

## SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 62264-1:2008

01-junij-2008

# Integracija sistemov za upravljanje podjetij - 1. del: Modeli in terminologija (IEC 62264-1:2003)

Enterprise-control system integration - Part 1: Models and terminology

Integration von Unternehmensführungs und Leitsystemen - Teil 1: Modelle und Terminologie

### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Intégration des systemes entreprise-contrôle - Partie 1: Modeles et terminologie

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten Z: EN 62264-1-2008 https://standards.ten.avcatalog/standards/sist/3668e/1a-1984-473b-82b0-

66d0b6f228ff/sist-en-62264-1-2008

### <u>ICS:</u>

25.040.01	Sistemi za avtomatizacijo v industriji na splošno	Industrial automation systems in general
35.240.50	Uporabniške rešitve IT v industriji	IT applications in industry

SIST EN 62264-1:2008

en,fr,de

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# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

### EN 62264-1

January 2008

ICS 25.040; 35.240.50

English version

### Enterprise-control system integration -Part 1: Models and terminology

(IEC 62264-1:2003)

Intégration des systèmes entreprise-contrôle -Partie 1: Modèles et terminologie (CEI 62264-1:2003)

Integration von Unternehmensführungsund Leitsystemen -Teil 1: Modelle und Terminologie (IEC 62264-1:2003)

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Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning, such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member. fa-f984-473b-82b0-

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

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#### Foreword

The text of the International Standard IEC 62264-1:2003, prepared by SC 65A, System aspects, of IEC TC 65, Industrial-process measurement, control and automation, and ISO TC 184/SC 5/JWG 15, Enterprise-control system integration, was submitted to the Unique Acceptance Procedure and was approved by CENELEC as EN 62264-1 on 2007-12-01 without any modification.

The following dates were fixed:

-	latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2008-12-01
-	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2010-12-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

### **Endorsement notice**

The text of the International Standard IEC 62264-1:2003 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

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### Annex ZA

### (normative)

# Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

Publication IEC 61512-1	<u>Year</u> 1997	<u>Title</u> Batch control - Part 1: Models and terminology	<u>EN/HD</u> EN 61512-1	<u>Year</u> 1999
ISO 10303-1	1994	Industrial automation systems and integration - Product data representation and exchange - Part 1: Overview and fundamental principles	ENV ISO 10303-1	1995
ISO 15531-1	2004	Industrial automation systems and integration - Industrial manufacturing management data - Part 1: General ARD PREVIE	-	-
ISO 15704	2000	Industrial automation systems - ai Requirements for enterprise-reference architectures and methodologies SIST EN 62264-1:2008	-	-
ISO/IEC 19501	http <b>2905</b> and		3b-82b0-	-

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# NORME **INTERNATIONALE** INTERNATIONAL **STANDARD**

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Première édition First edition 2003-03

Intégration des systèmes entreprise-contrôle –

Partie 1: Modèles et terminologie

### Enterprise-control system integration – (standards.iteh.ai) Part 1:

Models and terminology Models and terminology https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/560

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### CONTENTS

FO	REWO	DRD	9
INT	ROD	JCTION	13
1	Scop	)e	17
2	Norn	native references	17
3	Tern	ns and definitions	19
4	Ente	rprise-control system integration overview	25
	4.1	Introduction	
	4.2	Criteria for inclusion in manufacturing operations and control domain	
5	Hiera	archy models	29
	5.1	Hierarchy model introduction	29
	5.2	Scheduling and control hierarchy	29
	5.3	Equipment hierarchy	39
	5.4	Decision hierarchy	
6	Fund	tional data flow model	45
	6.1	Functional data flow model contents	45
	6.2	Functional data flow model notation	
	6.3	Functional enterprise-control model	47
	6.4	Functions ITeh STANDARD PREVIEW	
_	6.5	Information flows (standards.iteh.ai)	63
7			
	7.1	Model explanation	73
	7.2	Categories of /informational/actalog/standards/sist/5668e7fa-084-473b-82b0	
	7.3	Object model structure 66d0b6f228ff/sist-ep-62264-1-2008	
	7.4	Object model extensibility	
	7.5 7.6	Resources and views Production capability information	
	7.0 7.7	Product definition information	
	7.8	Product deminion mormation	
	7.9	Model cross-reference	-
8		pleteness, compliance and conformance	
•	8.1	Completeness	
	8.2	Compliance	
	8.3	Conformance	
		(informative) IEC 62264 relationship with some other standardization work in facturing related area	153
Anr	nex B	(informative) Business drivers and key performance indicators	165
Anr	nex C	(informative) Discussion on models	181
		(informative) Selected elements of the Purdue Reference Model	
		(informative) PRM correlation to MESA International	
		d IEC 62264 models	285
Anr	nex F	(informative) Systems, resources, capability, capacity and time	291
Bib	liogra	phy	305

