



# SLOVENSKI STANDARD

## SIST EN 62439-1:2010

01-maj-2010

Nadomešča:  
SIST EN 62439:2008

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### Industrijska komunikacijska omrežja za avtomatizacijo z visoko razpoložljivostjo - 1. del: Splošni koncept in metode izračunavanja (IEC 62439-1:2010 )

Industrial communication networks - High availability automation networks - Part 1:  
General concepts and calculation methods (IEC 62439-1:2010 )

Industrielle Kommunikationsnetze - Hochverfügbare Automatisierungsnetze - Teil 1:  
Grundlagen und Berechnungsmethoden (IEC 62439-1:2010 )

Réseaux de communication industrielle - Réseaux d'automatisme à haute disponibilité -  
Partie 1 : Concepts généraux et méthodes de calcul (CEI 62439-1:2010 )

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: **EN 62439-1:2010**

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#### **ICS:**

25.040.01	Sistemi za avtomatizacijo v industriji na splošno	Industrial automation systems in general
35.110	Omreževanje	Networking

**SIST EN 62439-1:2010** en

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EUROPEAN STANDARD  
NORME EUROPÉENNE  
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

**EN 62439-1**

March 2010

ICS 25.040; 35.040

Supersedes EN 62439:2008 (partially)

English version

**Industrial communication networks -  
High availability automation networks -  
Part 1: General concepts and calculation methods  
(IEC 62439-1:2010)**

Réseaux de communication industrielle –  
Réseaux d'automatisme à haute  
disponibilité –  
Partie 1 : Concepts généraux et méthodes  
de calcul  
(CEI 62439-1:2010)

Industrielle Kommunikationsnetze -  
Hochverfügbare Automatisierungsnetze -  
Teil 1: Grundlagen  
und Berechnungsmethoden  
(IEC 62439-1:2010)

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This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2010-03-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

**CENELEC**

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization  
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique  
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

**Central Secretariat: Avenue Marnix 17, B - 1000 Brussels**

## Foreword

The text of document 65C/583/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 662439-1, prepared by SC 65C, Industrial networks, of IEC TC 65, Industrial-process measurement, control and automation, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 62439-1 on 2010-03-01.

This EN 62439-1 together with EN 62439-2, EN 62439-3, EN 62439-4, EN 62439-5 and EN 62439-6 supersedes EN 62439:2008.

This EN 62439-1:2010 includes the following significant technical changes with respect to EN 62439:2008:

- adding a calculation method for RSTP (rapid spanning tree protocol, IEEE 802.1Q),
- adding two new redundancy protocols: HSR (High-availability Seamless Redundancy) and DRP (Distributed Redundancy Protocol),
- moving former Clauses 1 to 4 (introduction, definitions, general aspects) and the Annexes (taxonomy, availability calculation) to EN 62439-1, which serves now as a base for the other documents,
- moving Clause 5 (MRP) to EN 62439-2 with minor editorial changes,
- moving Clause 6 (PRP) was to EN 62439-3 with minor editorial changes,
- moving Clause 7 (CRP) was to EN 62439-4 with minor editorial changes, and
- moving Clause 8 (BRP) was to EN 62439-5 with minor editorial changes,
- adding a method to calculate the maximum recovery time of RSTP in a restricted configuration (ring) to EN 62439-1 as Clause 8,
- adding specifications of the HSR (High-availability Seamless Redundancy) protocol, which shares the principles of PRP to EN 62439-3 as Clause 5, and
- introducing the DRP protocol as EN 62439-6.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN and CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

The following dates were fixed:

- |                                                                                                                                          |       |            |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------|
| – latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement | (dop) | 2010-12-01 |
| – latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn                                               | (dow) | 2013-03-01 |

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

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## Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 62439-1:2010 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 61158 series	NOTE Harmonized in EN 61158 series (not modified).
IEC/TR 61158-1	NOTE Harmonized as CLC/TR 61158-1.
IEC/TR 61158-6 series	NOTE Harmonized in EN 61158-6 series (not modified).
IEC 61784-2:2007	NOTE Harmonized as EN 61784-2:2008 (not modified).
IEC 62439-2	NOTE Harmonized as EN 62439-2.
IEC 62439-3	NOTE Harmonized as EN 62439-3.
IEC 62439-4	NOTE Harmonized as EN 62439-4.
IEC 62439-5	NOTE Harmonized as EN 62439-5.
IEC 62439-6	NOTE Harmonized as EN 62439-6.
IEC 61918:2007	NOTE Harmonized as EN 61918:2008 (modified).

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## Annex ZA (normative)

### Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60050-191	1990	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) - Chapter 191: Dependability and quality of service	-	-
IEC 61158	Series	Fieldbus standard for use in industrial control systems	EN 61158	Series
IEC 61158-6-10	-	Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 6-10: Application layer protocol specification - Type 10 elements	EN 61158-6-10	-
ISO/IEC 8802-3	2000	Information technology - Telecommunications - and information exchange between systems - Local and metropolitan area networks - Specific requirements - Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications	-	-
IEEE 802.1D	2004	IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks - Media Access Control (MAC) Bridges	-	-
IEEE 802.1Q	-	IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks - Virtual Bridged Local Area Networks	-	-
IETF RFC 791	-	Internet Protocol - DARPA Internet Program Protocol Specification	-	-



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Edition 1.0 2010-02

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



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**Industrial communication networks – High availability automation networks –  
Part 1: General concepts and calculation methods**

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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**INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS –  
HIGH AVAILABILITY AUTOMATION NETWORKS –**
**Part 1: General concepts and calculation methods**

## FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard 62439-1 has been prepared by subcommittee 65C: Industrial Networks, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation.

