

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 13286-52:2005

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Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures - Part 52: Method for the manufacture of test specimens of hydraulically bound mixtures using vibrocompression

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Ungebundene und hydraulisch gebundene Gemische a Teil 52: Verfahren zur Herstellung von Probekörpern von hydraulisch gebundenen Gemischen durch Vibro-Druck (Rütteln und Druck)

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Mélanges traités et mélanges non traités aux liants hydrauliques - Partie 52: Méthode de confection par vibrocompression des éprouvettes de matériaux traités aux liants hydrauliques

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93.080.20 Materiali za gradnjo cest Road construction materials

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Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures - Part 52: Method for the manufacture of test specimens of hydraulically bound mixtures using vibrocompression

Mélanges traités et mélanges non traités aux liants hydrauliques - Partie 52: Méthode de confection par vibrocompression des éprouvettes de matériaux traités aux liants hydrauliques Ungebundene und hydraulisch gebundene Gemische - Teil 52: Verfahren zur Herstellung von Probekörpern von hydraulisch gebundenen Gemischen durch Vibro-Druck (Rütteln und Druck)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 12 November 2004.

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EN 13286-52:2004 (E)

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Foreword

This document (EN 13286-52:2004) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 227 "Road materials", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2005, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2005.

This document is one of a series of documents as listed below.

EN 13286-1, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 1: Test methods for laboratory reference density and water content — Introduction, general requirements and sampling

EN 13286-2, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 2: Test methods for the determination of the laboratory reference density and water content — Proctor compaction

EN 13286-3, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 3: Test methods for laboratory reference density and water content — Vibrocompression with controlled parameters

EN 13286-4, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures—Part 4: Test methods for laboratory reference density and water content — Vibrating hammer (Standards.iteh.ai)

EN 13286-5, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 5: Test methods for laboratory reference density and water content — Vibrating table TEN 13286-52:2005

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EN 13286-7, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures 52 Part 7: Cyclic load triaxial test for unbound mixtures

EN 13286-40, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 40: Test method for the determination of the direct tensile strength of hydraulically bound mixtures

EN 13286-41, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 41: Test method for the determination of the compressive strength of hydraulically bound mixtures

EN 13286-42, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 42: Test method for the determination of the indirect tensile strength of hydraulically bound mixtures

EN 13286-43, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 43: Test method for the determination of the modulus of elasticity of hydraulically bound mixtures

EN 13286-44, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 44: Test method for the determination of the alpha coefficient of vitrified blast furnace slag

EN 13286-45, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 45: Test method for the determination of the workability period of hydraulically bound mixtures

EN 13286-46, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 46: Test method for the determination of the moisture condition value

EN 13286-47, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 47: Test method for the determination of California bearing ratio, immediate bearing index and linear swelling

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prEN 13286-48, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 48: Test method for the determination of degree of pulverisation

EN 13286-49, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 49: Accelerated swelling test for soil treated by lime and/or hydraulic binder

EN 13286-50, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 50: Method for the manufacture of test specimens of hydraulically bound mixtures using Proctor equipment or vibrating table compaction

EN 13286-51, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 51: Method for the manufacture of test specimens of hydraulically bound mixtures using vibrating hammer compaction

EN 13286-52, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 52: Method for the manufacture of test specimens of hydraulically bound mixtures using vibrocompression

EN 13286-53, Unbound and hydraulically bound mixtures — Part 53: Methods for the manufacture of test specimens of hydraulically bound mixtures using axial compression

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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1 Scope

This document specifies a test method for making specimens of hydraulically bound mixture to a predetermined density and water content by vibrocompression compaction.

This document is appropriate to mixtures, or that part of a mixture, containing aggregate up to a maximum size of 31,5 mm.

This method is not applicable to mixtures with a high proportion of fines.

2 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following term and definition applies.

2.1

vibrocompression compaction

method of compaction of a laboratory specimen by the simultaneous application of horizontal vibration and light axial compression

3 Principle

The mixture is placed in a mould of a given volume. The mixture is compacted with a combination of horizontal vibration and vertical axial pressure.

