IEC 62386-303

Edition 1.1 2024-04
CONSOLIDATED VERSION

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

colour inside

Digital addressable lighting interface –
Part 303: Particular requirements – Input devices – Occupancy sensor

iTeh Standards
(https://standards.iteh.ai)
Document Preview

IEC 62386-303:2017
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/a2e77d28-969c-4868-af4d-c543fc0a5f84/iec-62386-303-2017

IEC 62386-303:2017-05+AMD1:2024-04 CSV(en)

THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED
Copyright © 2024 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

IEC Secretariat
3, rue de Varembé
CH-1211 Geneva 20
Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11
info@iec.ch
www.iec.ch

About the IEC
The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

About IEC publications
The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigendum or an amendment might have been published.

IEC publications search - webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform
The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee, …). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished
Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available online and once a month by email.

IEC Customer Service Centre - webstore.iec.ch/csc
If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: sales@iec.ch.

IEC Products & Services Portal - products.iec.ch
Discover our powerful search engine and read freely all the publications previews, graphical symbols and the glossary. With a subscription you will always have access to up to date content tailored to your needs.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org
The world's leading online dictionary on electrotechnology, containing more than 22 500 terminological entries in English and French, with equivalent terms in 25 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.

iTeh Standards
(https://standards.iteh.ai)
Document Preview

IEC 62386-303:2017
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/a2e77d28-969c-4868-af4d-c543fc0a5f84/iec-62386-303-2017

IEC 62386-303

Edition 1.1 2024-04
CONSOLIDATED VERSION

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

colour inside

Digital addressable lighting interface – Part 303: Particular requirements – Input devices – Occupancy sensor

iTeh Standards
(https://standards.iteh.ai)
Document Preview

IEC 62386-303:2017
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/a2e77d28-969c-4868-af4d-c543fc0a5f84/iec-62386-303-2017

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

ICS 29.140.50; 29.140.99

ISBN 978-2-8322-8753-8

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

® Registered trademark of the International Electrotechnical Commission

CONTENTS

FOREWORD 4
INTRODUCTION 6
1 Scope 8
2 Normative references 8
3 Terms and definitions 8
4 General 9
4.1 General 9
4.2 Version number 9
4.3 Insulation 9
5 Electrical specification 9
6 Interface power supply 9
7 Transmission protocol structure 10
8 Timing 10
9 Method of operation 10
9.1 General 10
9.2 Instance type 10
9.3 Input signal and value 10
9.3.1 General 10
9.3.2 Input signal mapping for movement sensors 10
9.3.3 Input signal mapping for presence sensors 14
9.4 Events 16
9.4.1 Priority use 16
9.4.2 Bus usage 16
9.4.3 Encoding 16
9.4.4 Event configuration 17
9.4.5 Event generation 18
9.4.6 Movement trigger and catching 18
9.5 Configuring the input device 19
9.5.1 Using the hold timer 19
9.5.2 Using the report timer 19
9.5.3 Using the deadtime timer 19
9.5.4 Setting the timers 19
9.5.5 Manual configuration 20
9.5.6 Occupancy sensor capabilities 21
9.5.7 Configuring the sensitivity and range 21
9.6 Exception handling 22
9.6.1 Physical sensor failure 22
9.6.2 Manufacturer specific errors 22
9.6.3 Error value 22
10 Declaration of variables 22
11 Definition of commands 23
11.1 General 23
11.2 Overview sheets 23
11.2.1 General 23
11.2.2 Standard commands 24
11.3 Event messages 24

iTeh Standards
(https://standards.iteh.ai)
Document Preview
IEC 62386-303:2017
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a2e77d28-969c-4868-af4b-5436c0e504fc/iec-62386-303-2017