Figure 1 – Outline of models in the standard	27
Figure 2 – Enterprise-control system interface	29
Figure 3 – Functional hierarchy	31
Figure 4 – Equipment hierarchy	39
Figure 5 – Functional enterprise/control model	49
Figure 6 – Areas of information exchange	75
Figure 7 – Production capability information	77
Figure 8 – Process segment capabilities	79
Figure 9 – Production information definition	81
Figure 10 – Example of process segments	85
Figure 11 – Possible information overlaps	85
Figure 12 – Production information	87
Figure 13 – Segment relationships	89
Figure 14 – Personnel model	93
Figure 15 – Equipment model	97
Figure 16 – Material model	103
Figure 17 – Process segment model	
Figure 18 – Production Capability modeNDARD PREVIEW	
Figure 19 – Process segment capability model s.iteh.ai)	117
Figure 20 – Current and future capacities	119
Figure 21 – Product definition model. <u>SIST EN 62264-1:2008</u>	121
Figure 22 – Production schedule model model 6600b6f228ff/sist-en-62264-1-2008	127
Figure 23 – Production performance model	137
Figure 24 – Object model inter-relations	145
Figure B.1 – Multiple business and production processes	167
Figure C.1 – Scope for Purdue Reference Model (PRM) for manufacturing	187
Figure D.1 – Assumed hierarchical computer control structure for a large manufacturing complex	191
Figure D.2 – Assumed hierarchical computer control system structure for an industrial plant	193
Figure D.3 – Assumed hierarchical computer control structure for an industrial company to show Level 5 and its relationship to Level 4	195
Figure D.4 – Definition of the real tasks of the hierarchical computer control system (as modified)	203
Figure D.5 – Hierarchy arrangement of the steel plant control to show relationship of hierarchy to plant structure	215
Figure D.6 – Hierarchy arrangement of the steel plant control system as studied for energy optimization	215
Figure D.7 – Hierarchy arrangement of the paper-mill control to show relationship of hierarchy to plant structure	217
Figure D.8 – The hierarchy control scheme as applied to a petrochemical plant	217
Figure D.9 – The hierarchy control scheme as applied to a pharmaceuticals plant	219
Figure D.10 – Computer-integrated manufacturing system (CIMS) (Cincinnati-Milicron proposal)	219

