuyauterie pour raccordement sans étanchéité dans le filet - Partie 2: Vérification par calibres a limites (ISO 228-2:1987) 2003

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 228-2-2003

ICS:

21.040.30 Posebni navoji Special screw threads

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**SIST EN ISO 228-2:2003** 

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM **EN ISO 228-2** 

February 2003

ICS 21.040.30

## English version

Pipe threads where pressure-tight joints are not made on the threads - Part 2: Verification by means of limit gauges (ISO 228-2:1987)

Filetages de tuyauterie pour raccordement sans étanchéité dans le filet - Partie 2: Vérification par calibres à limites (ISO 228-2:1987)

Rohrgewinde für nicht im Gewinde dichtende Verbindungen - Teil 2: Prüfung mit Grenzlehren (ISO 228-2:1987)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 27 December 2002.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Maltai, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovak Republic, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b26e6700-f72a-4192-8f4e-

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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EN ISO 228-2:2003 (E)

#### **Foreword**

The text of ISO 228-2:1987 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 5 "Ferrous metal pipes and metallic fittings" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 228-2:2003 by Technical Committee ECISS/TC 29 "Steel tubes and fittings for steel tubes", the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2003, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2003.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 228-2:1987 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 228-2:2003 without any modifications. (standards.iteh.ai)

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 228-2

Second edition 1987-08-15



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ

Pipe threads where pressure-tight joints are not made on the threads —

Part 2:

Verification by means of limit gauges PREVIEW

Filetages de tuyauterie pour raccordement sans étanchéité dans le filet —

Partie 2 : Vérification par calibres à limites SIST EN ISO 228-2:2003

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b26e6700-f72a-4192-8f4e-ad7f9fc5a535/sist-en-iso-228-2-2003

Reference number ISO 228-2:1987 (E)

# **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council. They are approved in accordance with ISO procedures requiring at least 75 % approval by the member bodies voting.

International Standard ISO 228-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 5,

Ferrous metal pipes and metallic fittings.

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This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 228-2 : 1980), of which it constitutes a minor revision.

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Users should note that all International Standards undergo revision from time to time and that any reference made herein to any other International Standard implies its latest edition, unless otherwise stated.

# ISO 228-2 : 1987 (E)

# Pipe threads where pressure-tight joints are not made on the threads —

# Part 2:

# Verification by means of limit gauges

## 1 Scope and field of application

This part of ISO 228 specifies the verification, by means of limit gauges, of cylindrical threads, the dimensions and tolerances of which are given in ISO 228-1.

For industrial applications (see for example ISO 1179), it may be necessary to carry out additional checks.

Since this 55° profile has different elements to be verified, it is necessary to provide for several GO and several NOT GO gauges:

- a) the threaded GO gauges (see clauses 6 and 7) shall enf CIS sure that the profile of the machined piece does not exceed the maximum of material provided for by the tolerances applied to the dimensions of the profile defined by 150 228-1,
- b) the threaded NOT GO gauges for the threads of the pieces (see clauses 6 and 7) fix the minimum material limit on the flanks of the thread.

NOTE — Reference checks may be carried out in specialized laboratories

## 2 References

ISO 228-1, Pipe threads where pressure-tight joints are not made on the threads — Part 1 : Designation, dimensions and tolerances.

ISO 1179, Pipe connections, threaded to ISO 228-1, for plain end steel and other metal tubes in industrial applications.

ISO 1502, ISO general purpose metric screw threads — Gauging.

# 3 Symbols and explanations

The symbols used in this part of ISO 228 are the same as those used in ISO 1502 for the ISO thread gauges, plus some additional symbols (n, S, u), as shown in table 1.