11.3.1 INPUT NOTIFICATION (*device/instance, event*) 24
11.3.2 POWER NOTIFICATION (*device*) 24
11.4 Device control instructions 24
11.5 Device configuration instructions 24
11.6 Device queries 25
11.7 Instance control instructions 25
11.7.1 General 25
11.7.2 CATCH MOVEMENT 25
11.7.3 CANCEL HOLD TIMER 25
11.8 Instance configuration instructions 25
11.8.1 General 25
11.8.2 SET EVENT FILTER (*DTR0*) 25
11.8.3 SET HOLD TIMER (*DTR0*) 25
11.8.4 SET REPORT TIMER (*DTR0*) 25
11.8.5 SET DEADTIME TIMER (*DTR0*) 26
11.8.6 SET DETECTION RANGE (*DTR0*) 26
11.8.7 SET SENSITIVITY (*DTR0*) 26
11.9 Instance queries 26
11.9.1 General 26
11.9.2 QUERY INSTANCE ERROR 26
11.9.3 QUERY DEADTIME TIMER 26
11.9.4 QUERY HOLD TIMER 26
11.9.5 QUERY REPORT TIMER 26
11.9.6 QUERY CATCHING 27
11.9.7 QUERY INSTANCE CAPABILITIES 27
11.9.8 QUERY DETECTION RANGE 27
11.9.9 QUERY SENSITIVITY 27
11.10 Special commands 27
Bibliography 28

Figure 1 – IEC 62386 graphical overview 6
Figure 2 – State diagram for movement based sensor 13
Figure 3 – State diagram for presence sensor 15

Table 1 – Meaning of *"inputValue"* 10
Table 11 – Presence sensor state transitions 16
Table 2 – Occupancy and vacancy events 17
Table 3 – Event filter 18
Table 4 – Event timer setting 20
Table 5 – "*manualCapabilityInstance3xx*" values 21
Table 12 – "*occupancyCapabilities*" values 21
Table 6 – "*instanceErrorByte*" values 22
Table 7 – Declaration of device variables 22
Table 8 – Restrictions to instance variables defined in ~~IEC 62386-103:2014 and IEC 62386-103:2014/AMD1:~~ IEC 62386-103:2022 23
Table 9 – Declaration of instance variables 23
Table 10 – Standard commands 24

IECNORM.COM : Click to view the full PDF of IEC 62386-303:2017+AMD1:2024 CSV
IEC Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/62386-303-2017

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

_____

DIGITAL ADDRESSABLE LIGHTING INTERFACE –

Part 303: Particular requirements – Input devices – Occupancy sensor

FOREWORD

1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
9) IEC draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). IEC takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, IEC had not received notice of (a) patent(s), which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at https://patents.iec.ch. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

iTeh Standards
(https://standards.iteh.ai)
Document Preview
IEC 62386-303:2017+AMD1:2024 CSV
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/a2e77d28-969c-4868-af4d-c543fc0a5f84/iec-62386-303-2017

This consolidated version of the official IEC Standard and its amendment has been prepared for user convenience.

IEC 62386-303 edition 1.1 contains the fifth edition (2017-05) [documents 34C/1313/FDIS and 34C/1333/RVD] and its amendment 1 (2024-04) [documents 34/1013/CDV and 34/1078A/RVC].

In this Redline version, a vertical line in the margin shows where the technical content is modified by amendment 1. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text. A separate Final version with all changes accepted is available in this publication.

International Standard IEC 62386-303 has been prepared by subcommittee 34C: Auxiliaries for lamps, of IEC technical committee 34: Lamps and related equipment.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

This Part 303 of IEC 62386 is intended to be used in conjunction with:

- Part 101, which contains general requirements for system components;
- Part 103, which contains general requirements for control devices.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62386 series, published under the general title: *Digital addressable lighting interface*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document and its amendment will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn, or
- revised.

