# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 9010

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## Synchronous belt drives — Automotive belts

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

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<u>ISO 9010:1997</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d13a6742-505c-4e8e-ac89a74630e01ca8/iso-9010-1997



Reference number ISO 9010:1997(E)

#### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

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International Standard ISO 9010 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 41, *Pulleys and belts (including veebelts)*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Synchronous belt drives.* 

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 9010:1997) which has been technically revised. a74630e01ca8/iso-9010-1997

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## Synchronous belt drives — Automotive belts

#### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the characteristics of synchronous endless belts for use in automotive applications such as engine camshaft drives.

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The characteristics include

- nominal tooth dimensions;
- pitch spacing;
- width and width tolerance;
- pitch length and pitch length tolerance.
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Test methods for measuring pitch length and lateral runout are also included.

#### 2 Normative reference

The following standard contains provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the edition indicated was valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the standard indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 9011:1997, Synchronous belt drives — Automotive pulleys.

#### 3 Belt types

The following types of synchronous belts for automotive application are standardized:

- type ZA: trapezoidal tooth;
- type ZB: trapezoidal tooth;
- type ZH: curvilinear tooth, "H" system;

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- type YH: curvilinear tooth, "H" system;
- type ZR: curvilinear tooth, "R" system;
- type YR: curvilinear tooth, "R" system;
- type ZS: curvilinear tooth, "S" system;
- type YS: curvilinear tooth, "S" system.

Corresponding pulleys are standardized in ISO 9011.

#### 4 Designation

A belt is designated by a series of numbers and letters as follows:

- a) the first set of numbers indicates the number of teeth;
- b) the first letter indicates tooth pitch;
- c) the second letter indicates tooth profile;
- d) the second set of numbers indicates the width in millimetres.

#### EXAMPLE



#### 5 Dimensions and tolerances

#### 5.1 Belt tooth dimensions — Trapezoidal tooth belts of types ZA and ZB

The nominal belt tooth dimensions for trapezoidal tooth belts of types ZA and ZB are shown in figure 1 and given in table 1.



Figure 1 — Nominal tooth dimensions (profile) for types ZA and ZB

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Term	Symbol	Nominal profile		
		Type ZA	Type ZB	
Tooth pitch	$p_{b}$	9,525	9,525	
Tooth angle	2β	40	40	
Height	h <sub>s</sub>	4,1	4,5	
Pitch line differential	а	0,686	0,686	
Root radius	r <sub>r</sub>	0,51	1,02	
Tip radius	r <sub>a</sub>	0,51	1,02	
Tooth height	h <sub>t</sub>	1,91	2,29	
Tooth width	S	4,65	6,12	

#### Table 1 — Nominal tooth dimensions for types ZA and ZB

Dimensions in millimetres, angles in degrees

#### 5.2 Belt tooth dimensions - Curvilinear tooth belts of types ZH and YH

The nominal belt tooth dimensions for curvilinear tooth belts of types ZH and YH are shown in figure 2 and given in table 2.



Figure 2 — Nominal tooth dimensions (profile) for types ZH and YH

radie 2 - radiantial could underside to types 211 and 11	Table	2 —	Nominal	tooth	dimensions	for	types	ΖH	and	Y۲
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Dimensions in millimetres

Term	Symbol	Nominal profile		
		Туре ΖΗ	Туре ҮН	
Tooth pitch	p <sub>b</sub>	9,525	8	
Height	h <sub>s</sub>	5,5	5,2	
Pitch line differential	а	0,686	0,686	
Root radius	r <sub>r</sub>	0,76	0,64	
Tooth height	h <sub>t</sub>	3,5	3,04	
Tooth radius	R	2,45	2,11	
Vertical offset	Y	1,05	0,93	
Root radius distance	S <sub>r</sub>	3,27	2,84	

#### 5.3 Belt tooth dimensions — Curvilinear tooth belts of types ZR and YR

The nominal tooth dimensions for curvilinear tooth belts of types ZR and YR are shown in figure 3 and given in table 3.



Figure 3 — Nominal tooth dimensions (profile) for types ZR and YR

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#### Table 3 — Nominal tooth dimensions for types ZR and YR

Dimensions in millimetres, angles in degrees

Term	Symbol	Nominal profile		
		Type ZR	Type YR	
Tooth pitch	Pb	9,525	8	
Tooth angle	2β	32	30	
Height	h <sub>s</sub>	5,4	5,1	
Pitch line differential	а	0,75	0,75	
Root radius	r <sub>r</sub>	1	0,8	
Tooth height	h <sub>t</sub>	3,2	2,8	
Tooth width	S	5,5	5,3	
Tooth form parameter	k	1,228	1,692	

#### 5.4 Belt tooth dimensions — Curvilinear tooth belts of types ZS and YS

The nominal tooth dimensions for curvilinear tooth belts of types ZS and YS are shown in figure 4 and given in table 4.





