

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 55025:2009

01-januar-2009

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Vozila, plovila in naprave z motorji z notranjim zgorevanjem - Karakteristike občutljivosti za radijske motnje - Mejne vrednosti in metode merjenja za zaščito sprejemnikov na krovu (CISPR 25:2008)

Vehicles, boats and internal combustion engines - Radio disturbance characteristics -Limits and methods of measurement for the protection of on-board receivers

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Fahrzeuge, Boote und von Verbrennungsmotoren angetriebene Geräte -Funkstöreigenschaften - Grenzwerte und Messverfahren für den Schutz von an Bord befindlichen Empfängern

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Véhicules, bateaux et moteurs à combustion interne⁵-2Caractéristiques des perturbations radioélectriques - Limites et méthodes de mesure pour la protection des récepteurs embarqués

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 55025:2008

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Receiving and transmitting equipment Other aspects related to EMC

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Vehicles, boats and internal combustion engines -Radio disturbance characteristics -Limits and methods of measurement for the protection of on-board receivers (CISPR 25:2008)

Véhicules, bateaux et moteurs à combustion interne -Caractéristiques des perturbations radioélectriques -Limites et méthodes de mesure pour la protection des récepteurs embarques (CISPR 25:2008) Fahrzeuge, Boote und von Verbrennungsmotoren angetriebene Geräte -Funkstöreigenschaften -Grenzwerte und Messverfahren für den Schutz von an Bord befindlichen Empfängern (CISPR 25:2008)

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Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

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CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

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Foreword

The text of document CISPR/D/344/CDV, future edition 3 of CISPR 25, prepared by CISPR SC D, Electromagnetic disturbances related to electric/electronic equipment on vehicles and internal combustion engine powered devices, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel Unique Acceptance Procedure and was approved by CENELEC as EN 55025 on 2008-06-01.

This European Standard supersedes EN 55025:2003.

The following significant changes were made with respect to EN 55025:2003:

- addition of required measurements with both an average detector and a peak or quasi-peak detector;
- addition of methods and limits for the protection of new analogue and digital radio services, which cover the frequency range up to 2 500 MHz;
- addition of a new measurement method for components (stripline) as an informative Annex G;
- addition of Annex H;
- deletion of narrowband / broadband determination;
- deletion of the annex on rod antenna characterisation (this is now covered by EN 55016-1-4);
- deletion of the annex on characterisation of shielded enclosure (EN 55025 will be amended when the CISPR/D / CISPR/A Joint Task Force on chamber validation finishes its work).

The following dates were fixed STANDARD PREVIEW

| - | - latest date by which the EN has to be implemented.iteh.ai) at national level by publication of an identical | | |
|---|---|----------------------|--------------------|
| | national standard or by endorsement SIST EN 55025:2009 | (dop) | 2009-03-01 |
| _ | https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/80268214-1 latest date by which the national standards conflicting5025-2009 with the EN have to be withdrawn | b942-4642-a (dow) | 73e- 2011-06-01 |

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard CISPR 25:2008 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

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Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

| Publication | Year | <u>Title</u> | <u>EN/HD</u> | Year |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| IEC 60050-161 A1 A2 | 1990 1997 1998 | International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) - Chapter 161: Electromagnetic compatibility | - | - |
| CISPR 12 | 2007 | Vehicles, boats and internal combustion engines - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement for the protection of off-board receivers | EN 55012 | 2007 |
| CISPR 16-1-1 A1 A2 | 2006 2006 2007 | Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 1-1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus - Measuring apparatus | EN 55016-1-1 A1 A2 | 2007 2007 2008 |
| CISPR 16-1-2 A1 A2 | 2003 2004 2006 https://sta | Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - <u>SIST EN 55025:2009</u> Part 11-2: Radio disturbance and immunity-46- measuring apparatus - Ancillary equipment - Conducted disturbances | EN 55016-1-2 A1 A2 42-a73e- | 2004 2005 2006 |
| CISPR 16-1-4 A1 | 2007 2007 | Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 1-4: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus - Ancillary equipment - Radiated disturbances | EN 55016-1-4 A1 | 2007 2008 |
| CISPR 16-2-3 | 2006 | Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 2-3: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity - Radiated disturbance measurements | EN 55016-2-3 | 2006 |
| ISO 11452-4 | 2005 | Road vehicles - Component test methods for electrical disturbances from narrowband radiated electromagnetic energy - Part 4: Bulk current injection (BCI) | - | - |
| SAE ARP 958.1 | 2003 | Electromagnetic Interference Measurement Antennas; Standard Calibration Method | - | - |

