

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 62496-3-1:2011

01-maj-2011

Plošče z optičnimi vezji - Tehnični standard - 3-1. del: Gibke plošče z optičnimi vezji, ki uporabljajo optična vlakna brez konektorjev (IEC 62496-3-1:2009)

Optical circuit boards - Performance standard - Part 3-1: Flexible optical circuit boards using unconnectorized optical glass fibres (IEC 62496-3-1:2009)

Optische Leiterplatten - Betriebsverhalten - Teil 3-1: Flexible optische Leiterplatten mit nicht steckbaren Lichtwellenleitern (IEC 62496-3-1:2009)

Cartes à circuits optiques - Norme de performance - Partie 3-1 : Cartes à circuits optiques souples utilisant des fibres optiques en silice non connectorisées (CEI 62496-3 -1:2009)

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d9577518-c908-4e0f-9ab0-6c615065a79a/sist-en-62496-3-1-2011

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 62496-3-1:2010

ICS:

31.180 Tiskana vezja (TIV) in tiskane Printed circuits and boards

plošče

33.180.01 Sistemi z optičnimi vlakni na Fibre optic systems in

splošno general

SIST EN 62496-3-1:2011 en

SIST EN 62496-3-1:2011

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 62496-3-1:2011 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d9577518-c908-4e0f-9ab0-6c615065a79a/sist-en-62496-3-1-2011 EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 62496-3-1

NORME FUROPÉENNE **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

May 2010

ICS 31.180; 33.180.01

English version

Optical circuit boards -Performance standard -

Part 3-1: Flexible optical circuit boards using unconnectorized optical glass fibres

(IEC 62496-3-1:2009)

Cartes à circuits optiques -Norme de performance -

Partie 3-1 : Cartes à circuits optiques souples utilisant des fibres optiques en silice non connectorisées

(CEI 62496-3-1:2009) Teh STANDARD PKontrollierte Umgebung (IEC 62496-3-1:2009)

Optische Leiterplatten -Betriebsverhalten -

Teil 3-1: Flexible optische Leiterplatten mit nicht steckbaren Lichtwellenleitern

für die Kategorie C -

(standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 62496-3-1:2011

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d9577518-c908-4e0f-9ab0-

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2010-05-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B - 1000 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 86/319/CDV, future edition 1 of IEC 62496-3-1, prepared by IEC TC 86, Fibre optics, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 62496-3-1 on 2010-05-01.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN and CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

The following dates were fixed:

 latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement

(dop) 2011-02-01

 latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn

(dow) 2013-05-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 62496-3-1:2009 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60793-1-1 https://	NOTE	SIST EN 62496-3-1:2011 Harmonized as EN 60793-1-1 Is.iteh.a/catalog/standards/sist/d9577518-c908-4e0f-9ab0-
IEC 60793-2	NOTE	6c615065a79a/sist-en-62496-3-1-2011 Harmonized as EN 60793-2.
IEC 60793-2-10	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60793-2-10.
IEC 60793-2-20	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60793-2-20.
IEC 60793-2-50	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60793-2-50.
IEC 60793-2-60	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60793-2-60.
IEC 61753-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61753-1.
IEC 62496-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 62496-1.

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 61300-2-18	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-18: Tests - Dry heat - High temperature endurance	EN 61300-2-18 e	-
IEC 61300-2-19	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-19: Tests - Damp heat (steady state)	EN 61300-2-19	-
IEC 61300-2-22	iT	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-22 Tests - Change of temperature	EN 61300-2-22	-
IEC 61300-3-1	- https://sta	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components 4 Basic 1est and measurement procedures = 1/49577518-c908-4c0 Part 3-11 Examinations and measurements - Visual examination	EN 61300-3-1 0f-9ab0-	-
IEC 61300-3-4	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 3-4: Examinations and measurements - Attenuation	EN 61300-3-4	-
IEC 61300-3-6	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 3-6: Examinations and measurements - Return loss	EN 61300-3-6	-
ISO 5999	-	Flexible cellular polymeric materials - Polyurethane foam for load-bearing applications excluding carpet underlay - Specification	-	-

SIST EN 62496-3-1:2011

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 62496-3-1:2011 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d9577518-c908-4e0f-9ab0-6c615065a79a/sist-en-62496-3-1-2011



