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Edition 1.0 2015-09

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

colour inside

Universal serial bus interfaces for data and power – Part 2-2: Micro-USB Cables and Connectors Specification, Revision 1.01

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UNIVERSAL SERIAL BUS INTERFACES FOR DATA AND POWER –

Part 2-2: Micro-USB Cables and Connectors Specification, Revision 1.01

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International Standard IEC 62680-2-2 has been prepared by technical area 14: Interfaces and methods of measurement for personal computing equipment, of IEC technical committee 100: Audio, video and multimedia systems and equipment.

The text of this standard is based on documents prepared by the USB Implementers Forum (USB-IF). The structure and editorial rules used in this publication reflect the practice of the organization which submitted it.

This first edition cancels and replaces IEC 62680-2 published in 2013. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This bilingual version (2018-05) corresponds to the English version, published in 2015-09.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
100/2332/CDV	100/2435/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The French version of this standard has not been voted upon.

A list of all the parts in the IEC 62680 series, published under the general title *Universal serial bus interfaces for data and power* can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

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INTRODUCTION

The IEC 62680 series is based on a series of specifications that were originally developed by the USB Implementers Forum (USB-IF). These specifications were submitted to the IEC under the auspices of a special agreement between the IEC and the USB-IF.

The USB Implementers Forum, Inc.(USB-IF) is a non-profit corporation founded by the group of companies that developed the Universal Serial Bus specification. The USB-IF was formed to provide a support organization and forum for the advancement and adoption of Universal Serial Bus technology. The Forum facilitates the development of high-quality compatible USB peripherals (devices), and promotes the benefits of USB and the quality of products that have passed compliance testing.

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This series covers the Universal Series Bus interfaces for data and power and consists of the following parts:

IEC 62680-1-1, *Universal Serial Bus interfaces for data and power – Part 1-1: Common components – USB Battery Charging Specification, Revision 1.2*

IEC 62680-2-1, *Universal Serial Bus interfaces for data and power – Part 2-1: Universal Serial Bus Specification, Revision 2.0*

IEC 62680-2-2, *Universal Serial Bus interfaces for data and power – Part 2-2: USB Micro-USB Cables and Connectors Specification, Revision 1.01*

IEC 62680-2-3, *Universal Serial Bus interfaces for data and power – Part 2-3: Universal Serial Bus Cables and Connectors Class Document Revision 2.0*

This part of the IEC 62680 series consists of several distinct parts:

- the main body of the text, which consists of the original specification and all ECN and Errata developed by the USB-IF.

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Note: All Engineering Change Notice's (ECN) and Errata documents as of September 01, 2012 that pertain to this core specification follow the last page of the specification starting on page 39.

Universal Serial Bus
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Specification

Revision 1.01
April 4, 2007

Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Comment
0.6	1/30/2006	Revisions to all sections
0.7	3/24/2006	Added revised Micro-USB drawings to Rev.0.8
0.8	4/19/2006	Editorial changes and additions by Jan Fahllund (Nokia)
0.8b	4/26/2006	Corrections to the 0.8 version (based by comments from contributors)
0.9	6/7/2006	Corrections based on comments from the 0.8b version
1.0RC	8/2/2006	Added lubricant recommendation, LLRC delta change specified
1.01RC	11/10/2006	Editorial changes and addition based on Oct-06 USB-IF CCWG meeting.
1.02RC	12/10/2006	Shell material thickness tolerances changed so that material can be 0.25 mm or 0.3 mm; edited three pictures (Figure 4-10, 4-11 and 4-12).
1.03RC	12/11/2006	Two pictures edited (Figure 4-8 and 4-9). In fig 4-8 max height to be 2.8 mm MAX. In fig 4-9 R0.25 mm MAX to be R0.30 mm MAX.
1.0RC3	12/19/2006	For BoD approval
1.0	1/12/2007	Approved
1.0	1/22/2007	Cosmetic edits for publication
1.01	4/4/2007	Editorial corrections and additions to contributor list. Reinserted shell and plug material requirements as section 6.10, Clarified wording on Plating Recommendations.

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UNIVERSAL SERIAL BUS INTERFACES FOR DATA AND POWER –

Part 2-2: Micro-USB Cables and Connectors Specification, Revision 1.01

1 Introduction

1.1 General

USB has become a popular interface for exchanging data between cell phone and portable devices. Many of these devices have become so small it is impossible to use standard USB components as defined in the USB 2.0 specification. In addition the durability requirements of the Cell Phone and Portable Devices market exceed the specifications of the current interconnects. Since Cell Phones and other small Portable Devices are the largest market potential for USB, this specification is addressing this very large market while meeting all the requirements for electrical performance within the USB 2.0 specification.

