INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



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Plastics — Polybutene (PB) moulding and extrusion materials —

Part 2: iTeh Spreparation of test specimens and (determination of properties

ISO 8986-2:1995

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting.

International Standard ISO 8986-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 9, *Thermoplastic materials*. ISO 8986-2:1995

ISO 8986 consists of the Ifollowingarbaits, ai/undeg/stheargeneral84title9-48a1-4a2a-8bab-Plastics — Polybutene (PB) moulding and extrusion materials:8986-2-1995

- Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications
- Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

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International Organization for Standardization

Plastics — Polybutene (PB) moulding and extrusion materials —

Part 2:

Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

1 Scope

2 Normative references iTeh STANDARD_PREVIEW

This part of ISO 8986 specifies the methods of preparation of test specimens and the test methods to be used in determining the properties of PB mouding and extrusion materials. Requirements for handling test material and for conditioning both the test material before moulding and the specimens before testing are given here.

Procedures and conditions for the preparation of test specimens and procedures for measuring properties of the materials from which these specimens are made are given. Properties and test methods which are suitable and necessary to characterize PB moulding and extrusion materials are listed.

The properties have been selected from the general test methods in ISO 10350. Other test methods in wide use for or of particular significance to these moulding and extrusion materials are also included in this part of ISO 8986, as are the designatory properties specified in part 1.

In order to obtain reproducible and comparable test results, it is necessary to use the methods of specimen preparation and conditioning, the specimen dimensions and the test procedures specified herein. Values determined will not necessarily be identical to those obtained using specimens of different dimensions or prepared using different procedures.

STANDARD PREVIEW The following standards contain provisions which, (standards.ithrough reference in this text, constitute provisions

> 6-2:19 editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject inds/sisto revision, and parties, to agreements based on this 0-898 (part of ISO 8986 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

of this part of ISO 8986. At the time of publication, the

ISO 62:1980, *Plastics* — *Determination of water absorption*.

ISO 75-1:1993, *Plastics* — Determination of temperature of deflection under load — Part 1: General test method.

ISO 75-2:1993, *Plastics* — Determination of temperature of deflection under load — Part 2: Plastics and ebonite.

ISO 178:1993, *Plastics* — *Determination of flexural properties*.

ISO 179:1993, *Plastics — Determination of Charpy impact strength.*

ISO 291:1977, *Plastics — Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing.*

ISO 293:1986, *Plastics* — *Compression moulding test specimens of thermoplastic materials.*

ISO 527-1:1993, *Plastics* — Determination of tensile properties — Part 1: General principles.

ISO 527-2:1993, *Plastics* — Determination of tensile properties — Part 2: Test conditions for moulding and extrusion plastics.

ISO 527-4:—¹⁾, *Plastics* — *Determination of tensile* properties — *Part 4: Test conditions for isotropic and orthotropic fibre-reinforced plastic composites.*

ISO 899-1:1993, *Plastics* — Determination of creep behaviour — Part 1: Tensile creep.

ISO 1133:1991, *Plastics* — *Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and the melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics.*

ISO 1183:1987, *Plastics* — *Methods for determining the density and relative density of non-cellular plastics.*

ISO 1210:1992, *Plastics* — Determination of the burning behaviour of horizontal and vertical specimens in contact with a small-flame ignition source

IEC 93:1980, Methods of test for volume resistivity and surface resistivity of solid electrical insulating materials.

IEC 112:1979, Method for determining the comparative and the proof tracking indices of solid insulating materials under moist conditions.

IEC 243-1:1988, Methods of test for electric strength of solid insulating materials - Part 1: Tests at power frequencies.

IEC 250:1969, Recommended methods for the determination of the permittivity and dielectric dissipation factor of electrical insulating materials at power, audio and radio frequencies including metre wavelengths.

IEC 296:1982, Specification for unused mineral insulating oils for transformers and switchgear.

IEC 1006:1991, Methods of test for the determination of the glass transition temperature of electrical insulating materials.

in contact with a small-flame ignition source, TANDA of plastics. ISO 1628-3:1991, Plastics — Determination of vis-

cosity number and limiting viscosity number **ICLANTIO 3350-93**, Specification for polyethylene plas-Part 3: Polyethylenes and polypropylenes. tics pipe and fitting materials. ISO 8986-2:1995

ISO 2818:1994, *Plastics* — *Preparation* of stest.speciog/standards/sist/aa84e909-48a1-4a2a-8babmens by machining. 5fae21701efd/iso-8986-2-1995

ISO 3146:1985, Plastics — Determination of melting behaviour (melting temperature or melting range) of semi-crystalline polymers.

