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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies –

Part 1: General rules

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Part 1: General rules

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

LOW-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR ASSEMBLIES -

Part 1: General rules

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 61439-1 has been prepared by subcommittee 121B: Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies, of IEC technical committee 121: Switchgear and controlgear and their assemblies for low voltage.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2011. It constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) clarification that power electric converter systems, switch mode power supplies, uninterruptable power supplies and adjustable speed power drive systems are tested to their particular products standard, but when they are incorporated in assemblies the incorporation is in accordance with the IEC 61439 series of standards;
- b) introduction of a group rated current for circuits within a loaded assembly and the refocusing of temperature-rise verification on this new characteristic;
- c) addition of requirements in respect of DC;
- d) introduction of the concept of class I and class II assemblies regarding protection against electric shock.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
121B/99/FDIS	121B/103/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The reader's attention is drawn to the fact that Annex N lists all the "in-some-countries" clauses on differing practices of a less permanent nature regarding this document.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. 61439-1-2020

A list of all parts of the IEC 61439 series, under the general title Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- · amended.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

The contents of the corrigendum of December 2021 have been included in this copy.

The contents of the corrigendum 2 of September 2023 only applies to the French version.

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this document is to harmonize as far as practicable all rules and requirements of a general nature applicable to low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies (ASSEMBLIES), in order to obtain uniformity of requirements and verification for assemblies and to avoid the need for verification in other standards. All those requirements for the various assembly standards which can be considered as general have therefore been gathered in this document together with specific subjects of wide interest and application, e.g. temperature-rise, dielectric properties, etc.

For each type of low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assembly, only two main standards are necessary to determine all requirements and the corresponding methods of verification:

- the basic standard, (this document) referred to as "IEC 61439-1" in the specific standards, covering the various types of low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies;
- the specific assembly standard hereinafter also referred to as the relevant assembly standard.

For a general rule to apply to a specific assembly standard, it should be explicitly referred to by quoting this document followed by the relevant clause or subclause number e.g. "IEC 61439-1:2020, 9.1.3".

A specific assembly standard may not require, and hence need not call up, a general rule where it is not applicable, or it may can add requirements if the general rule is deemed inadequate in the particular case, but it may not deviate from it unless there is substantial technical justification detailed in the specific assembly standard.

Where, in this document, a cross-reference is made to another clause, the reference is to be taken to apply to that clause as amended by the specific assembly standard, where applicable.

Requirements in this document that are subject to agreement between the assembly manufacturer and the user are summarized in Annex C (informative). This schedule also facilitates the supply of information on basic conditions and additional user specifications to enable proper design, application and utilization of the assembly.

For the new re-structured IEC 61439 series, the following parts are-envisaged published:

- a) IEC 61439-1: General rules
- b) IEC 61439-2: Power switchgear and controlgear assemblies (PSC-assemblies)1
- c) IEC 61439-3: Distribution boards-(to supersede IEC 60439-3) intended to be operated by ordinary persons (DBO)
- d) IEC 61439-4: ASSEMBLIES for construction sites (to supersede IEC 60439-4) Particular requirements for assemblies for construction sites (ACS)
- e) IEC 61439-5: Assemblies for power distribution (to supersede IEC 60439-5) in public networks
- f) IEC 61439-6: Busbar trunking systems (to supersede IEC 60439-2) (busways)
- f) IEC 61439-7: Assemblies for specific applications such as marinas, camping sites, market squares, electric vehicle charging stations
- g) IEC TR 61439-0: Guidance to specifying assemblies.

This list is not exhaustive; additional parts may can be developed as the need arises.

¹ IEC 61439-2 includes requirements for assemblies for use in photovoltaic installations.

LOW-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR ASSEMBLIES -

Part 1: General rules

1 Scope

NOTE 1 Throughout this standard, the term ASSEMBLY (see 3.1.1) is used for a low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assembly.