IMPORTANT – The *'colour inside'* logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

iTeh Standards
(https://standards.iteh.ai)
Document Preview
IEC 62386-303:2017
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/a2e77d28-969c-4868-af4d-c543fc0a5f84/iec-62386-303-2017

INTRODUCTION

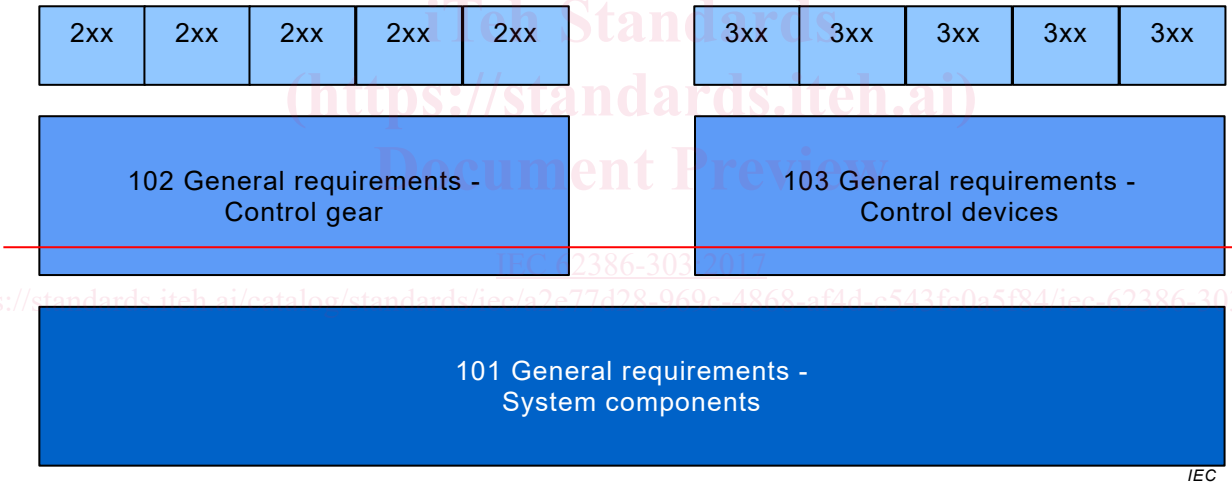
IEC 62386 contains several parts, referred to as series. The 1xx series includes the basic specifications. Part 101 contains general requirements for system components, Part 102 extends this information with general requirements for control gear and Part 103 extends it further with general requirements for control devices.

The 2xx parts extend the general requirements for control gear with lamp specific extensions (mainly for backward compatibility with Edition 1 of IEC 62386) and with control gear specific features.

The 3xx parts extend the general requirements for control devices with input device specific extensions describing the instance types as well as some common features that can be combined with multiple instance types.

This first edition of IEC 62386-303 is to be used in conjunction with ~~IEC 62386-101:2014, IEC 62386-101:2014/AMD1:—~~ IEC 62386-101:2022, ~~IEC 62386-103:2014 and IEC 62386-103:2014/AMD1:—~~ IEC 62386-103:2022. The division of IEC 62386 into separately published parts provides for ease of future amendments and revisions. Additional requirements will be added as and when a need for them is recognized.

The setup of the standards is graphically represented in Figure 1 below.



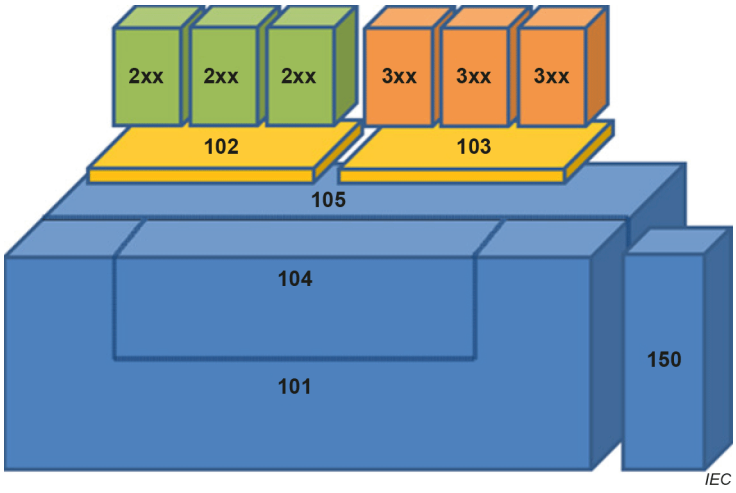


Figure 1 – IEC 62386 graphical overview

This document, and the other parts that make up the IEC 62386-300 series, in referring to any of the clauses of IEC 62386-1XX, specifies the extent to which such a clause is applicable; the parts also include additional requirements, as necessary.