This standard cancels and replaces IEC 62439 published in 2008. This first edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to IEC 62439 (2008):

- adding a calculation method for RSTP (rapid spanning tree protocol, IEEE 802.1Q),
- adding two new redundancy protocols: HSR (High-availability Seamless Redundancy) and DRP (Distributed Redundancy Protocol),
- moving former Clauses 1 to 4 (introduction, definitions, general aspects) and the Annexes (taxonomy, availability calculation) to IEC 62439-1, which serves now as a base for the other documents,
- moving Clause 5 (MRP) to IEC 62439-2 with minor editorial changes,

- moving Clause 6 (PRP) was to IEC 62439-3 with minor editorial changes,
- moving Clause 7 (CRP) was to IEC 62439-4 with minor editorial changes, and
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- adding specifications of the HSR (High-availability Seamless Redundancy) protocol, which shares the principles of PRP to IEC 62439-3 as Clause 5, and
- introducing the DRP protocol as IEC 62439-6.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
65C/583/FDIS	65C/589/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

A list of the IEC 62439 series can be found, under the general title *Industrial communication networks – High availability automation networks*, on the IEC website.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this amendment and the base publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

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- reconfirmed, <https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/25b16b58-ec6a-455a-8f9d-ac775882272e/sist-en-62439-1-2010>
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this standard may be issued at a later date.

**IMPORTANT – The “colour inside” logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this publication using a colour printer.**

## INTRODUCTION

The IEC 62439 series specifies relevant principles for high availability networks that meet the requirements for industrial automation networks.

In the fault-free state of the network, the protocols of the IEC 62439 series provide ISO/IEC 8802-3 (IEEE 802.3) compatible, reliable data communication, and preserve determinism of real-time data communication. In cases of fault, removal, and insertion of a component, they provide deterministic recovery times.

These protocols retain fully the typical Ethernet communication capabilities as used in the office world, so that the software involved remains applicable.

The market is in need of several network solutions, each with different performance characteristics and functional capabilities, matching diverse application requirements. These solutions support different redundancy topologies and mechanisms which are introduced in IEC 62439-1 and specified in the other Parts of the IEC 62439 series. IEC 62439-1 also distinguishes between the different solutions, giving guidance to the user.

The IEC 62439 series follows the general structure and terms of IEC 61158 series.

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# INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – HIGH AVAILABILITY AUTOMATION NETWORKS –

## Part 1: General concepts and calculation methods

### 1 Scope

The IEC 62439 series is applicable to high-availability automation networks based on the ISO/IEC 8802-3 (IEEE 802.3) (Ethernet) technology.

This part of the IEC 62439 series specifies

- the common elements and definitions for other parts of the IEC 62439 series;
- the conformance test specification (normative);
- a classification scheme for network characteristics (informative);
- a methodology for estimating network availability (informative);
- the configuration rules, calculation and measurement method for a deterministic recovery time in RSTP.

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### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-191:1990, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Chapter 191: Dependability and quality of service*

IEC 61158 (all parts), *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications*

IEC 61158-6-10, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 6-10: Application layer protocol specification – Type 10 elements*

ISO/IEC 8802-3:2000, *Information technology – Telecommunications and information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications*

IEEE 802.1Q, *IEEE standards for local and metropolitan area network. Virtual bridged local area networks*

IEEE 802.1D:2004, *IEEE standard for local Local and metropolitan area networks Media Access Control (MAC) Bridges*

IETF RFC 791, *Internet Protocol*; available at <<http://www.ietf.org>>

### 3 Terms, definitions, abbreviations, acronyms, and conventions

#### 3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60050-191, as well as the following, apply

##### 3.1.1

##### **availability (performance)**

ability of an item to be in a state to perform a required function under given conditions at a given instant of time or over a given time interval, assuming that the required external resources are provided

NOTE 1 This ability depends on the combined aspects of the reliability performance, the maintainability performance, and the maintenance support performance.

NOTE 2 Required external resources, other than maintenance resources, do not affect the availability performance of the item.

[IEV 191-02-05]

##### 3.1.2

##### **channel**

layer 2 connection between two end nodes which consists of one or more paths (for redundancy) between end nodes

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##### 3.1.3

##### **common mode failure**

failure that affects all redundant elements for a given function at the same time

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##### 3.1.4

##### **complete failure**

failure which results in the complete inability of an item to perform all required functions

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[IEV 191-04-20]

##### 3.1.5

##### **connection**

logical relationship between two nodes

##### 3.1.6

##### **coverage**

probability that a failure is discovered within a time short enough for redundancy to handle it, also expressing the percentage of failures caught up by redundancy vs. total number of failures

##### 3.1.7

##### **cut-through switching**

a technology in which a switching node starts transmitting a received frame before this frame has been fully received

##### 3.1.8

##### **degradation failure**

failure which is both a gradual failure and a partial failure

[IEV 191-04-22]