Figure D.11 – Relationship of the several classes of functional entities which comprise the CIM reference model and computer-integrated manufacturing itself	235
Figure D.12 – Major external influences as used in the data-flow model	235
Figure D.13 – Requirements interfacing of corporate management and staff functional entities to the factory	237
Figure D.14 – Report interfacing to corporate management and staff functional entities from the factory	237
Figure D.15 – Interface of government regulations, etc., to the factory	239
Figure D.16 – 0.0 facility model	241
Figure D.17 – 1.0 order processing	243
Figure D.18 – 2.0 production scheduling	245
Figure D.19 – 3.0 production control	247
Figure D.20 – 3.1 process support engineering	249
Figure D.21 – 3.2 maintenance	251
Figure D.22 – 3.3 operations control	253
Figure D.23 – 4.0 materials and energy control	255
Figure D.24 – 5.0 procurement	257
Figure D.25 – 6.0 quality assurance	259
Figure D.26 – 7.0 product inventory	261
Figure D.27 – 8.0 cost accounting	263
Figure D.26 – 7.0 product inventory ANDARD PREVIEW Figure D.27 – 8.0 cost accounting. Figure D.28 – 9.0 product shipping administration itch.ai)	265
Figure F.1 – Production or manufacturing system	
Figure F.2 – IDEFO actigram https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/5668e7få-1984-473b-82b0- 66d0b6f228ff/sist-en-62264-1-2008	297
Table 1 – Yourdon notation used	
Table 2 – UML notation used	91
Table 3 – Model cross-reference	147
Table D.1 – Generic list of duties of all integrated information and automation systems	199
Table D.2 – An overall plant automation system provides	199
Table D.3 – Notes regarding optimization (improvement) of manufacturing efficiency	201
Table D.4 – Summary of duties of control computer systems	201
Table D.5 – Potential factors for facilitating integrated control system        development and use	205
Table D.6 – Required tasks of the intra-company management information system(Level 4B of Figure D.1 or Figure D.2 or Level 5 of Figure D.3)	205
Table D.7 – Duties of the production scheduling and operational management level(Levels 4A or 5A)	207
Table D.8 – Duties of the area level (Level 3)	207
Table D.9 – Duties of the supervisory level (Level 2)	209
Table D.10 – Duties of the control level (Level 1)	209
Table D.11 – Information flow model of generic production facility mini-specs      (definition of functions)	221
Table D.12 – Correlation of information flow tasks with the tasks	
of the scheduling and control hierarchy	267

### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

### ENTERPRISE-CONTROL SYSTEM INTEGRATION -

### Part 1: Models and terminology

### FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committee; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 62264-1 has been developed by subcommittee 65A: System aspects, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement and control, and by ISO technical committee 184/SC5: Architecture, communication and integration frameworks.

This standard is based upon ANSI/ISA-95.00.01-2000, Enterprise-Control System Integration, Part 1: Models and Terminology. It is used with permission of the copyright holder, the Instrumentation, Systems and Automation Society (ISA)\*. ISA encourages the use and application of its industry standards on a global basis.

This bilingual version (2003-12) replaces the English version.

For information on ISA standards, contact ISA at: ISA – The Instrumentation, Systems and Automation Society, PO Box 12277, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709, USA, Tel. 1+919.549.8411, URL: standards.isa.org.

This standard was submitted to the National Committees for voting under the Fast Track Procedure as the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
65A/369/FDIS	65A/373/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table. In ISO, the standard has been approved by 10 P members out of 10 having cast a vote.

The French version of this standard has not been voted upon.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

IEC 62264 consists of the following parts under the general title *Enterprise-control system integration:* 

- Part 1: Models and terminology
- Part 2: Object models and attributes
- Part 3: Models of manufacturing operations

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until 2006. At this date, the publication will be DARD PREVIEW

reconfirmed;withdrawn;

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- replaced by a revised edition, or <u>SIST EN 62264-1:2008</u>
- amended https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/5668e7fa-f984-473b-82b0-66d0b6f228ff/sist-en-62264-1-2008

### INTRODUCTION

IEC 62264 is a multi-part standard that defines the interfaces between enterprise activities and control activities. This standard provides standard models and terminology for describing the interfaces between the business systems of an entreprise and its manufacturing-control systems. The models and terminology presented in this standard

- a) emphasize good integration practices of control systems with enterprise systems during the entire life cycle of the systems;
- b) can be used to improve existing integration capabilities of manufacturing control systems with enterprise systems; and
- c) can be applied regardless of the degree of automation.

Specifically, this standard provides a standard terminology and a consistent set of concepts and models for integrating control systems with enterprise systems that will improve communications between all parties involved. Some of the benefits produced will

- a) reduce users' times to reach full production levels for new products;
- b) enable vendors to supply appropriate tools for implementing integration of control systems to enterprise systems;
- c) enable users to better identify their needs;
- d) reduce the costs of automating manufacturing processes;
- e) optimize supply chains; and STANDARD PREVIEW
- f) reduce life-cycle engineering efforts.