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4 Dimensions of the specimens TEN 13286-52:2005

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4.1 Cylindrical specimens 3532483644fa/sist-en-13286-52-2005

Specimens shall conform to the dimensions given in Table 1.

Table 1 — Dimensions of the specimen

Column	1	2	3
Line	Diameter, d mm	Height, h mm	Maximum size of particle permitted in the specimen mm
1	100	100 or 200	22,4
2	160	160 or 320	31,5

4.2 Direct tensile test specimens

Specimens for direct tensile test shall have the shape and dimensions in millimetres shown in Figure 1.

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Dimensions in millimetres

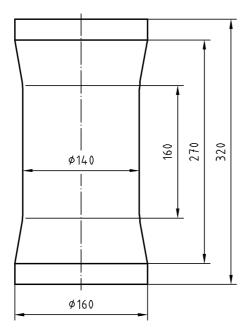


Figure 1 — Shape and dimension of a tensile test specimen

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5 Apparatus

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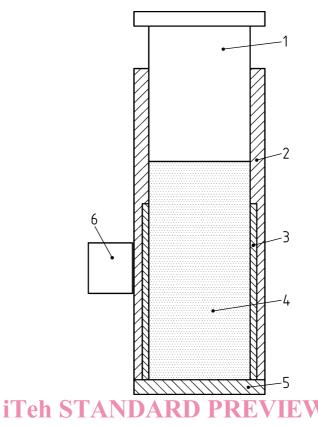
5.1 Moulds

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- **5.1.1** Moulds, made from rigid materials, e.g. plastic or similar, with a volume accuracy of \pm 1,5 % of the nominal volume of the specimen.
- **5.1.2** Moulds shall be tubes to which caps can be attached to cover each end of the specimens after compaction in order to prevent loss of moisture during storage.
- **5.1.3** Moulds for cylindrical specimens (see Figure 2) shall be cut on one generatrix to allow slight opening of the mould in order to remove the specimen after setting.
- **5.1.4** Moulds for direct tensile testing shall be capable of producing cylindrical specimens with a cross section shown in Figure 1 and shall be split on two opposite generatrix in order to remove the specimen after setting.

5.2 Compaction apparatus (see Figure 2)

- **5.2.1 Cylinder**, to stiffen the mould and lengthen the top end of the mould to allow introduction of the mixture before compaction.
- **5.2.2 Plate**, to close the bottom of the mould.
- **5.2.3 Vibrator**, to apply a horizontal vibration to the mould and the mixture with a frequency of 100 Hz and an amplitude between 0,8 mm and 1 mm. The vibration shall be sufficient to compact the specimen to the required density within 90 s using a pressure on the mixture not greater than 0,5 MPa.
- **5.2.4 Piston**, to apply an increasing vertical pulse pressure on the mixture during compaction.



Key

(standards.iteh.ai) 1

- 2 cylinder to stiffen the mould
- 3
- cylinder mould SIST EN 13286-52:2005
- 4 mixture to be compacted and ards. iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/71460ccb-986a-45c5-8775-
- plate to close the bottom of the $modife^2483644$ fa/sist-en-13286-52-2005 5
- 6 vibrator

Figure 2 — Principle of vibrocompression apparatus

Procedure

- Place the mould in the cylinder and close the bottom of the apparatus by means of the plate.
- 6.2 Introduce the mixture into the apparatus.

The mass of the mixture to be introduced into the apparatus shall be measured to an accuracy of ± 1 % and is given by the following formula:

$$m = 1\ 000\ V \times \rho_{\rm d} \ \frac{\left(100 + w\right)}{100}$$

where

- is the mass of the mixture to be introduced in the mould, in grams (g);
- is the volume of the specimen, in cubic millimetres (mm³);
- is the dry density of the specimen, in megagrams per cubic metre (Mg/m³);
- is the water content of the dry mass of the mixture, in percent (%).