Where the requirements of any of the clauses of IEC 62386-1XX are referred to in this document by the sentence “The requirements of IEC 62386-1XX, Clause “n” apply”, this sentence is to be interpreted as meaning that all requirements of the clause in question of Part 1XX apply, except any which are clearly inapplicable.

The standardization of the control interface for control devices is intended to achieve compatible co-existence and multi-master operation between electronic control gear and lighting control devices, below the level of building management systems. This document describes a method of implementing occupancy sensors.

All numbers used in this document are decimal numbers unless otherwise noted. Hexadecimal numbers are given in the format 0xVV, where VV is the value. Binary numbers are given in the format XXXXXXXXb or in the format XXXX XXXX, where X is 0 or 1; “x” in binary numbers means “don't care”.

The following typographic expressions are used:

Variables: *“variableName”* or *“variableName[3:0]”*, giving only bits 3 to 0 of *“variableName”*.

Range of values: [lowest, highest]

Command: “COMMAND NAME”

iTeh Standards
(https://standards.iteh.ai)
Document Preview

IEC 62386-303:2017
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/a2e77d28-969c-4868-af4d-c543fc0a5f84/iec-62386-303-2017

DIGITAL ADDRESSABLE LIGHTING INTERFACE –

Part 303: Particular requirements – Input devices – Occupancy sensor

1 Scope

~~This part of IEC 62386 specifies a bus system for control by digital signals of electronic lighting equipment which is in line with the requirements of IEC 61347, with the addition of DC supplies.~~

~~This document is only applicable to IEC 62386-103:2014 and IEC 62386-103:2014/AMD1:— input devices that deliver occupancy information to the lighting control system through movement or presence sensing.~~

~~NOTE Requirements for testing individual products during production are not included.~~

This part of IEC 62386 is applicable to input devices that provide occupancy information to the lighting control system through movement or presence sensing.

This document is only applicable to input devices complying with IEC 62386-103:2022.

iTeh Standards
(https://standards.iteh.ai)
Document Preview

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 62386-303:2017
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/a2e77d28-969c-4868-af4d-c543fc0a5f84/iec-62386-303-2017

IEC 62386-101:~~2014~~2022, *Digital addressable lighting interface – Part 101: General requirements – System components*
~~IEC 62386-101:2014/AMD1:—~~[1]

IEC 62386-103:~~2014~~2022, *Digital addressable lighting interface – Part 103: General requirements – Control devices*
~~IEC 62386-103:2014/AMD1:—~~[2]

IEC 62386-333:~~—~~[3]2018, *Digital addressable lighting interface – Part 333: Particular requirements for control devices – Manual configuration (feature type 33)*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 62386-101 and IEC 62386-103 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

~~1 Under preparation. Stage at the time of publication: IEC ACDV 62386-101/AMD1:2017.~~

~~2 Under preparation. Stage at the time of publication: IEC ACDV 62386-103/AMD1:2017.~~

~~3 Under preparation. Stage at the time of publication: IEC CCDV 62386-333:2017.~~

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

3.1
instance
movement or presence input signal processing unit of an input device

[SOURCE: IEC 62386-101:~~2014~~2022, 3.29, modified – "movement or presence input" added]

3.2
movement sensor
instance based on movement detection only where occupancy is implied by movement and vacancy is concluded from the absence of movement during a specified amount of time

Note 1 to entry: Movement sensing is typically done using a passive infra-red detector combined with Fresnel optics.

3.3
presence sensor
instance based on means other than only movement detection where occupancy and vacancy can be concluded immediately and where, in some cases, movement can also be detected

Note 1 to entry: Presence sensing may be implemented using for example camera based systems.

4 General

iTeh Standards
(https://standards.iteh.ai)

4.1 General

The requirements of ~~IEC 62386-103:2014 and IEC 62386-103:2014/AMD1:—~~ IEC 62386-103:2022, Clause 4 apply, with the restrictions, changes and additions identified below.

