

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 11960:2005

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Petroleum and natural gas industries - Steel pipes for use as casing or tubing for wells (ISO 11960:2004)

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Erdöl- und Erdgasindustrie - Stahlrohre zur Verwendung als Futter- oder Steigrohre für Bohrungen (ISO 11960:2004) SIST EN ISO 11960:2005 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9aeac607-c770-4fde-a15c-d854d020333e/sist-en-iso-11960-2005

Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel - Tubes d'acier utilisés comme cuvelage ou tubes de production dans les puits (ISO 11960:2004)

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75.180.10 Oprema za raziskovanje in odkopavanje Exploratory and extraction equipment

77.140.75 Jeklene cevi in cevni profili za posebne namene Steel pipes and tubes for specific use

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Petroleum and natural gas industries - Steel pipes for use as casing or tubing for wells (ISO 11960:2004)

Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel - Tubes d'acier utilisés comme cuvelage ou tubes de production dans les puits (ISO 11960:2004) Erdöl- und Erdgasindustrie - Stahlrohre zur Verwendung als Futter- oder Steigrohre für Bohrungen (ISO 11960:2004)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 17 November 2004.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

EN ISO 11960:2004 (E)

Foreword

This document (EN ISO 11960:2004) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum and natural gas industries" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 12 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum and natural gas industries", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2005, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2005.

This document supersedes EN ISO 11960:2001.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 11960:2004 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 11960:2004 without any modifications.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 11960

Third edition 2004-12-15

Petroleum and natural gas industries — Steel pipes for use as casing or tubing for wells

Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel — Tubes d'acier utilisés comme cuvelage ou tubes de production dans les puits

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 11960 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67, *Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Casing, tubing and drill pipe*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 11960:2001), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Technical Corrigendum ISO 11960:2001/Cor.1:2002.

It is the intent of TC 67 that the second and third editions of ISO 11960 both be applicable, at the option of the purchaser (as defined in 4.1.35), for a period of six months from the first day of the calendar quarter immediately following the date of publication of this third edition, after which period the second edition will no longer be applicable.

Introduction

This International Standard is based on API 5CT (Specification for Casing and Tubing).

Users of this International Standard should be aware that further or differing requirements may be needed for individual applications. This International Standard is not intended to inhibit a vendor from offering, or the purchaser from accepting, alternative equipment or engineering solutions for the individual application. This may be particularly applicable where there is innovative or developing technology. Where an alternative is offered, the vendor should identify any variations from this International Standard and provide details.

This International Standard includes requirements of various nature. These are identified by the use of certain verbal forms:

- SHALL is used to indicate that a provision is MANDATORY;
- SHOULD is used to indicate that a provision is not mandatory, but RECOMMENDED as good practice;
- MAY is used to indicate that a provision is OPTIONAL.

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Petroleum and natural gas industries — Steel pipes for use as casing or tubing for wells

1 Scope

1.1 This International Standard specifies the technical delivery conditions for steel pipes (casing, tubing, plain-end casing liners and pup joints), coupling stock and accessories and establishes requirements for three Product Specification Levels (PSL-1, PSL-2, PSL-3). The requirements for PSL-1 are the basis of this International Standard. The requirements that define different levels of standard technical requirements for PSL-2 and PSL-3, for all Grades except H-40 and L-80 9Cr, are contained in Annex H.

For pipes covered by this International Standard, the sizes, masses and wall thicknesses as well as grades and applicable end-finishes are listed in Tables C.1 to C.3 and Tables E.1 to E.3.

By agreement between the purchaser and manufacturer, this International Standard can also be applied to other plain-end pipe sizes and wall thicknesses.

This International Standard is applicable to the following connections in accordance with API Spec 5B:

- short round thread casing (STC);
- long round thread casing (LC);
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- buttress thread casing (BC);
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- extreme-line casing (XC);
- non-upset tubing (NU);
- external upset tubing (EU);
- integral joint tubing (IJ).

For such connections, this International Standard specifies the technical delivery conditions for couplings and thread protection. Supplementary requirements that may optionally be agreed for enhanced leak resistance connections are given in Annex A.11 (SR22).

This International Standard can also be applied to tubulars with connections not covered by ISO/API standards.

- **1.2** The four groups of products to which this International Standard is applicable include the following grades of pipe:
- Group 1: All casing and tubing in Grades H, J, K and N;
- Group 2: All casing and tubing in Grades C, L, M and T;
- Group 3: All casing and tubing in Grade P;
- Group 4: All casing in Grade Q.