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NORME INTERNATIONALE

INTERNATIONAL SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON RADIO INTERFERENCE COMITÉ INTERNATIONAL SPÉCIAL DES PERTURBATIONS RADIOÉLECTRIQUES

Vehicles, boats and internal combustion engines E Radio disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement for the protection of on-board receivers

SIST EN 55025:2009

Véhicules, bateaux et moteurs à combustion interne - Caractéristiques des perturbations radioélectriques - Limites et méthodes de mesure pour la protection des récepteurs embarqués

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

INTERNATIONAL SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON RADIO INTERFERENCE

VEHICLES, BOATS AND INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES – RADIO DISTURBANCE CHARACTERISTICS – LIMITS AND METHODS OF MEASUREMENT FOR THE PROTECTION OF ON-BOARD RECEIVERS

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committee; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard CISPR 25 has been prepared by CISPR subcommittee D: Electromagnetic disturbances related to electric/electronic equipment on vehicles and internal combustion engine powered devices.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2002. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

The following significant changes were made with respect to the previous edition:

- addition of required measurements with both an average detector and a peak or quasipeak detector;
- addition of methods and limits for the protection of new analogue and digital radio services, which cover the frequency range up to 2 500 MHz;
- addition of a new measurement method for components (stripline) as an informative Annex G;

- addition of the contents of CISPR 21 as Annex H; CISPR 21 in its entirety now becomes obsolete.
- deletion of narrowband / broadband determination;
- deletion of the Annex on rod antenna characterisation (this is now covered by CISPR 16-1-4);
- deletion of the Annex on characterisation of shielded enclosure (CISPR 25 will be amended when the CISPR/D / CISPR/A Joint Task Force on chamber validation finishes its work).

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

| Enquiry draft | Report on voting |
|-----------------|------------------|
| CISPR/D/344/CDV | CISPR/D/352/RVC |

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above Table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- (standards.iteh.ai)
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

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INTRODUCTION

This International Standard is designed to protect on-board receivers from disturbances produced by conducted and radiated emissions arising in a vehicle.

Test procedures and limits given are intended to provide provisional control of vehicle radiated emissions, as well as component/module conducted/radiated emissions of long and short duration.

To accomplish this end, this standard:

- establishes a test method for measuring the electromagnetic emissions from the electrical system of a vehicle;
- sets limits for the electromagnetic emissions from the electrical system of a vehicle;
- establishes test methods for testing on-board components and modules independent from the vehicle;
- sets limits for electromagnetic emissions from components to prevent objectionable disturbance to on-board receivers;
- classifies automotive components by disturbance duration to establish a range of limits.

NOTE Component tests are not intended to replace vehicle tests. Exact correlation between component and vehicle test performance is dependent on component mounting location, harness length, routing and grounding, as well as antenna location. Component testing, however, permits components to be evaluated prior to actual vehicle availability.

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VEHICLES, BOATS AND INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES – RADIO DISTURBANCE CHARACTERISTICS – LIMITS AND METHODS OF MEASUREMENT FOR THE PROTECTION OF ON-BOARD RECEIVERS

1 Scope

This International Standard contains limits and procedures for the measurement of radio disturbances in the frequency range of 150 kHz to 2 500 MHz. The standard applies to any electronic/electrical component intended for use in vehicles, trailers and devices. Refer to International Telecommunications Union (ITU) publications for details of frequency allocations. The limits are intended to provide protection for receivers installed in a vehicle from disturbances produced by components/modules in the same vehicle. The method and limits for a complete vehicle are in Clause 5 and the methods and limits for components/modules are in Clause 6. Only a complete vehicle test can be used to determine the component compatibility with respect to a vehicle's limit.

