



SLOVENSKI STANDARD
SIST EN 61996-1:2008
01-november-2008

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Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems - Shipborne voyage data recorder (VDR) - Part 1: Voyage data recorder (VDR) - Performance requirements - Methods of testing and required test results (IEC 61996-1:2007)

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Navigations- und Funkkommunikationsgeräte und -systeme für die Seeschifffahrt - Fahrtdatenaufzeichnungsgeräte (VDR) auf Seeschiffen - Teil 1: Fahrtdatenaufzeichnungsgerät (VDR) - Leistungsanforderungen, Prüfverfahren und geforderte Prüfergebnisse (IEC 61996-1:2007)

Matériels et systèmes de navigation et de radiocommunication maritimes - Enregistreurs des données du voyage (VDR) de bord - Partie 1: Enregistreur des données du voyage (VDR) - Exigences de fonctionnement, méthodes d'essai et résultats d'essai exigés (CEI 61996-1:2007)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 61996-1:2008

ICS:

47.020.70	Navigacijska in krmilna oprema	Navigation and control equipment
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SIST EN 61996-1:2008 en

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EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 61996-1

July 2008

ICS 47.020.70

Supersedes EN 61996:2000

English version

**Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems -
Shipborne voyage data recorder (VDR) -
Part 1: Voyage data recorder (VDR) -
Performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results
(IEC 61996-1:2007)**

Matériels et systèmes de navigation
et de radiocommunication maritimes -
Enregistreurs des données du voyage
(VDR) de bord -
Partie 1: Enregistreur des données
du voyage (VDR) -
Exigences de fonctionnement, méthodes
d'essai et résultats d'essai exigés
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Navigations-
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(VDR) -
Leistungsanforderungen, Prüfverfahren
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This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2008-06-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in two official versions (English, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 80/470/CDV, future edition 1 of IEC 61996-1, prepared by TC 80, Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC Parallel Unique Acceptance Procedure and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61996-1 on 2008-06-01.

This European Standard supersedes EN 61996:2000.

A new requirement has been added to 4.3.5 for an interface to be used for downloading the stored data to an external computer. This is defined in Annex C which is derived from amendments published by the IMO in resolution MSC.214(81). An optional LAN interface for connection to radar has been added in 5.8. Some corrections to the text have also been made. Subclause 4.3.5 (Assessment of final recording medium) has been renumbered as 4.3.4.2 and Subclause 4.3.6 (Interfaces) has been renumbered as 4.3.5.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2009-03-01
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn (dow) 2011-06-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai) Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61996-1:2007 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60936-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60936-1:2000 (not modified).
IEC 60936-3	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60936-3:2002 (not modified).
IEC 62388	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 62388:2008 (not modified).
ISO 8728	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 8728:1998 (not modified).
ISO 11674	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 11674:2001 (not modified).

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60068-2-27	1987	Basic environmental testing procedures - Part 2: Tests - Test Ea and guidance: Shock	EN 60068-2-27	1993
IEC 60268-16	2003	Sound system equipment - Part 16: Objective rating of speech intelligibility by speech transmission index	EN 60268-16	2003
IEC 60945	2002	Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems - General requirements - Methods of testing and required test results	EN 60945	2002
IEC 61097-2	- ¹⁾	Global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS) - Part 2: COSPAS SARSAT EPIRB, Satellite emergency position indicating beacon operating on 406 MHz - Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results	-	-
IEC 61097-7	1996	Global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS) - Part 7: Shipborne VHF radiotelephone transmitter and receiver - Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results	-	-
IEC 61162-1	- ¹⁾	Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems - Digital interfaces - Part 1: Single talker and multiple listeners	EN 61162-1	2008 ²⁾
IEC 61162-2	- ¹⁾	Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems - Digital interfaces - Part 2: Single talker and multiple listeners, high-speed transmission	EN 61162-2	1998 ²⁾
IEC 61260	1995	Electroacoustics - Octave-band and fractional-octave-band filters	EN 61260	1995
IEC 61672-1	2002	Electroacoustics - Sound level meters - Part 1: Specifications	EN 61672-1	2003
IMO Resolution A.658(16)	- ¹⁾	Use and fitting of retro-reflective materials on life-saving appliances	-	-
IMO Resolution A.662(16)	- ¹⁾	Performance standards for float-free release and activation arrangements for emergency radio equipment	-	-

¹⁾ Undated reference.

