

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 62535:2009

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Insulating liquids - Test method for detection of potentially corrosive sulphur in used and unused insulating oil (IEC 62535:2008)

Isolierflüssigkeiten - Prüfverfahren für den Nachweis von potenziell korrosivem Schwefel in gebrauchtem und ungebrauchtem Isolieröl (IEC 62535:2008)

Liquides isolants - Méthode d'essai pour la détection du soufre potentiellement corrosif dans les huiles usagées et neuves (CEI 62535:2008)

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 62535-2009

ICS: 29.040.10 Izolacijska olja

Insulating oils

SIST EN 62535:2009

en,fr



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SIST EN 62535:2009

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME FUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 62535

January 2009

ICS 29.040.10

English version

Insulating liquids -Test method for detection of potentially corrosive sulphur in used and unused insulating oil (IEC 62535:2008)

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iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2008-12-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration 5:2009

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CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: avenue Marnix 17, B - 1000 Brussels

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Foreword

The text of document 10/746/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 62535, prepared by IEC TC 10, Fluids for electrotechnical applications, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 62535 on 2008-12-01.

The following dates were fixed:

-	latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2009-09-01
-	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2011-12-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 62535:2008 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following note has to be added for the standard indicated:

IEC 60567

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW Harmonized as EN 60567:2005 (not modified). (standards.iteh.ai)

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Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

Publication	Year	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
-	-	Copper and copper alloys - Copper rod, bar and wire for general electrical purposes	EN 13601	- ¹⁾
IEC 60475	- ¹⁾	Method of sampling liquid dielectrics	-	-
IEC 60554-3-1	_ 1)	Specification for cellulosic papers for electrical purposes - Part 3: Specifications for individual materials - Sheet 1: General purpose electrical paper	-	-
ASTM D1275	- ¹⁾	Methods A and B: Standard test method for corrosive sulfur in electrical insulating oils	- W	-
ASTM D130	_ 1)	Standard test method for corrosiveness to copper from petroleum products by copper strip test	_	-
DIN 51353	_ 1) https://star	Testing of insulating oils; detection of corrosive sulfurg silver strip test 950a2-ab4f-431 c392c1da3654/sist-en-62535-2009	-968f-	-

¹⁾ Undated reference.



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IEC 62535

Edition 1.0 2008-10

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

Insulating liquids **Fest** method for detection of potentially corrosive sulphur in used and unused insulating oil ndards.iteh.ai)

Liquides isolants – Méthode d'essai pour la détection du soufre potentiellement corrosif dans les huiles usagées et neuves st/771950a2-ab4f-431c-968fc392c1da3654/sist-en-62535-2009

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COMMISSION ELECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

INSULATING LIQUIDS – TEST METHOD FOR DETECTION OF POTENTIALLY CORROSIVE SULPHUR IN USED AND UNUSED INSULATING OIL

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 62535 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 10: Fluids for electrotechnical applications.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
10/746/FDIS	10/749/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition; or
- amended.

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INTRODUCTION

In recent years, several failures of transformers and reactors due to copper sulphide formation in/on the cellulose insulation have been reported worldwide. The tendency of transformer oils to form copper sulphide in the presence of copper is seen as one of the major contributing factors.

The most common reason for such failures is arcing between adjacent disks or conductors of a winding, due to the formation of deposits of copper sulphide on the cellulosic insulating paper.

It has been demonstrated that existing test methods for corrosive sulphur, ASTM D1275 method A and DIN 51353, are unable to detect oils having potentially corrosive behaviour.

For this reason, IEC technical committee 10 has prepared this International Standard for the detection of potentially corrosive sulphur in mineral insulating oils. The wrapped conductor test method is suitable for used and unused mineral oils.

This test method is based on a study performed by Conseil International des Grands Réseaux Electriques (CIGRE) working group A2.32 [1]¹.

Health and safety

This International Standard does not purport to address all the safety problems associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of the standard to establish appropriate health and safety practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

The mineral oils which are the subject of this standard should be handled with due regard to personal hygiene. Direct contact with acyes may scause slight dirritations for the case of eye contact, irrigation with copious quantities of sclean running water should be carried out and medical advice sought.

Some of the tests specified in this standard involve the use of processes that could lead to a hazardous situation. Attention is drawn to the relevant standard for guidance.

Environment

This standard involves mineral oils, chemicals and used sample containers. The disposal of these items should be carried out in accordance with current national legislation with regard to the impact on the environment. Every precaution should be taken to prevent the release into the environment of mineral oil.

¹ Figures in square brackets refer to the bibliography.