1.2 Objective of the Specification

The purpose of this document is to define the requirements and features of a Micro-USB connector that will meet the current and future needs of the Cell Phone and Portable Devices markets, while conforming to the USB 2.0 specification for performance, physical size and shape of the Micro-USB interconnect.

This is not a stand-alone document. Any aspects of USB that are not specifically changed by this specification are governed by the USB 2.0 Specification and USB On-The-Go Supplement.

1.3 Intended Audience/Scope

Cell phone and Portable Devices have become so thin that the current Mini-USB does not fit well within the constraints of future designs. Additional requirements for a more rugged connector that will have durability past 10 000 cycles and still meet the USB 2.0 specification for mechanical and electrical performance was also a consideration. The Mini-USB could not be modified and remain backward compatible to the existing connector as defined in the USB OTG specification.

1.4 Related Documents

USB 2.0

USB OTG Supplement

2 Acronyms and Terms

This chapter lists and defines terms and abbreviations used throughout this specification.

A-Device A device with a Type-A plug inserted into its receptacle. The A-device supplies power to VBUS and is host at the start of a session. If the A-device is On-The-Go, it may relinquish the role of host to an On-The-Go B-device under certain conditions,

Application A generic term referring to any software that is running on a device that can control the behavior or actions of the USB port(s) on a device.

B-Device A device with a Type-B plug inserted into its receptacle. The B-device is a peripheral at the start of a session. If the B-device is OTG, it may be granted the role of host from an OTG A-device.

DIP-type A connector with contact and shield solder tails that are soldered through the printed circuit board.

FS Full Speed (max 12 Mb/s)

Higher than HS (480 Mb/s ---> 5 Gb/s)

HS High Speed (max 480 Mb/s)

Host A physical entity that is attached to a USB cable and is acting in the role of the USB host as defined in the USB Specification, Revision 2.0. This entity initiates all data transactions and provides periodic Start of Frames.

HNP Host Negotiation Protocol

ID Identification. Denotes the pin on the Micro connectors that is used to differentiate a Micro-A plug from a Micro-B plug.

LS Low Speed (max 1,5 Mb/s)

Midmount-type A connector that is mounted in a cut-out in the printed circuit board between the top and bottom surfaces.

OTG On-The-Go

OTG device A device with the host and peripheral capabilities

Peripheral A physical entity that is attached to a USB cable and is currently operating as a “device” as defined in the USB Specification, Revision 2.0. The Peripheral responds to low level bus requests from the Host.

PCB Printed circuit board

USB Universal Serial Bus

USB-IF USB Implementers Forum

3 Significant Features

This section identifies the significant features of the Micro-USB specification. The purpose of this section is not to present all the technical details associated with each major feature, but rather to highlight its existence. Where appropriate, this section references other parts of the document where further details can be found.

3.1 USB 2.0 Specification Compliance

Any device with Micro-USB features is first and foremost a USB peripheral that is compliant with the USB 2.0 specification.

3.2 On-The-Go Device

Any OTG Micro-USB device shall conform to the OTG requirements as set forth in the On-The-Go Supplement to the USB 2.0 Specification.

3.3 Connectors

The USB 2.0 specification defines the following connectors:

- Standard-A plug and receptacle,
- Standard-B plug and receptacle, and
- Mini-B plug and receptacle.

The Micro-USB specification defines the following additional connectors:

- Micro-B plug and receptacle
- Micro-AB receptacle
- Micro-A plug.

The Micro-AB receptacle is only allowed on OTG products. All other uses of the Micro-AB receptacle are prohibited. The Micro-AB receptacle accepts either a Micro-A plug or a Micro-B plug.

It is recommended that the Micro-AB continue to support HNP as requested and support full functionality as a peripheral when a Micro-B plug is inserted.

3.4 Compliant Cable Assemblies

The USB 2.0 specification defines the following cables:

- Standard-A plug to Standard–B plug,
- Standard-A plug to Mini-B plug, and
- Captive cable with Standard-A plug.

The Micro-USB specification defines the following additional cables:

- Micro-A plug to Micro-B plug,
- Micro-A plug to Standard-A receptacle
- Micro-B plug to Standard-A plug, and
- Hardwired Captive cable with Micro-A plug. (Hardwired Captive cable is a cable, connected internally to a device, which is not designed to be removed by the end user of that device.)

No other types of cables are allowed by either the USB specification, or by the OTG supplement. Cables are not allowed to have receptacles on either end unless they meet the mechanical and electrical requirements of adapters defined in this document.

3.5 Plug Overmolds

The Micro-USB specification constrains the size and the shape of the overmolds for the Micro-A and Micro-B plugs.

The Micro-A plug’s overmold has a rectangular shape, and the Micro-B plug’s overmold is rectangular with chamfers. This allows easy recognition and differentiation of the two plugs by the consumer. See pictures Figure 4-4 and Figure 4-5.