

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Electrical installations in ships –
Part 353: Power cables for rated voltages 1 kV and 3 kV**

**Installations électriques à bord des navires –
Partie 353: Câbles d'énergie pour les tensions assignées 1 kV et 3 kV**

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CONTENTS

FOREWORD	4
1 Scope and object.....	6
2 Normative references	6
3 Terms and definitions	7
4 General requirements	7
4.1 Rated voltage	7
4.2 Markings.....	8
4.2.1 Indication of origin and voltage identification	8
4.2.2 Continuity of marking	8
4.2.3 Core identification.....	8
5 Constructional requirements	8
5.1 General description.....	8
5.1.1 Overview	8
5.1.2 Unarmoured cables (excluding 1,8/3 kV)	8
5.1.3 Armoured cables.....	9
5.2 Conductors	10
5.3 Insulation.....	10
5.3.1 Material.....	10
5.3.2 Application.....	10
5.3.3 Thickness of insulation.....	10
5.4 Cabling (including fillers and binders).....	11
5.5 Inner covering.....	11
5.5.1 General	11
5.5.2 Thickness of inner covering.....	11
5.6 Screen.....	12
5.6.1 Construction	12
5.6.2 Application.....	13
5.7 Inner sheath	13
5.7.1 Material	13
5.7.2 Application.....	13
5.7.3 Thickness of inner sheath	13
5.8 Braid armour.....	13
5.8.1 General	13
5.8.2 Braid wire diameter.....	14
5.8.3 Coverage density	14
5.8.4 Application of the armour	14
5.9 Outer sheath.....	14
5.9.1 Material	14
5.9.2 Application.....	14
5.9.3 Thickness of outer sheath	14
5.9.4 Colour of outer sheath	15
6 Tests – Methods and requirements	15
Annex A (informative) Alternative enhanced insulation thickness for 0,6/1 kV	18
Annex B (informative) Identification of cores of multicore cables.....	19
B.1 Inscription.....	19

B.2	Arrangement of the marks	19
B.3	Spacing and dimensions of the marks	19
B.4	Appearance of inscription	20
	Bibliography	21
	Figure B.1 – Arrangement of the marks	19
	Table 1 – Insulation thickness	11
	Table 2 – Thickness of extruded inner covering and fictitious diameters	12
	Table 3 – Requirements of drain wire	12
	Table 4 – Tests applicable to all cables (1 of 2)	15
	Table 5 – Additional tests required for halogen-free cables	16
	Table 6 – Additional test required for low smoke cables	17
	Table 7 – Additional test required for fire resistant cables	17
	Table 8 – Additional tests required for specific performances	17
	Table A.1 – Alternative enhanced insulation thickness for 0,6/1 kV	18
	Table B.1 – Dimensions of the marks	20

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International Standard IEC 60092-353 has been prepared by Subcommittee 18A: Electric cables for ships and mobile and fixed offshore units of IEC Technical Committee 18: Electrical installations of ships and of mobile and fixed offshore units.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition published in 2011. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) updated references to IEC 60092-350 for general construction and test methods and IEC 60092-360 for insulating and sheathing materials.

The text of this document is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
18A/399/FDIS	18A/400/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this document can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all the parts of the IEC 60092 series, under the general title *Electrical installations in ships*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

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ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS IN SHIPS –

Part 353: Power cables for rated voltages 1 kV and 3 kV

1 Scope and object

This part of IEC 60092 is applicable to shipboard and offshore non radial field power cables with extruded solid insulation, having a voltage rating of 0,6/1 (1,2) kV or 1,8/3 (3,6) kV intended for fixed installations.

Cables designed to maintain circuit integrity during fire are included.

The various types of power cables are given in 5.1. The constructional requirements and test methods are aligned with those indicated in IEC 60092-350, unless otherwise specified in this document.

The object of this document is

- to standardize cables whose safety and reliability is ensured when they are installed in accordance with the requirements of IEC 60092-352 or IEC 61892-4,
- to lay down standard manufacturing requirements and characteristics of such cables directly or indirectly bearing on safety, and
- to specify test methods for checking conformity with those requirements.

[IEC 60092-353:2016](#)

2 Normative references

[standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b782862d-6e97-4c50-946e-93622d4274b0/iec-60092-353-2016](#)

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-461, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Part 461: Electric cables*

IEC 60092-350:2014, *Electrical installations in ships – Part 350: General construction and test methods of power, control and instrumentation cables for shipboard and offshore applications*

IEC 60092-360, *Electrical installations in ships – Part 360: Insulating and sheathing materials for shipboard and offshore units, power, control, instrumentation and telecommunication cables*

IEC 60228, *Conductors of insulated cables*

IEC 60331-1, *Tests for electric cables under fire conditions – Circuit integrity – Part 1: Test method for fire with shock at a temperature of at least 830 °C for cables of rated voltage up to and including 0,6/1,0 kV and with an overall diameter exceeding 20 mm*