- **1.3** Casing sizes larger than Label 1: 4-1/2 but smaller than Label 1: 10-3/4 may be specified by the purchaser to be used in tubing service, see Tables C.1, C.24, C.30 and C.31 or Tables E.1, E.24, E.30 and E.31.
- **1.4** Supplementary requirements that may optionally be agreed between purchaser and manufacturer for non-destructive examination, coupling blanks, upset casing, electric-welded casing, impact testing, seal ring couplings and certificates are given in Annex A.
- **1.5** This International Standard is not applicable to threading requirements.

NOTE Dimensional requirements on threads and thread gauges, stipulations on gauging practice, gauge specifications, as well as instruments and methods for inspection of threads are given in API Spec 5B.

2 Conformance

2.1 Normative references

In the interests of world-wide application of this International Standard, ISO/TC 67 has decided, after detailed technical analysis, that certain of the normative documents listed in Clause 3 and prepared by ISO/TC 67 or other ISO Technical Committee are interchangeable in the context of the relevant requirement with the relevant document prepared by the American Petroleum Institute (API), the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) or the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). These latter documents are cited in the running text following the ISO reference and preceded by "or", for example "ISO XXXX or API YYYY". Application of an alternative normative document cited in this manner will lead to technical results different from the use of the preceding ISO reference. However, both results are acceptable and these documents are thus considered interchangeable in practice.

2.2 Units of measurement

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In this International Standard, data are expressed in both the International System (SI) of units and the United States Customary (USC) system of units. For a specific order item, it is intended that only one system of units be used, without combining data expressed in the other system.

Products manufactured to specifications expressed in either of these unit systems shall be considered equivalent and totally interchangeable. Consequently, compliance with the requirements of this International Standard as expressed in one system provides compliance with requirements expressed in the other system.

For data expressed in the SI, a comma is used as the decimal separator and a space as the thousands separator. For data expressed in the USC system, a dot (on the line) is used as the decimal separator and a space as the thousands separator.

In the text, data in SI units are followed by data in USC units in parentheses.

Separate tables for data expressed in SI units and USC units are given in Annex C and Annex E respectively.

Figures are contained in Annex D and express data in both SI and USC units.

3 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 31-0, Quantities and units — Part 0: General principles

ISO 643, Steels — Micrographic determination of the apparent grain size

ISO 6506-1, Metallic materials — Brinell hardness test — Part 1:Test method

ISO 6508-1, Metallic materials — Rockwell hardness test — Part 1:Test method (Scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)

ISO 6892, Metallic materials — Tensile testing at ambient temperature

ISO 7500-1, Metallic materials — Verification of static uniaxial testing machines — Part 1: Tension/compression testing machines — Verification and calibration of the force-measuring system

ISO 8501-1, Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Visual assessment of surface cleanliness — Part 1: Rust grades and preparation grades of uncoated steel substrates and of steel substrates after overall removal of previous coatings

ISO 9303, Seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for pressure purposes — Full peripheral ultrasonic testing for the detection of longitudinal imperfections

ISO 9304, Seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for pressure purposes — Eddy current testing for the detection of imperfections

ISO 9305, Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes — Full peripheral ultrasonic testing for the detection of transverse imperfections

ISO 9402, Seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for pressure purposes — Full peripheral magnetic transducer/flux leakage testing of ferromagnetic steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal imperfections en STANDARD PREVIEW

ISO 9598, Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes — Full peripheral magnetic transducer/flux leakage testing of ferromagnetic steel tubes for the detection of transverse imperfections

ISO 9764, Electric resistance and induction welded steel tubes for pressure purposes — Ultrasonic testing of the weld seam for the detection of longitudinal imperfections 60-2005

ISO/TR 9769, Steel and iron — Review of available methods of analysis

ISO 10400, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Formulae and calculation for casing, tubing, drill pipe and line pipe properties

ISO 11484, Steel tubes for pressure purposes — Qualification and certification of non-destructive testing (NDT) personnel

ISO 13665, Seamless and welded steel tubes for pressure purposes — Magnetic particle inspection of the tube body for the detection of surface imperfections

ISO 13678, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Evaluation and testing of thread compounds for use with casing, tubing and line pipe

ANSI-NACE TM0177:1996, Laboratory testing of metals for resistance to sulfide stress cracking at ambient temperature in H₂S environment

API Bull 5C2, Bulletin on performance properties of casing, tubing and drill pipe

API Bull 5C3, Bulletin on formulas and calculations for casing, tubing, drill pipe and line pipe properties (plus Supplement 1)

API Spec 5B, Specification for threading, gauging and thread inspection of casing, tubing and line pipe threads

API Std 5T1, Imperfection terminology