²⁾ Valid edition at date of issue.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IMO Resolution A.689	1991	Testing of life saving appliances	-	-
IMO Resolution A.694(17)	- ¹⁾	General requirements for shipborne radio equipment forming part of the global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS) and for electronic navigational aids	-	-
IMO Resolution A.810(19)	- ¹⁾	Performance standards for float-free satellite emergency position-indicating radio beacons (EPIRBs) operating on 406 MHz	-	-
IMO Resolution A.830(19)	- ¹⁾	Code on alarms and indicators	-	-
IMO Resolution A.861(20)	- ¹⁾	Performance standards for shipborne voyage data recorders (VDRs)	-	-
IMO Resolution MSC 214(81) Annex 1	- ¹⁾	Amendments to the recommendation on performance standards for shipborne voyage data recorders (VBDRs) (Resolution A.861(20))	-	-
IMO	1974	International convention for the Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS)	-	-
ITU-R M.633-1	1990	Transmission characteristics of a satellite emergency position-indicating radiobeacon (satellite EPIRB) system operating through a low polar-orbiting satellite system in the 406 MHz band	-	-
Eurocae: ED56A Amendment 1	- ¹⁾	Minimum operational performance specification (MOPS) for cockpit voice recorder system	-	-
VESA	1996	Video electronics standards association - Discrete monitor timings standard 1.0, Revision 0.7 (DMTS)	-	-
SAE AS 8045	1988	Engeneering Society for advancing mobility - land sea air and space - Minimum performance standard for underwater locating devices - acoustic-self-powered	-	-



IEC 61996-1

Edition 1.0 2007-11

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems –
Shipborne voyage data recorder (VDR) –
Part 1: Voyage data recorder (VDR) – Performance requirements, methods of
testing and required test results**

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INTERNATIONAL
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PRICE CODE

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**MARITIME NAVIGATION AND RADIOCOMMUNICATION
EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS –
SHIPBORNE VOYAGE DATA RECORDER (VDR) –**

**Part 1: Voyage data recorder (VDR) –
Performance requirements, methods of testing
and required test results**

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 61996-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 80: Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems.

This first edition cancels and replaces IEC 61996 published in 2000 and constitutes a technical revision. A new requirement has been added to 4.3.5 for an interface to be used for downloading the stored data to an external computer. This is defined in Annex C which is derived from amendments published by the IMO in resolution MSC.214(81). An optional LAN interface for connection to radar has been added in 5.8. Some corrections to the text have also been made. Subclause 4.3.5 (Assessment of final recording medium) has been renumbered as 4.3.4.2 and subclause 4.3.6 (Interfaces) has been renumbered as 4.3.5.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
80/470/CDV	80/499/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 61996 series, under the general title *Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Shipborne voyage data recorder (VDR)*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

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MARITIME NAVIGATION AND RADIOCOMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS – SHIPBORNE VOYAGE DATA RECORDER (VDR) –

Part 1: Voyage data recorder (VDR) – Performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61996 specifies the minimum performance requirements, technical characteristics and methods of testing, and required test results, for shipborne voyage data recorder (VDR) installations as required by Chapter V of the International Convention for Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS), as amended. It takes account of IMO resolution A.694(17) and is associated with IEC 60945. When a requirement in this standard is different from IEC 60945, the requirement in this standard takes precedence.

This standard incorporates the applicable parts of the performance standards included in IMO Resolutions A.861(20) and MSC.214(81) Annex 1.

NOTE All text of this standard, whose wording is identical to that of IMO Resolution A.861, is printed in *italics*, and the Resolution and associated performance standard paragraph numbers are indicated in brackets.