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It is not the intent of this standard to

- suggest that there is only one way of implementing integration of control systems to enterprise systems;
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  <u>SIST EN 62264-1:2008</u>
  <u>SIST EN 62264-1:2008</u>
- force users to abandon their current methods of handling integration; or
- restrict development in the area of integration of control systems to enterprise systems.

This standard discusses the interface content between manufacturing-control functions and other enterprise functions, based upon the Purdue Reference Model for CIM (hierarchical form) as published by ISA. This standard presents a partial model or reference model as defined in ISO 15704.

The scope of this standard is limited to describing the relevant functions in the enterprise and the control domain and which objects are normally exchanged between these domains. Subsequent parts will address how these objects can be exchanged in a robust, secure, and cost-effective manner preserving the integrity of the complete system.

The intent of Clause 4 is to describe the context of the models in Clause 5 and Clause 6. It gives the criteria used to determine the scope of the manufacturing control system domain. Clause 4 does not contain the formal definitions of the models and terminology but describes the context to understand the other clauses.

The intent of Clause 5 is to describe hierarchy models of the activities involved in manufacturing-control enterprises. It presents in general terms the activities that are associated with manufacturing control and the activities that occur at the business logistics level. It also gives an equipment hierarchy model of equipment associated with manufacturing control.

The intent of Clause 6 is to describe a general model of the functions within an enterprise which are concerned with the integration of business and control. It presents, in detail, an abstract model of control functions and, in less detail, the business functions that interface to control. The purpose is to establish a common terminology for functions involved in information exchange.

The intent of Clause 7 is to state in detail the objects that make up the information streams defined in Clause 6. The purpose is to establish a common terminology for the elements of information exchanged.

Annex A defines the relationship of this standard with other related standardization work in the manufacturing area.

The intent of Annex B is to present the business reasons for the information exchange between business and control functions. The purpose is to establish a common terminology for the reason for information exchange.

Annex C discusses the rationale for multiple models PREVIEW

Annex D contains selected elements from the Rurdue Reference Model that may be used to place the functions described in Clauses 5 and 6 in context with the entire model.

Annex E is informative. It correlates the Purdue Reference Model to the MESA International Model.

This standard is intended for those who are

- involved in designing, building, or operating manufacturing facilities;
- responsible for specifying interfaces between manufacturing and process control systems and other systems of the business enterprise; or
- involved in designing, creating, marketing, and integrating automation products used to interface manufacturing operations and business systems.

Annex F is a discussion of systems, resources, capability, capacity, and time as used in this standard.

### ENTERPRISE-CONTROL SYSTEM INTEGRATION -

### Part 1: Models and terminology

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 62264 describes the interface content between manufacturing control functions and other enterprise functions. The interfaces considered are the interfaces between Levels 3 and 4 of the hierarchical model defined by this standard. The goal is to reduce the risk, cost, and errors associated with implementing these interfaces.

The standard can be used to reduce the effort associated with implementing new product offerings. The goal is to have enterprise systems and control systems that inter-operate and easily integrate.

The scope of this standard is limited to

- a) a presentation of the scope of the manufacturing operations and control domain;
- b) a discussion of the organization of physical assets of an enterprise involved in manufacturing;
- c) a listing of the functions associated with the interface between control functions and enterprise functions; and (standards.iteh.ai)
- a description of the information that is shared between control functions and enterprise functions.
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#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61512-1:1997, Batch control – Part 1: Models and terminology

ISO/IEC 19501-1, Information technology – Unified Modeling Language (UML) – Part 1: Specification  $^{1}$ 

ISO 10303-1:1994, Industrial automation systems and integration – Product data representation and exchange – Part 1: Overview and fundamental principles

ISO 15531-1, Industrial automation systems and integration – Industrial manufacturing management data – Part 1: General overview  $^{1}$ 

ISO 15704:2000, Industrial automation systems – Requirements for enterprise-reference architectures and methodologies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> To be published.