IEC 60331-2, *Tests for electric cables under fire conditions – Circuit integrity – Part 2: Test method for fire with shock at a temperature of at least 830 °C for cables of rated voltage up to and including 0,6/1,0 kV and with an overall diameter not exceeding 20 mm*

IEC 60331-21, *Tests for electric cables under fire conditions – Circuit integrity – Part 21: Procedures and requirements – Cables of rated voltage up to and including 0,6/1,0 kV*

IEC 60332-1-2, *Tests on electric and optical fibre cables under fire conditions – Part 1-2: Test for vertical flame propagation for a single insulated wire or cable – Procedure for 1 kW pre-mixed flame*

IEC 60332-3-22, *Tests on electric cables and optical fibre cables under fire conditions – Part 3-22: Test for vertical flame spread of vertically-mounted bunched wires or cables – Category A*

IEC 60445, *Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification – Identification of equipment terminals, conductor terminations and conductors*

IEC 60684-2, *Flexible insulating sleeving – Part 2: Methods of test*

IEC 60754-1, *Test on gases evolved during combustion of materials from cables – Part 1: Determination of the halogen acid gas content*

IEC 60754-2, *Test on gases evolved during combustion of materials from cables – Part 2: Determination of acidity (by pH measurement) and conductivity*

IEC 61034-2, *Measurement of smoke density of cables burning under defined conditions – Part 2: Test procedure and requirements*

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3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60092-350 and in IEC 60050-461 apply.

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- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

4 General requirements

4.1 Rated voltage

The standard method of designating the rated voltages of cables covered by this document shall take the following form:

$$U_o/U (U_m)$$

where

U_o is the rated power-frequency voltage between phase conductor and earth or metallic screen, for which the cable is designed;

U is the rated power-frequency voltage between phase conductors for which the cable is designed;

U_m is the maximum value of the “highest system voltage” for which the equipment (including cable) may be used (see IEC 60038).

All voltages are given as RMS values.

The standard rated voltages $U_0/U (U_m)$ of the cables considered in this document are the following:

$$U_0/U (U_m) = 0,6/1 (1,2) \text{ kV and } 1,8/3 (3,6) \text{ kV}$$

For 0,6/1 (1,2) kV cables, DC voltage up to a maximum of 1,5 times the AC voltage may be used provided that the voltage to earth does not exceed 0,9 kV.

4.2 Markings

4.2.1 Indication of origin and voltage identification

Cables shall comply with IEC 60092-350:2014, 4.1.3, with respect to

- a) indication of origin,
- b) rated voltage and cable construction (number of cores and cross sectional area of the construction),
- c) continuity of marking, and
- d) durability/legibility.

4.2.2 Continuity of marking

The marking is deemed to be continuous if the distance between the end of any marking and the beginning of the next does not exceed

- a) 550 mm if the marking is on the outer surface of the cable and
- b) 275 mm in all other cases.

4.2.3 Core identification

[IEC 60092-353:2016](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b782862d-6e97-4c50-946e-93622d4274b0/iec-60092-353-2016)

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4.2.3.1 General

Cable cores shall be clearly identified by either colours or numbers.

4.2.3.2 Coloured cores

The core colours shall be in accordance with IEC 60445.

4.2.3.3 Numbered cores – Multicore cables

Identification shall be made by inscription of numbers on each core starting from the centre beginning with 1 in accordance with Annex B.

5 Constructional requirements

5.1 General description

5.1.1 Overview

Shipboard and offshore cables for fixed installations shall be single or multicore cables generally constructed as follows.

5.1.2 Unarmoured cables (excluding 1,8/3 kV)

- a) Single-core unarmoured unsheathed cable
 - copper conductor, see 5.2;

- insulation applied as a single layer of insulating compound of one of the types described in 5.3 with an enhanced thickness equivalent to that of a combined insulation and outer sheath for use in unarmoured cables installed in an adequately protected environment (see 5.3.3 for the thickness).

b) Unarmoured single- or double-sheathed cable

- copper conductor, see 5.2;
- insulation, see 5.3;
- cabling (for multicore cables), see 5.4;
- inner covering (optional, but mandatory when a braided or a metal tape electrostatic screening is applied over the core lay-up), see 5.5;
- electrostatic screening (optional), see 5.6;
- inner sheath (optional), see 5.7;
- outer sheath applied as either one or two layer systems, see 5.9.

5.1.3 Armoured cables

a) Armoured single-sheathed cable with outer sheath only

- copper conductor, see 5.2;
- insulation, see 5.3;
- cabling (for multicore cables), see 5.4;
- inner covering below electrostatic screening (optional, but mandatory when a braided or a metal tape electrostatic screening is applied over the core lay-up), see 5.5;
- electrostatic screening (optional), see 5.6;
- inner covering (optional, but mandatory in case of a braid armour of galvanised steel wires in which case the inner covering shall be extruded), see 5.5;
- braid armour, see 5.8;
- outer sheath applied as either one- or two-layer systems, see 5.9.