2 Normative references

SIST EN 61996-1:2008

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The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-2-27:1987, *Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests – Test Ea and guidance: Shock*

IEC 60268-16:2003, *Sound system equipment – Part 16: Objective rating of speech intelligibility by speech transmission index*

IEC 60945:2002, *Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – General requirements – Methods of testing and required test results*

IEC 61097-2, *Global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS) – Part 2: COSPAS SARTSAT EPIRB – Satellite emergency position indicating radio beacon operating on 406 MHz – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results*

IEC 61097-7:1996, *Global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS) – Part 7: Shipborne VHF radiotelephone transmitter and receiver – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results*

IEC 61162-1, *Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Digital interfaces – Part 1: Single talker and multiple listeners*

IEC 61162-2, *Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Digital interfaces – Part 2: Single talker and multiple listeners, high-speed transmission*

IEC 61260:1995, *Electroacoustics – Octave-band and fractional-octave-band filters*

IEC 61672-1:2002, *Electroacoustics – Sound level meters – Part 1: Specifications*

IMO A.658(16): *Use and fitting of retro-reflective materials on life-saving appliances*

IMO A.662(16): *Performance standards for float-free release and activation arrangements for emergency radio equipment*

IMO A.694(17): *General requirements for shipborne radio equipment forming part of the Global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS) and for electronic navigational aids*

IMO A.810(19): *Performance standards for float-free satellite emergency position-indicating radio beacons (EPIRBs) operating on 406 MHz*

IMO A.830(19): *Code on alarms and indicators*

IMO A.861(20): *Performance standards for shipborne voyage data recorders (VDRs)* IMO A.689:1991, *Testing of life saving appliances*

IMO MSC.214(81): Annex 1: *Amendments to the recommendation on performance standards for shipborne voyage data recorders (VDRs) (Resolution A.861(20))*

IMO:1974, *International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS), as amended*

ITU-R M.633-1:1990, *Transmission characteristics of a satellite emergency position-indicating radiobeacon (satellite EPIRB) system operating through a low polar-orbiting satellite system in the 406 MHz band*

Eurocae: ED56A Amendment 1 – *Minimum operational performance specification (MOPS) for cockpit voice recorder system*

VESA:1996, *Video electronics standards association – Discrete monitor timings standard 1.0, Revision 0.7 (DMTS)*

SAE AS8045:1988, *Engineering Society for advancing mobility land sea air and space – Minimum performance standard for underwater locating devices – acoustic-self-powered*

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

3.1.1

activation of a suitable alarm

mutable audible alarm and persistent visual indication, given according to the requirements of A.830, but with an audible level in the range of 55 dBA – 65 dBA

3.1.2

bridge work station

position at which a person is expected to be when performing one of the normal bridge duties at, for example, the following work stations:

- centre line conning
- bridge wing(s)
- main radar
- chart table
- helmsman
- communication

3.1.3**data**

any item of information received by the VDR for recording, including numerical values, text and audio or radar signals, except where specifically stated or the context dictates otherwise

3.1.4**dedicated reserve power source** (A.861/4.5)

secondary battery, with suitable automatic charging arrangements, dedicated solely to the VDR, of sufficient capacity to operate it as required by 4.5.3

3.1.5**final recording medium** (A.861/4.3)**(FRM)**

item of hardware on which the data is recorded such that access to it would enable the data to be recovered and played back by use of suitable equipment

3.1.6**playback equipment** (A.861/4.4)

equipment, compatible with the recording medium and the format used during recording, employed for recovering the data. It includes also the display or presentation hardware and software that is appropriate to the original data source equipment. Playback equipment is not normally installed on a ship and is not regarded as part of a VDR within this standard

3.1.7**recorder** (A.861/4.1)**(VDR)**

complete system, including any items required to interface with the sources of input data, for processing and encoding the data, the final recording medium in its capsule, the power supply and dedicated reserve power source

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3.1.8**resolution**

smallest detectable increment between two values

3.1.9**sensor** (A.861/4.2)

any unit external to the VDR to which the VDR is connected and from which it obtains data to be recorded

3.2 Abbreviations

ALR	IEC 61162 sentence: Set alarm state
DPT	IEC 61162 sentence: Depth relative to the transducer
DTM	IEC 61162 sentence: Geodetic datum reference
EPFS	Electronic position-fixing system
EUT	Equipment under test
GMDSS	Global maritime distress and safety system
GNS	IEC 61162 sentence: GNSS fix data
GNSS	Global navigation satellite system
HTC	IEC 61162 sentence: Heading/track control command
HTD	IEC 61162 sentence: Heading/track control data
HDG	IEC 61162 sentence: Magnetic compass heading
HDT	IEC 61162 sentence: True heading
IMO	International Maritime Organization