The receiver types to be protected are, for example, broadcast receivers (sound and television), land mobile radio, radio telephone, amateur, citizens' radio, Satellite Navigation (GPS, etc.) and Bluetooth. For the purpose of this standard, a vehicle is a machine, which is self-propelled. Vehicles include (but are not limited to) passenger cars, trucks, agricultural tractors and snowmobiles. Annex A provides guidance in determining whether this standard is applicable to particular equipment tandards.iteh.ai)

The limits in this standard are recommended and subject to modification as agreed between the vehicle manufacturer and the component supplier. This standard is also intended to be applied by manufacturers and suppliers of components and equipment which are to be added and connected to the vehicle harness or to an on-board power connector after delivery of the vehicle.

This International Standard does not include protection of electronic control systems from radio frequency (RF) emissions, or from transient or pulse-type voltage fluctuations. These subjects are included in ISO publications.

Since the mounting location, vehicle body construction and harness design can affect the coupling of radio disturbances to the on-board radio, Clause 6 of this standard defines multiple limit levels. The level class to be used (as a function of frequency band) is agreed upon between the vehicle manufacturer and the component supplier.

CISPR 25 defines test methods for use by vehicle manufacturers and suppliers, to assist in the design of vehicles and components and ensure controlled levels of on-board radio frequency emissions.

Vehicle test limits are provided for guidance and are based on a typical radio receiver using the antenna provided as part of the vehicle, or a test antenna if a unique antenna is not specified. The frequency bands that are defined are not applicable to all regions or countries of the world. For economic reasons, the vehicle manufacturer must be free to identify what frequency bands are applicable in the countries in which a vehicle will be marketed and which radio services are likely to be used in that vehicle.

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As an example, many vehicle models will probably not have a television receiver installed; yet the television bands occupy a significant portion of the radio spectrum. Testing and mitigating noise sources in such vehicles is not economically justified.

The vehicle manufacturer should define the countries in which the vehicle is to be marketed, then choose the applicable frequency bands and limits. Component test parameters can then be selected from CISPR 25 to support the chosen marketing plan.

The World Administrative Radio communications Conference (WARC) lower frequency limit in region 1 was reduced to 148,5 kHz in 1979. For vehicular purposes, tests at 150 kHz are considered adequate. For the purposes of this standard, test frequency ranges have been generalized to cover radio services in various parts of the world. Protection of radio reception at adjacent frequencies can be expected in most cases.

Annex H defines a qualitative method of judging the degradation of radio communication in the presence of impulsive noise.

Annex I lists work being considered for future revisions.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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IEC 60050-161:1990, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Chapter 161: Electromagnetic compatibility Amendment 1:1997 Amendment 2:1998 Mendment 2:1998 Mendment 2:1998 Amendment 2:1998 Amendmendment 2:1998 Amendmendmendmendmendmendmendment 2:199

CISPR 12:2007, Vehicles, motorboats, and internal combustion engine-driven devices – Radio disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement for the protection of receivers except those installed in the vehicle/boat/device itself or in adjacent vehicles/boats/devices.

CISPR 16-1-1:2006, Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 1-1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus – Measuring apparatus Amendment 1:2006 Amendment 2:2007

CISPR 16-1-2:2003, Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 1-2: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus – Ancillary equipment – Conducted disturbances Amendment 1:2004 Amendment 2:2006

CISPR 16-1-4:2007, Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 1-4: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus – Ancillary equipment – Radiated disturbances Amendment 1:2007

CISPR 16-2-3:2006, Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 2-3: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity – Radiated disturbance measurements