INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 6952

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Fluid power systems and components — Two-pin electrical plug connectors with earth contact — Characteristics and

iTeh Srequirementspreview

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Transmissions hydrauliques et pneumatiques — Connecteurs électriques à deux broches avec4contact de sécurité — Caractéristiques et exigences

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ISO 6952:1994(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting.

International Standard ISO 6952 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 131, Fluid power systems, Subcommittee SC 5, Control products and components.

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This second edition cancels and replaces 13th e7f is firs \$0.52 edition (ISO 6952:1989), of which it constitutes a technical revision. In particular, clause 10 has been added.

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Introduction

In fluid power systems, power is transmitted and controlled through a fluid under pressure within an enclosed circuit. Typical components found in such systems are hydraulic and pneumatic controls. These devices are used to regulate the function of a component or system.

Some control components found in fluid power systems are electrically actuated. The electrical plug connector described in this International Standard is used with control and regulation assemblies for use in hydraulic and pneumatic fluid power systems.

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Fluid power systems and components — Two-pin electrical plug connectors with earth contact — Characteristics and requirements

Scope

This International Standard specifies the following characteristics and requirements for a general purpose two-pin electrical plug connector with earth contact for use with a single solenoid:

ISO 4413:1979, Hydraulic fluid power — General rules

rently valid International Standards.

Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of cur-

for the application of equipment to transmission and control systems.

ommendations for the application of equipment to

- the electrical characteristics of the connector, ARD ISO 4414:1982, Pneumatic fluid power Rec-
- the dimensions of the pins and earth contact,
- transmission and control systems. — the means for fixing the socket to the plug; ISO 6952:1994 SO 5598:1985, Fluid power systems and compo-
- the sealing procedure between the plug4andbthe iso-6952-1994 socket;
- https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/nents/ba-Vocabular/veec-
- usage requirements.

The electrical plug connector specified in this International Standard is intended to be used under working conditions where the connector cannot be damaged by external action (for example, shock or excessive loading).

IEC 309-1:1988, Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes — Part 1: General requirements.

IEC 529:1989, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code).

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below.

Definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the definitions given in ISO 5598 and the following definition apply.

3.1 electrical connector: Two-piece assembly (plug and socket) which, when joined, provides electrical continuity.

Connector components

The components of the connector are illustrated and identified in figure 1.

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5 Connector characteristics

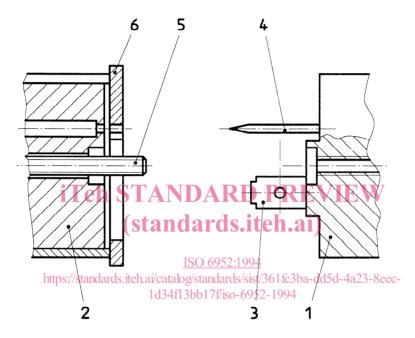
The connector shall be designed to meet the following requirements:

a) voltage: 250 V;

b) current: 10 A;

- c) temperature of use: -20 °C to +125 °C; at elevated temperatures, the variation of current with temperature is given in figure 2;
- d) degree of protection after fixing the socket onto the plug: IP 65, in accordance with IEC 529;
- e) insulation and dielectric strength: the connector shall meet the requirements stated in IEC 309-1.

NOTE 1 If it is necessary to specify the mechanical degree of protection, reference should be made to IEC 529.



1 Plug

4 Earth contact

2 Socket

5 Screw for fastening

3 Pin

6 Seal

Figure 1 — Connector components

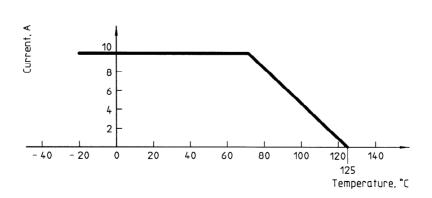


Figure 2 — Variation of current with temperature

6 Position of pins and earth contact

- **6.1** The pins and earth contact shall be fitted on the plug.
- **6.2** The earth contact shall be fixed in such a way that earth connection is ensured before current enters the pins.
- **6.3** The position, dimensions and marking information of pins and the earth contact shall comply with figure 3.

7 Fixing the socket on to the plug

An M3 screw shall be used to fix the socket on to the plug in accordance with figure 3a).

8 Socket/plug tightness

- **8.1** A flat seal shall be provided on the plug to protect against dust and fluid (IP 65) in the socket/plug assembly.
- 8.2 The seal shall be fitted on the socket to suit the overall dimension requirements indicated in figure 4.
- **8.3** Alternative seal profiles within the dimensions of figure 4 are possible. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/301ta 1d34f13bb17f/iso-6952-199

9 Mechanical protection

A cover plate shall be provided to protect the electrical plug specified in this International Standard when the socket has been removed. The cover plate may be made of plastic or similar material.

10 Usage

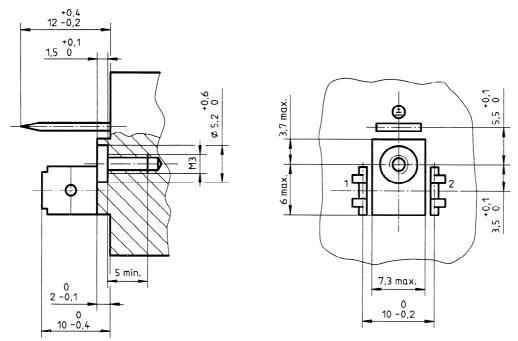
- **10.1** The connector shall not be used to interrupt the current. It shall be connected or disconnected only after the electricity has been switched off.
- **10.2** Connectors or leads in installations in which incorrect connection is possible shall be permanently identified according to the actuator identification requirements given in ISO 4413 and ISO 4414.
- **11 Identification statement** (Reference to this International Standard)

Use the following statement in test reports, cataiTeh STANDAR ploques and sales literature when electing to comply with this International Standard:

"Electrical plug connector conforms to ISO 6952:1994, Fluid power systems and components — Two-pin electrical plug connectors with earth contact — Characteristics and requirements."

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Dimensions in millimetres



a) Position and marking of pins and earth contact

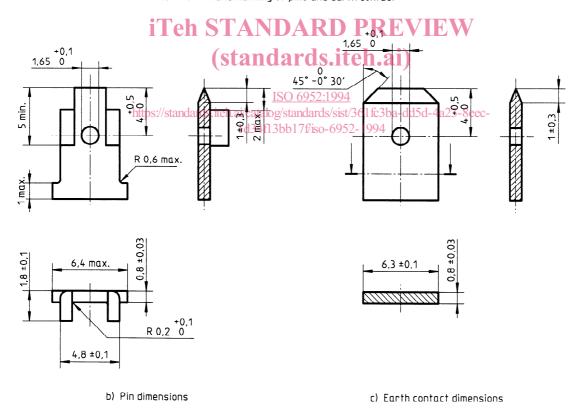
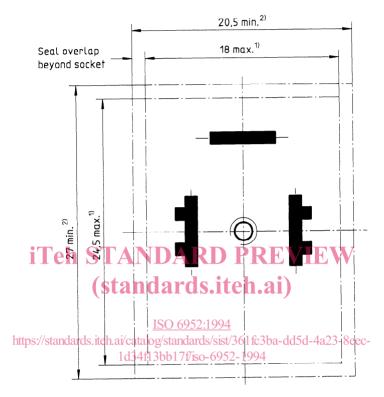


Figure 3 — Connector details

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Dimensions in millimetres



- Maximum dimensions of the plug.
 Minimum dimensions of the socket.

Figure 4 — Overall dimensions