ISO 3167:1993, *Plastics — Multipurpose test specimens.*

ISO 4589-2:—¹⁾, *Plastics* — Determination of burning behaviour by oxygen index — Part 2: Ambient-temperature test.

ISO 8256:1990, *Plastics* — *Determination of tensile-impact strength.*

ISO 8986-1:1993, *Plastics* — *Polybutene (PB) moulding and extrusion materials* — *Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications.*

ISO 10350:1993, *Plastics — Acquisition and presentation of comparable single-point data.*

3 Preparation of test specimens

The test specimens shall be prepared by compression moulding.

It is essential that the specimens are always prepared by the same procedure using the same processing conditions.

The material shall be kept in moisture-proof containers until it is required for use.

Moisture content of filled or reinforced materials shall be expressed as a percentage of the total mass of the compound.

3.1 Treatment of the material before moulding

Before processing, no pretreatment of the material sample is normally necessary.

¹⁾ To be published.

3.2 Compression moulding

Compression-moulded sheets shall be prepared in accordance with ISO 293, using the conditions specified in table 1.

The test specimens required for the determination of the properties shall be machined from the compression-moulded sheets in accordance with ISO 2818 or stamped.

A type 1 (frame) mould has to be used, but it is necessary to start cooling whilst simultaneously applying the full pressure. This avoids the melt being pressed out of the frame and avoids sink marks.

Conditioning of test specimens 4

Test specimens shall be conditioned in accordance with ISO 291 for at least 10 days at 23 °C ± 2 °C and (50 ± 5) % relative humidity.

NOTE 1 The use of accelerated conditioning is allowed if it can be demonstrated that the test results are reproducible

and equivalent to those obtained on specimens aged for 10 days.

Determination of properties 5

In the determination of properties and the presentation of data, the standards, supplementary instructions and notes given in ISO 10350 shall be applied. All tests shall be carried out in the standard atmosphere of 23 °C \pm 2 °C and (50 \pm 5) % relative humidity unless specifically stated otherwise in tables 2 and 3.

Table 2 is compiled from ISO 10350, and the properties listed are those which are appropriate to polybutene (PB) moulding and extrusion materials. These properties are those considered useful for comparisons of data generated for different thermoplastics.

Table 3 contains those properties, not found specifically in table 2, which are in wide use or of particular significance in the practical characterization of polybutene (PB) moulding and extrusion materials.

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Material	Moulding temperature	Average cooling rate	Demoulding temperature	Full pressure	Full- pressure time	Preheating pressure	Preheating time
	°C	°C/min	°C	MPa	min	MPa	min
All grades	200	30	30 ± 5	5	5 <u>+</u> 1	Contact	5 to 15

ISO 8986-2:1995

Table 1 — Conditions for compression moulding of test specimens								
Material	Moulding temperature	Average cooling rate	Demoulding temperature	Full pressure	Full- pressure time	Preheating pressure	Preheating time	
	°C	°C/min	°C	MPa	min	MPa	min	
All grades	200	30	30 ± 5	5	5 ± 1	Contact	5 to 15	