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#### Table 4 — Nominal tooth dimensions for types ZS and YS

	<u>ISO 9010</u>	) <u>:1997</u>	Dimensions in millimetres	
Term	https://standards.itch.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d13a6742-505c-4e8c-ac89 a74630e01ca8/isp-9010-1997			
		Type ZS	Type YS	
Tooth pitch	рь	9,525	8	
Height	h <sub>s</sub>	5,7	5,2	
Pitch line differential	а	0,686	0,686	
Root radius	r <sub>r</sub>	0,95	0,8	
Tip radius	ra	0,95	0,8	
Tooth height	h <sub>t</sub>	3,53	2,95	
Tooth width	S	6,19	5,2	
Tooth radius	R	6,19	5,2	

#### 5.5 Belt pitch length and tolerances

Belt pitch length is defined by the number of teeth multiplied by tooth pitch,  $p_{\rm b}$ . The belt pitch length,  $L_{\rm p}$ , shall be agreed between the parties concerned. Pitch length tolerances are given in table 5.

#### Table 5 — Pitch length tolerances

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Pitch length				
$L_{ m p}$				
Range	Tolerance			
L <sub>p</sub> ≤ 381	± 0,45			
$382 \le L_{\rm p} \le 505$	± 0,5			
$506 \le L_{\rm p} \le 762$	± 0,6			
763 ≤ L <sub>p</sub> ≤ 991	± 0,65			
$992 \le L_{\rm p} \le 1\ 220$	± 0,75			
1 221 ≤ <i>L</i> <sub>p</sub> ≤ 1 524	± 0,8			
1 525 ≤ <i>L</i> <sub>p</sub> ≤ 1 782	± 0,85			
1 783 ≤ <i>L</i> <sub>p</sub> ≤ 2 030	± 0,9			
2 031 ≤ <i>L</i> <sub>p</sub> ≤ 2 286	± 0,95			
$2 287 \le L_p \le 2.544$	ARD PREVIEW <sup>± 1</sup>			

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#### 5.6 Belt widths and tolerances

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The belt width,  $b_s$ , shall be agreed between the parties concerned 1 Width tolerances are given in table 6. a74630e01ca8/iso-9010-1997

#### Table 6 — Width tolerances

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Width, $b_{s}$					
Bange	Tolerance				
nunge	Pitch length				
	L <sub>p</sub> < 840	$L_{\rm p} \ge 840$			
<i>b</i> <sub>s</sub> < 40	± 0,8	± 0,8			
		+ 0,8			
$b_{s} \ge 40$	± 0,8	- 1,3			
NOTE — For special applications, smaller tolerances may be used.					

#### 6 Pitch length measurement

#### 6.1 Measuring fixture

The pitch length of a synchronous belt shall be determined by placing the belt on a measuring fixture composed of the following elements. (See figure 5.)

**6.1.1 Two pulleys of equal diameter,** as specified in table 7 and ISO 9011 of the proper belt type and having standard tooth space dimensions. These pulleys should be made to the tolerances shown in table 7 and tables 8, 9 or 10, as appropriate. One pulley shall be free to rotate on a fixed-position shaft, while the other shall be free to rotate on a movable shaft to permit the centre distance to change.

#### 6.1.2 Means of applying a total measuring force to the movable pulley.

**6.1.3 Means of measuring the centre distance** between the two pulleys with the necessary degree of accuracy to check the allowed tolerances (tolerances for centre distance measurement should be one-half of the allowed length tolerances in table 5).



ISO 9010:1997 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d13a6742-505c-4e8e-ac89a74630e01ca8/iso-9010-1997 Table 7 — Belt pitch length measuring pulleys

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Belt type	Number of teeth	Pitch circumference	Outside diameter	Runout		
	z	$p_{\rm b} \times z$	do	radial	axial	2a
ZA, ZB, ZH, ZS	20	190,5	59,266 ± 0,013	0,013	0,025	1,372
YH, YS	22	176	54,651 ± 0,013	0,013	0,025	1,372
ZR	20	190,5	59,138 ± 0,013	0,013	0,025	1,5
YR	22	176	54,522 ± 0,013	0,013	0,025	1,5
NOTE — Pulleys of other diameters may be used provided that the diameters of the two pulleys are equal and that they are larger than those specified in table 7.						