This part of IEC 61439 lays down the general definitions and states the service conditions, construction requirements, technical characteristics and verification requirements for low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies.

This standard cannot be used alone to specify an ASSEMBLY or used for a purpose of determining conformity. ASSEMBLIES shall comply with the relevant part of the IEC 61439 series; Parts 2 onwards.

NOTE Throughout this document, the term assembly(s) (see 3.1.1) is used for a low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assembly(s).

For the purpose of determining assembly conformity, the requirements of the relevant part of the IEC 61439 series, Part 2 onwards, apply together with the cited requirements of this document. For assemblies not covered by Part 3 onward, Part 2 applies.

This document applies to low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies (ASSEMBLIES) only when required by the relevant assembly standard as follows:

- assemblies for which the rated voltage does not exceed 1000 V-in case of AC or 1500 V-in case of DC;
- assemblies designed for a nominal frequency of the incoming supply or supplies not exceeding 1000 Hz;
- assemblies intended for indoor and outdoor applications;
- stationary or movable assemblies with or without an enclosure;
- assemblies intended for use in connection with the generation, transmission, distribution and conversion of electric energy, and for the control of electrical energy consuming equipment.
 - ASSEMBLIES designed for use under special service conditions, for example in ships and in rail vehicles provided that the other relevant specific requirements are complied with:
 - -NOTE 2 Supplementary requirements for ASSEMBLIES in ships are covered by IEC 60092-302.
 - ASSEMBLIES designed for electrical equipment of machines provided that the other relevant specific requirements are complied with.
 - NOTE 3 Supplementary requirements for ASSEMBLIES forming part of a machine are covered by the IEC 60204 series.

This standard applies to all ASSEMBLIES whether they are designed, manufactured and verified on a one-off basis or fully standardised and manufactured in quantity.

The manufacture and/or assembly may be carried out other than by the original manufacturer (see 3.10.1).

This document does not apply to individual devices and self-contained components such as motor starters, fuse switches, power electronic converter systems and equipment (PECS), switch mode power supplies (SMPS), uninterruptable power supplies (UPS), basic drive

modules (BDM), complete drive modules (CDM), adjustable speed power drives systems (PDS), and other electronic equipment, etc. which will comply with their relevant product standards. This document describes the integration of devices and self-contained components into an assembly or into an empty enclosure forming an assembly.

For some applications involving, for example, explosive atmospheres, functional safety, there can be a need to comply with the requirements of other standards or legislation in addition to those specified in the IEC 61439 series.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-2-2:2007, Environmental testing - Part 2-2: Tests - Test B: Dry heat

IEC 60068-2-11:1981, Basic environmental testing procedures – Part 2-11: Tests – Test Ka: Salt mist

IEC 60068-2-30:2005, Environmental testing – Part 2-30: Tests – Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h cycle)

IEC 60073:2002, Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification – Coding principles for indicators and actuators

IEC 60085:2007, Electrical insulation – Thermal evaluation and designation

IEC 60216 (all parts), Electrical insulating materials - Properties of thermal endurance

IEC 60227-3:1993, Polyvinyl chloride insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V - Part 3: Non-sheathed cables for fixed wiring

IEC 60245-3:1994, Rubber insulated cables – Rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V – Part 3: Heat resistant silicone insulated cables

IEC 60245-4:1994, Rubber insulated cables — Rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V — Part 4: Cords and flexible cables

IEC 60364 (all parts), Low-voltage electrical installations

IEC 60364-4-41:2005, Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 4-41: Protection for safety – Protection against electric shock

IEC 60364-4-41:2005/AMD1:2017

IEC 60364-4-44:2007, Low-voltage electrical installations — Part 4-44: Protection for safety — Protection against voltage disturbances and electromagnetic disturbances

IEC 60364-5-51:2005, Electrical installations of buildings – Part 5-51: Selection and erection of electrical equipment – Common rules

IEC 60364-5-52:2009, Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 5-52: Selection and erection of electrical equipment – Wiring systems