4.2 Version number

IEC 62386-303:2017
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/e2e77d28-969c-4868-af4d-e543fc0e5f94/iec-62386-303-2017

In 4.2 of ~~IEC 62386-103:2014 and IEC 62386-103:2014/AMD1:—~~ IEC 62386-103:2022, "103" shall be replaced by "303", "version number" shall be replaced by "extended version number" and "*versionNumber*" shall be replaced by "*extendedVersionNumber*".

4.3 Insulation

According to ~~IEC 61347-1~~ applicable safety standards, it ~~might~~ can be required that the input device has at least supplementary insulation to accessible parts. This depends on the connected components. In this case special attention should be paid with respect to the sensor(s) being used.

NOTE ~~IEC 62386-103:2014 and IEC 62386-103:2014/AMD1:—~~ IEC 62386-103:2022 requires system components to have at least basic insulation.

5 Electrical specification

The requirements of ~~IEC 62386-103:2014 and IEC 62386-103:2014/AMD1:—~~ IEC 62386-103:2022, Clause 5 apply.

6 Interface power supply

The requirements of ~~IEC 62386-103:2014 and IEC 62386-103:2014/AMD1:—~~ IEC 62386-103:2022 IEC 62386-103:2022, Clause 6 apply.

7 Transmission protocol structure

The requirements of ~~IEC 62386-103:2014 and IEC 62386-103:2014/AMD1:—~~ IEC 62386-103:2022, Clause 7 apply.

NOTE Subclause 9.4 provides detailed event information applicable to instances.

8 Timing

The requirements of ~~IEC 62386-103:2014 and IEC 62386-103:2014/AMD1:—~~ IEC 62386-103:2022, Clause 8 apply.

9 Method of operation

9.1 General

The requirements of ~~IEC 62386-103:2014 and IEC 62386-103:2014/AMD1:—~~ IEC 62386-103:2022, Clause 9 apply, with the following restrictions and additions.

9.2 Instance type

The instance type (*"instanceType"*) shall be equal to 3.

9.3 Input signal and value

9.3.1 General

The input *"resolution"* shall be equal to 2.

NOTE 1 A *"resolution"* of 2 implies that *"inputValue"* is a single byte variable with possible values limited to 0x00, 0x55, 0xAA and 0xFF.

NOTE 2 Since *"inputValue"* is a single byte variable, the instance will answer NO to "QUERY INPUT VALUE LATCH".

"inputValue" shall reflect the occupancy state in the area covered by the sensor, as shown in Table 1.

Table 1 – Meaning of *"inputValue"*

"inputValue"	Area state	Movement
0x00	Vacant	No
0x55	Vacant	Yes
0xAA	Occupied	No
0xFF	Occupied	Yes

9.3.2 Input signal mapping for movement sensors

For movement sensors, the input signal shall directly map onto movement (only). Depending on the type of sensor used, it is possible that a very short pulse can be produced only when movement is first detected, or a longer signal can be produced whilst movement continues to be detected. In any case, the instance shall change "*inputValue*" to 0xFF immediately if movement is detected, remaining in this state for at least 1 s, thus reporting an occupied area state as well. See Figure 2.

