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Refrigerated light hydrocarbon fluids — Measurement of liquid levels in tanks containing liquefied gases — Microwave-type level gauge

Hydrocarbures légers réfrigérés — Mesurage des niveaux de liquide iTeh Sdans les réservoirs contenant des gaz liquéfiés — Jauges de niveau à micro-ondes (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO 13689:2001</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/573f0a1e-1357-4f91-988bfc41aabf454d/iso-13689-2001



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 13689 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 28, *Petroleum products and lubricants*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Measurement of light hydrocarbon fluids*.

Annex A forms a normative part of this International Standard. D PREVIEW

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Refrigerated light hydrocarbon fluids — Measurement of liquid levels in tanks containing liquefied gases — Microwave-type level gauge

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the essential requirements and verification procedures for microwave-type level gauges to be used for ship and shore tanks containing refrigerated light hydrocarbon fluids.

2 Normative reference

The following normative document contains provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the normative document indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

IEC 60079-10:1995, Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres — Part 10: Classification of hazardous areas.¹⁾

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3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

antenna

generic term for equipment that radiates into, and receives from, the tank vapour space, electromagnetic energy in the microwave frequency band

3.2

datum level

reference level, equal to the zero level in the tank calibration table, from which liquid level L is calculated

3.3

dead zone

zone above the minimum measurable ullage

3.4

deflection plate

metal plate set obliquely near the tank bottom to avoid influence of microwave reflection from the bottom or any obstacles

NOTE A deflection plate may also be used to reduce unwanted reflections from the tank structure or fittings

¹⁾ Reference for level gauges in shore tanks and ships' tanks.

3.5

hazardous area

space where gas or vapour may form a flammable mixture, as described in IEC 60079-10

NOTE This is similar to gas-dangerous space on board the ships as described in the IMO IGC Code (1993).

3.6

upper reference point

basic point for measurement of ullage, set on the level-gauge centre-line near the gauge flange

NOTE The height of the upper reference point is the distance between the datum level and the upper reference point (*H* in Figure 1).

3.7

L

liquid level

distance between the liquid surface in a tank and the datum level

NOTE See Figure 1.

3.8

microwave

microwave beam

generic form for electromagnetic radiation, with wave length lying in the range 3 mm to 300 mm (equivalent to a frequency of 100 GHz to 1 GHz)

3.9

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main directional beam formed by the electromagnetic signals radiated from the antenna into free space

3.10

still pipe ISO 13689:2001 perforated metal pipe, extending/throughout the height of the tank? Used to feduce surface turbulence in the liquid that may cause fluctuations in the reflected signal aabt454d/iso-13689-2001

NOTE It may also be used to guide the microwave signal in difficult installation conditions

3.11

ullage

distance between the liquid surface in a tank and the upper reference point, measured along the vertical measurement axis

4 Function and construction of microwave-type level gauges

4.1 A microwave-type level gauge functions by using electromagnetic radiation determining the distance from its antenna to the liquid surface.

The distance is then subtracted from the height of the upper reference point and the level of liquid in the tank thereby computed and transmitted electronically to a point outside the tank.

4.2 A microwave-type level gauge consists of functional components comprising an antenna, microwave transceiver and other optional items.

Figures 1 and 2 show examples of arrangements.

4.3 The materials and construction of a microwave-type level gauge shall be such that it can operate safely and effectively under applicable environmental conditions for which it is intended.

4.4 A microwave-type level gauge shall be of gastight construction in order to prevent the escape of vapour from the tank.

4.5 All microwave-type level gauges shall be manufactured and installed in accordance with appropriate National and International electrical safety codes and standards (IMO, IEC, ISO, etc.). All level gauges shall be certified for use in the hazardous-area classification appropriate to their installation.

NOTE The design and installation of the microwave-type level gauges may be subject to the approval of the national measurement organizations and classification societies, who may have issued a general type approval for the design of the microwave-type level gauge for the particular service for which it is to be employed. The type approval is normally issued after the microwave-type level gauge has been subject to a specific series of tests and is subject to the microwave-type level gauge being installed in an approved manner. Type-approval tests may include the following: visual inspection, resistance, vibration, performance, humidity, dry heat, inclination, electromagnetic compatibility, and fluctuation in power supplies.

5 Performance

Installation

6

5.1 Indication: minimum range display resolution shall not be greater than 1 mm.

5.2 Maximum permissible error: $\pm (3,3 + 0,08D)$ mm where *D* is the distance, in metres, from the upper reference point to the liquid surface.

5.3 If the level gauge fails to meet the performance requirements of this clause, the cause shall be investigated. If the level gauge needs to be adjusted or components replaced, with the tank in service, it should be reverified in accordance with clause 8.

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The microwave-type level gauge shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

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7 Initial verification of accuracy

After installation, accuracy of the level gauge shall be verified by means of an appropriate proven method under atmospheric temperature and pressure in the tank. The error shall not exceed that defined in 5.2.

After a tank is opened up for survey, the accuracy of the gauge should be rechecked using this method.

8 Subsequent periodical verification of accuracy

A means of verification shall be provided, whereby the level-gauge accuracy can be checked at high and low tank levels, with the tank in service.

The high-level verification point shall be capable of being used when the tank is fully loaded. The error shall not exceed that described in 5.2.

This procedure should be used following maintenance on the level gauge or as required by the sale and purchase agreement.



Figure 1 — Example of installation with a still pipe including optional devices

а

b

С

d

е





а

b

С

d

е