NOTE 1 Variable frequency drives induce specific electrical constraints on the connected power cables (for example voltage peaks, harmonics, reflection or earthing method among other electrical stresses).

b) Armoured double-sheathed cable with inner and outer sheath

- copper conductor, see 5.2;
- insulation, see 5.3;
- cabling (for multicore cables), see 5.4;
- inner covering (optional, but mandatory when a braided or a metal tape electrostatic screening is applied over the core lay-up), see 5.5;
- electrostatic screening (optional), see 5.6;
- inner sheath, see 5.7;
- braid armour, see 5.8;
- outer sheath applied as either one or two layer systems, see 5.9.

NOTE 2 The use of a thermoplastic inner sheath (ST2 or SHF1) is not compatible with cross-linking technology of elastomeric outer sheath.

c) Armoured single-sheathed cable with inner sheath only

- copper conductor, see 5.2;
- insulation, see 5.3;
- cabling (for multicore cables), see 5.4;

- inner covering (optional, but mandatory when a braided or a metal tape electrostatic screening is applied over the core lay-up), see 5.5;
- electrostatic screening (optional), see 5.6;
- inner sheath, see 5.7;
- braid armour, see 5.8.

Cables for installation in spaces where corrosion may occur, for example weather decks, wet locations, battery compartments, refrigeration rooms, should have an outer sheath over the braid, unless the braid itself is corrosion-resistant.

5.2 Conductors

The material, metal coating, class and form of the conductors shall be in accordance with IEC 60092-350. For cables having rated voltage 1,8/3 kV, only circular stranded compacted or non-compacted conductors with a minimum cross-section of 10 mm² are permitted. A separator between conductors and insulation is permitted.

5.3 Insulation

5.3.1 Material

The insulating compounds and their designations shall be as given in IEC 60092-360, as follows:

- for 0,6/1 (1,2) kV cables, types EPR, HEPR, XLPE, HF 90 or S 95 shall be used;
- for 1,8/3 (3,6) kV cables, types only EPR, HEPR, XLPE shall be used.

The insulation system shall consist of one of the options a) to c) as listed in IEC 60092-350:2014, 4.3.1.

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5.3.2 Application

The application shall be as detailed in IEC 60092-350:2014, 4.3.2.

5.3.3 Thickness of insulation

The thickness of the insulation shall be as specified in Table 1 hereinafter and meet the requirements of IEC 60092-350:2014, 4.3.3.

For single-core unarmoured unsheathed cables (see 5.1.2 a)), the total insulation thickness shall be the sum of

- a) the thickness t_i as specified in Table 1, and
- b) the thickness as calculated in accordance with 5.9.3 a), with fictitious diameter $D = d_L + 2 t_i$ (see also IEC 60092-350:2014, A.3.1 and A.3.2). The total thickness shall meet the requirements of IEC 60092-350:2014, 4.3.3.

Table 1 – Insulation thickness

Nominal cross sectional area of conductor mm ²	0,6/1 kV		1,8/3 kV	
	EPR S 95	HEPR HF90 XLPE	EPR	HEPR XLPE
	mm	mm	mm	mm
1	1,0	0,7	–	–
1,5	1,0	0,7	–	–
2,5	1,0	0,7	–	–
4	1,0	0,7	–	–
6	1,0	0,7	–	–
10	1,0	0,7	2,2	2,0
16	1,0	0,7	2,2	2,0
25	1,2	0,9	2,2	2,0
35	1,2	0,9	2,2	2,0
50	1,4	1,0	2,2	2,0
70	1,4	1,1	2,2	2,0
95	1,6	1,1	2,4	2,0
120	1,6	1,2	2,4	2,0
150	1,8	1,4	2,4	2,0
185	2,0	1,6	2,4	2,0
240	2,2	1,7	2,4	2,0
300	2,4	1,8	2,4	2,0
400	2,6	2,0	2,6	2,0
500	2,8	2,2	2,8	2,2
630	2,8	2,4	2,8	2,4

NOTE Alternative enhanced insulation thickness can be given in some countries for legal reasons. These alternative values are based on those given in Annex A.

5.4 Cabling (including fillers and binders)

Cores of a multicore cable shall be laid up, and the interstices filled if necessary with fillers, inner covering or inner sheath (outer sheath in the case of unarmoured cables) according to IEC 60092-350:2014, 4.5.

5.5 Inner covering

5.5.1 General

The inner covering, if any, may be extruded (mandatory below galvanized steel wire braid) or lapped. The relevant material and characteristics shall be in accordance with IEC 60092-350:2014, 4.6.

5.5.2 Thickness of inner covering

The values of the (approximate) thickness of extruded inner covering for the calculation of fictitious diameters are given in Table 2.