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview
IEC 62386-303:2017

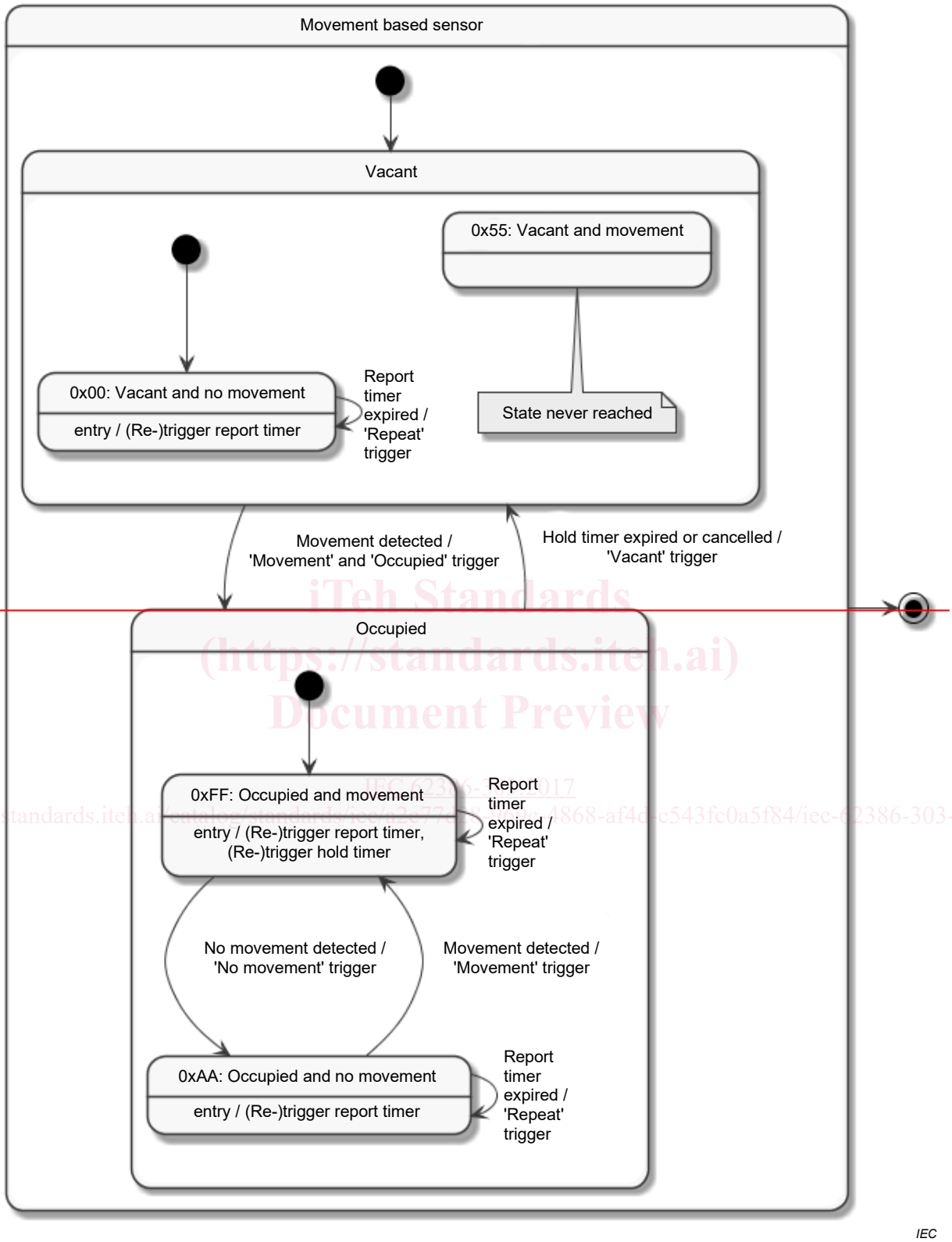
NOTE 1 This means that an instance receiving a rapid succession of movement signals which are less than 1 s apart, will remain in the occupied and movement state, and will create a movement event only at the time it entered this state.

A movement sensor shall support a hold timer, with timeout value T_{hold}~~, which shall be (re)started each time movement is detected~~. A transition of *"inputValue"* to 0x00 shall only take place at the moment the hold timer expires or is cancelled. In such a case the "vacant" trigger shall be generated. (Re)starting the hold timer means: "discard any remaining hold time and start timing a new hold time period".

While the area is occupied, the *"inputValue"* shall change between 0xFF and 0xAA depending on momentary movement detection only.

iTeh Standards
(https://standards.iteh.ai)
Document Preview

IEC 62386-303:2017
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/a2e77d28-969c-4868-af4d-c543fc0a5f84/iec-62386-303-2017



iTeh Standards
(https://standards.iteh.ai)
Document Preview
IEC 62386-303:2017
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/a2e77...-4868-af4d-c543fc0a5f84/iec-62386-303-2017