IEC 62496-3-1

Edition 1.0 2009-08

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Optical circuit boards h STANDARD PREVIEW Part 3-1: Performance standards – Flexible optical circuit boards using unconnectorized optical glass fibres

<u>SIST EN 62496-3-1:2011</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d9577518-c908-4e0f-9ab0-6c615065a79a/sist-en-62496-3-1-2011

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

PRICE CODE

N

ICS 31.180; 33.180.01 ISBN 978-2-88910-740-7

CONTENTS

FOF	REWORD3				
1	Scope5				
2	Normative references				
3	Terms and definitions5				
4	Tests				
5	Test report7				
6	Reference components7				
7	Visual inspection				
8	Connectivity inspection				
9	Performance requirements				
	9.1 Sample size, test sequencing and grouping				
	9.2 Performance details				
Anr	ex A (normative) Test method of bending endurance of fibre flexible OCB10				
Ann	ex B (normative) Optical fibre routing pattern and dimension of test specimen11				
Ann	ex C (normative) Test sample size, test sequencing and grouping requirements12				
Ann	ex D (normative) Test method of static pressure endurance of OCB body13				
Bibl	iographyiTeh STANDARD PREVIEW14				
Figu	ure 1 – Example of fibre flexible acadards.iteh.ai)				
Figi	ure A.1 – Configuration of the bending endurance test10				
Figu	ure B.1 – Optical fibre routing pattern and the dimensional outline drawing of B body for the test specimen contacts and the dimensional outline drawing of 11 body for the test specimen contacts are also sistem for the test specimen contacts are also sistem for the test specimen contacts are also sistem for the test specimen by the contact are also sistem for the test specimen contact and the contact are also sistem for the test specimen contact and the contact are also sistem for the contact are also sincluded and the contact are also sistem for the contact are also				
	ure D.1 – Configuration of static pressure endurance test				
Tab	le 1 – Optical fibres for FFOCB -16				
Tab	Table 2 – Optical fibres for FFOCB -27				
Tab	Table 3 – Performance details8				
Tab	le C.1 – Sample size and sequencing for the performance standard12				

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

OPTICAL CIRCUIT BOARDS -

Part 3-1: Performance standards – Flexible optical circuit boards using unconnectorized optical glass fibres

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.

 6c615065a79a/sist-en-62496-3-1-2011
- 5) IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with an IEC Publication.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 62496-3-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting	
86/319/CDV	86/342/RVC	

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of IEC 62496 series, published under the general title *Optical circuit boards*, can be found on the IEC website.

62496-3-1 © IEC:2009(E)

– 4 –

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- · reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 62496-3-1:2011 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d9577518-c908-4e0f-9ab0-6c615065a79a/sist-en-62496-3-1-2011

OPTICAL CIRCUIT BOARDS -

Part 3-1: Performance standards – Flexible optical circuit boards using unconnectorized optical glass fibres

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62496 defines the performance of flexible optical circuit boards (FOCBs) using unconnectorized optical glass fibres for controlled environment. This standard clarifies the requirements for quality classification of the flexible OCBs incorporating optical glass fibres.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61300-2-18, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-18: Tests – Dry heat – High temperature endurance (Standards.iteh.ai)

IEC61300-2-19, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2819:Nests-3 Damp heat (steady state)

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d9577518-c908-4e0f-9ab0-

IEC61300-2-22, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-22: Tests – Change of temperature

IEC 61300-3-1, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-1: Examinations and measurements – Visual examination

IEC 61300-3-4, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-4: Examinations and measurements – Attenuation

IEC 61300-3-6, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-6: Examinations and measurements – Return loss

ISO 5999, Flexible cellular polymeric materials – Polyurethane foam for load-bearing applications excluding carpet underlay – Specification

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

FFOCB (fibre flexible OCB)

an OCB on which arbitrary routing patterns are made by fixing optical fibres and covered by a protection layer as illustrated in Figure 1. The fibre flexible OCB consists of a portion where the optical fibre is adhered to the flexible substrate as a routing pattern (OCB body) and "OCB tails" where the optical fibre is stacked out from the OCB body. The substrate for