Table 1

Symbol	Explanation
<i>b</i> <sub>3</sub>	Width of clearance groove at the major and minor diameter respectively of the thread profile with truncated flanks
d = D	Basic major diameter of the thread
$d_1 = D_1$	=d-1,280~654~P : Basic minor diameter of the thread
$d_2 = D_2$	=d-0,640327P : Basic pitch diameter of the thread
iteh.a	Distance between the middle of the tolerance zones $T_{\rm R}$ of the threaded ring gauge and $T_{\rm CP}$ of the GO check plug
n 22.2003	Nominal value of $b_3$
/sist/b26e670	0-1/-a-4192-8f4e-
so-228 <u>\$</u> 2-200	Displacement of the clearance groove with truncated flanks
S	Tolerance on b <sub>3</sub>
$T_{CP}$	Tolerance on the pitch diameter of GO and NOT GO threaded check plugs and wear check plugs
$T_{d2}$	Tolerance on the pitch diameter of the external thread
$T_{D2}$	Tolerance on the pitch diameter of the internal thread
$T_{PL}$	Tolerance on the pitch diameter of GO and NOT GO threaded plug gauges
$T_{R}$	Tolerance on the pitch diameter of GO and NOT GO threaded ring gauges
и	= 0,147 84 $P$ : Twice the radial height of rounding at crest and root of thread
$W_{GO}$	Average amount available for the permissible wear of GO threaded plug gauge and GO threaded ring gauge
$W_{NG}$	Average amount available for the permissible wear of NOT GO threaded plug gauge and NOT GO threaded ring gauge
$Z_{PL}$	Distance between the middle of the tolerance zone $T_{\rm PL}$ of the GO threaded plug gauge and the lower limit of the thread
$Z_{R}$	Distance between the middle of the tolerance zone $T_{R}$ of the GO threaded ring gauge and the upper limit of the thread

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# 4 Function, control and use of gauges

# 4.1 Gauges for external threads and their check plugs

# 4.1.1 Solid GO threaded ring gauge

#### 4.1.1.1 Function

The threaded GO ring gauge checks the virtual size of the external thread on the GO side (gauging the virtual pitch diameter), i.e. it checks the maximum material limit of the pitch diameter, taking into account deviations of form (departures from roundness and lack of straightness of the thread axis over the gauge length) and pitch errors, helix variations and errors in the flank angles, which produce an apparent enlargement of the pitch diameter (virtual pitch diameter). In addition, this gauge checks whether the length of the straight flank is adequate, i.e. that the rounding at the root of the profile does not encroach too far upon the flank of the thread.

This gauge shows the maximum material limit.

Checking with the threaded GO ring gauge is essentially in accordance with the Taylor principle (see ISO 1502 1978 subclause 7.1.1).

#### **4.1.1.2** Control

The solid threaded GO ring gauge manufactured according to the prescribed sizes shall be checked using the threaded GO and NOT GO check plugs and should be controlled regularly with the wear check plug.

If the NOT GO check plug is not used, other provisions shall be made so as to ensure that the maximum size of the pitch diameter of the threaded GO ring gauge is not exceeded.

#### 4.1.1.3 Use

The threaded GO ring gauge screwed by hand, without excessive force, shall pass over the whole length of the thread. If this is not possible, the thread does not comply with the specifications.

# 4.1.2 Threaded check plugs for new solid threaded GO ring gauge

#### 4.1.2.1 Function

These threaded check plugs (GO and NOT GO) are used to check the limits of the pitch diameter of the new solid threaded GO ring gauge.

#### 4.1.2.2 Use

The threaded GO check plug screwed by hand, without excessive force, shall pass through the new solid threaded GO ring gauge.

The threaded NOT GO check plug screwed by hand, without excessive force, may enter into both ends of the new solid threaded GO ring gauge, but not more than one turn of thread. 1)

### 4.1.3 Wear check plug for solid threaded GO ring gauge

#### 4.1.3.1 Function

The wear check plug is used to ascertain that the pitch diameter of the threaded GO ring gauge has not exceeded the wear limit. It embodies the pitch diameter of the threaded GO ring gauge at the prescribed limit of wear.

#### 4.1.3.2 Use

The wear check plug screwed by hand, without excessive force, may enter into both ends of the threaded GO ring gauge, but not more than one turn of thread. 1)

If it can be screwed in more than one turn of thread, the threaded GO ring gauge no longer meets the specifications.

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# 4.1.4 Solid threaded NOT GO ring gauge

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The threaded NOT GO ring gauge is intended to check whether the actual pitch diameter exceeds the specified minimum size. The checking with the threaded NOT GO ring gauge does not correspond to the Taylor principle when checking rigid machined pieces. In cases of non-rigid machined pieces, the departure from the Taylor principle is of less importance because of the flexibility of the pieces.