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Property	Unit	Standard	Specimen type (dimensions in mm)	Specimen prep- aration ¹⁾	Test conditions and supplementary instructions
Rheological properties			1	I	
Melt mass-flow rate	g/10 min	1			See conditions given in part 1 of this
Melt volume-flow rate	cm ³ /10 min	> ISO 1133	Moulding compound	-	See conditions given in part 1 of this International Standard
Mechanical properties	L	L	I	1	
Tensile modulus	MPa	h			Test speed 1 mm/min
Yield stress	MPa				Test speed 50 mm/min
Yield strain	%				Test speed 50 mm/min
Nominal strain at break	%	ISO 527-1, SO 527-2,	See ISO 3167	٩	Test speed 50 mm/min
Stress at 50 % strain	MPa	ISO 527-4			Test speed 50 mm/min
Stress at break	MPa				
Strain at break	%	[]			Test speed 5 mm/min. Only to be quoted if strain at break is < 10 %
Tensile creep modulus	MPa	ISO 899-1	See ISO 3167	٥	At 1 h
				ŭ	At 1 000 h Strain ≤ 0,5 %
Flexural modulus	MPa 掌				Test speed 2 mm/min
Charpy impact strength	kJ/m ²		ANDARD PF		
Charpy notched impact strength	kJ/m ²		and ard stiteh	ai	Method 1eU (edgewise impact) Method 1eA (edgewise impact)
Tensile notched impact strength	kJ/m² https://	ISO 8256 standards.iteh.ai 51	V-notch, ISO80540541995 (catalogdoubledvinotch,t/aa84e	0 909-48a1-4 95	Only to be quoted if fracture cannot be a obtained with notched Charpy test
Thermal properties	,				
Melting temperature	°C	ISO 3146	Moulding compound		Method C (DSC or DTA). Use 10 °C/mi
Glass transition temperature	°C	IEC 1006	Moulding compound		Method A (DSC or DTA). Use 20 °C/mi
Temperature of deflection under oad	°C	ISO 75-1, ISO 75-2	$110 \times 10 \times 4$ edgewise or 80 × 10 × 4 flatwise	Q	0,45 MPa and 1,8 MPa
Coefficient of linear thermal ex- pansion	°C-1	TMA (see ISO 10350)	Prepared from ISO 3167	Q	Parallel Quote the secant value over the temperature Normal range 23 °C to 55 °C
Flammability	mm/min	ISO 1210	125 × 13 × 3	۵	Method A — linear burning rate of hori-
gnitability	%	ISO 4589-2	80 × 10 × 4	Q	zontal specimens Procedure A — top surface ignition
Electrical properties					
Relative permittivity)			E
Dissipation factor			≥ 80 × ≥ 80 × 1	Q	Frequency 100 Hz and 1 MHz (compen- sate for electrode edge effect)
/olume resistivity	Ω·m				
Surface resistivity	Ω	> IEC 93	≥ 80 × ≥ 80 × 1	٥	Voltage 100 V
Electric strength	kV/mm	IEC 243-1	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \ge 80 \times \ge 80 \times 1\\ \ge 80 \times \ge 80 \times 3\end{array}\right\}$	Q	Use 25 mm/75 mm coaxial-cylinder electrode configuration. Immerse in IEC 296 transformer oil. Use short time (rapid rise) test

 $\geqslant 15 \times \ \geqslant 15 \times 4$

IEC 112

Use solution A

Ω

Table 2 — General properties and test conditions	(selected from ISO 10350)
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1) See next page.

Comparative tracking index

Property	Unit	Standard	Specimen type (dimensions in mm)	Specimen prep- aration ¹⁾	Test conditions and supplementary instructions
Other properties					
Water absorption	%	ISO 62	$50 \times 50 \times 3$ or ϕ 50 × 3 disc	Q	24 h immersion in water at 23 °C
Density	kg/m³	ISO 1183		Q	Test specimen to be taken from compression-moulded sheet prepared as in 3.2
1) $\Omega = $ Compression moulding	I			I	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Table 3 — Additional properties and test conditions of particular utility to PB moulding and extrusion materials

Unit	Standard	Specimen type (dimensions in mm)	Specimen prep- aration ¹⁾	Test conditions and supplementary instructions
i MPah	STAND A	RD PREVI	EW	
%	(standar	ds.iteh.ai)	۵	Test speed 500 mm/min
%				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
tps://standard	s.iteh.ai/catalog/stan	dards/sist/aa84e909-48a1-4	a2a-8bab-	
ml/g	ISO 1628-3	Moulding compound	—	
min	ASTM D 3350 (thermal-stability test)	Moulding compound	_	Test temperature 220 °C
	i MRah % tps://standard ml/g	i MPah % % tps://spadards.iteh.ai/catalog/stan 5fae21701efd ml/g ISO 1628-3 min ASTM D 3350 (thermal-stability	Onit Standard (dimensions in mm) impeh STANDARD PREVI % (standards.iteh.ai) % (standards.iteh.ai) % ISO 8286-2:1995 tps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/stanlards/sist/aa84e909-48a1-4 5fae21701efd iso-8986-2-1995 ml/g ISO 1628-3 Moulding compound min ASTM D 3350 Moulding compound	Unit Standard Specimen type (dimensions in mm) prep- aration 1) Impeh STANDARD PREVIEW % (standards.iteh.ai) ASTM D 638 0 % ISO 8986-2:1995 0 % ISO 8986-2:1995 422-8bab- 5fae21701efd iso-8986-2-1995 min ASTM D 3350 (thermal-stability Moulding compound —

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