#### 4.1.4.2 Control

The solid threaded NOT GO ring gauge manufactured according to the prescribed sizes shall be checked using the threaded GO and NOT GO check plugs and should be controlled regularly with the wear check plug.

If the NOT GO check plug is not used, other provisions shall be made to ensure that the maximum limit of the pitch diameter of the new threaded NOT GO ring gauge is not exceeded.

#### 4.1.4.3 Use

The threaded NOT GO ring gauge, screwed by hand without excessive force onto the thread, may be screwed on both sides but not more than two turns of thread. 1)

<sup>1)</sup> The number of turns of thread is determined when unscrewing the plug or ring gauge.

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If the gauge can be screwed more than two turns of thread, the thread does not comply with the specifications.

The threaded NOT GO ring gauge shall not pass completely over a threaded part having a length of three threads or less.

### 4.1.5 Threaded check plugs for new solid threaded NOT GO ring gauge

#### 4.1.5.1 Function

The check plugs (GO and NOT GO) are used to check the pitch diameter limits of the new solid threaded NOT GO ring gauge. The threaded GO check plug makes sure that the clearance diameter of the new solid threaded NOT GO ring gauge is not too small.

If a wear check plug for the threaded NOT GO ring gauge is provided, the NOT GO check plug may be dispensed with.

#### 4.1.5.2 Use

The threaded GO check plug screwed by hand, without excessive force, shall pass through the corresponding new solid threaded NOT GO ring gauge.

iTeh STANDA The NOT GO check plug gauge screwed by hand, without excessive force, may enter the new solid threaded NOT GO ring ( gauge at both ends, but not more than one turn of thread.1)

# 4.2 Gauges for internal threads

#### 4.2.1 Threaded GO plug gauge

## 4.2.1.1 Function

The threaded GO plug gauge checks the virtual size of the internal thread on the GO side (gauging the virtual pitch diameter). This is effected by checking the minimum limit of the pitch diameter, taking into account pitch errors, errors in the flank angles, helix variations and deviations of form (departures from roundness and lack of straightness of the thread axis over the gauge length) which produce an apparent reduction of the pitch diameter (virtual pitch diameter). In addition, it checks the minimum limit of the major diameter and also whether the length of straight flank is sufficient, i.e. that the rounding at the root of the profile does not encroach too far upon the flank of the thread.

This gauge shows the maximum material limit.

Checking with the threaded GO plug gauges is essentially in accordance with the Taylor principle (see ISO 1502: 1978, subclause 7.2.1).

#### 4.2.1.2 Control

The threaded GO plug gauge should be checked regularly for

The wear of the threaded GO plug gauge is found by measuring.

#### 4.1.6 Wear check plug for solid threaded NOTaGO ring dards/size 27.26670 f72a-4192-8f4ead7f9fc5a535/sist-en-isogauge

# 4.1.6.1 Function

The wear check plug checks whether the pitch diameter of the threaded NOT GO ring gauge has exceeded the wear limit. It embodies the pitch diameter of the threaded NOT GO ring gauge at the prescribed limit of wear.

If a NOT GO check plug for the threaded NOT GO ring gauge is provided, the wear check plug may be dispensed with.

# 4.1.6.2 Use

The wear check plug screwed by hand, without excessive force, may enter into both ends of the threaded NOT GO ring gauge, but not more than one turn of thread. 1)

If it can be screwed in more than one turn of thread, the threaded NOT GO ring gauge no longer meets the specifications. 1)

The threaded GO plug gauge screwed by hand, without excessive force, shall pass through the whole length of the thread. If this is not possible, the thread does not comply with the specifications.

#### 4.2.2 Threaded NOT GO plug gauge

## 4.2.2.1 Function

The threaded NOT GO plug gauge checks whether the actual pitch diameter exceeds the specified maximum size.

The threaded NOT GO plug gauge checks approximately according to the Taylor principle (see ISO 1502: 1978, subclause 7.2.2).

#### 4.2.2.2 Control

The threaded NOT GO plug gauge shall be checked regularly for wear.

The number of turns of thread is determined when unscrewing the plug or ring gauge.