

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 15208:2007

01-september-2007

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Tanks for transport of dangerous goods - Sealed parcel delivery systems - Working principles and interface specifications

Tanks für die Beförderung gefährlicher Güter - Versiegelte Transportsysteme - Arbeitsgrundlagen und Schnittstellenfestlegungen PREVIEW

Citernes destinées au transport de matieres dangereuses - Systemes de livraison par cargaisons scellées - Principes de fonctionnement et spécifications des interfaces

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 15208:2007

ICS:

13.300 Varstvo pred nevarnimi Protection against dangerous

izdelki goods

23.020.20 Posode in vsebniki, montirani Vessels and containers

na vozila mounted on vehicles

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 15208

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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English Version

Tanks for transport of dangerous goods - Sealed parcel delivery systems - Working principles and interface specifications

Citernes destinées au transport de matières dangereuses -Systèmes de livraison par cargaisons scellées - Principes de fonctionnement et spécifications des interfaces Tanks für die Beförderung gefährlicher Güter - Versiegelte Transportsysteme - Arbeitsgrundlagen und Schnittstellenfestlegungen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 4 November 2006.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Foreword

This document (EN 15208:2007) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 296 "Tanks for transport of dangerous goods", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2007, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2007.

This document forms part of a coherent standards programme comprising the following standards:

- EN 13616, Overfill prevention devices for static tanks for liquid petroleum fuels.
- EN 13922, Tanks for transport of dangerous goods Service equipment for tanks Overfill prevention systems for liquid fuels.
- EN 14116, Tanks for transport of dangerous goods Digital interface for the product recognition device.
- EN 15207, Tanks for transport of dangerous goods Plug/socket connection and supply characteristics for service equipment in hazardous areas.
 Teh STANDARD PREVIEW

This document is applicable for tanks according to ADR [1]. (standards.iteh.ai)

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

Introduction

Sealed parcel delivery systems, the subject of this European Standard, provide information concerning the content and the status of each compartment, used to transfer liquid fuels from loading gantries to delivery points, and optionally, the delivered quantities.

SPDS may be suitable for other application, e.g. sealed transfer of products subject to duties.

Sealed parcel delivery systems may be classified according to:

- the combination of functions implemented by the system;
- the way the functions are implemented ("type of function").

Sealed parcel delivery systems are not measuring instruments but they may be ancillary devices as defined in OIML R 117 [2].

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1 Scope

This European Standard is applicable to sealed parcel delivery systems used with transport tanks and specifies the performance requirements, critical safety aspects, data transfer methods between loading gantries and transport tank, transport tank and delivery points, other optional communications and tests to provide functional and compatible systems.

Sealed parcel delivery systems covered by this European Standard is for bottom loaded transport tanks.

The systems specified by this European Standard are suitable for use with liquid petroleum products and other dangerous substances of Class 3 of ADR which have a vapour pressure not exceeding 110 kPa at 50 °C and petrol, and which have no sub-classification as toxic or corrosive.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 12266-1:2003, Industrial valves — Testing of valves — Part 1: Pressure tests, test procedures and acceptance criteria — Mandatory requirements

EN 12266-2, Industrial valves — Testing of valves — Part 2: Tests, test procedures and acceptance criteria; Supplementary requirements

EN 13082, Tanks for transport of dangerous goods — Service equipment for tanks — Vapour transfer valve

EN 13083, Tanks for transport of dangerous goods Service equipment for tanks — Adaptor for bottom loading and unloading tps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/69f75d01-c73f-4d0e-87b9-cdcb9f51e40e/sist-en-15208-2007

EN 13094, Tanks for the transport of dangerous goods — Metallic tanks with a working pressure not exceeding 0.5 bar — Design and construction

EN 13308, Tanks for transport of dangerous goods — Service equipment for tanks — Non pressure balanced foot valve

EN 13314, Tanks for transport of dangerous goods — Service equipment for tanks — Fill hole cover

EN 13316, Tanks for transport of dangerous goods — Service equipment for tanks — Pressure balanced foot valve

EN 13317, Tanks for transport of dangerous goods — Service equipment for tanks — Manhole cover assembly

EN 13616:2004, Overfill prevention devices for static tanks for liquid petroleum fuels

EN 13922, Tanks for transport of dangerous goods — Service equipment for tanks — Overfill prevention systems for liquid fuels

EN 14025, Tanks for the transport of dangerous goods — Metallic pressure tanks — Design and construction

EN 14116, Tanks for transport of dangerous goods — Digital interface for the product recognition device

EN 14564, Tanks for transport of dangerous goods — Terminology

EN 14595, Tanks for transport of dangerous goods — Service equipment for tanks — Pressure and Vacuum Breather Vent

EN 14596, Tanks for transport of dangerous goods — Service equipment for tanks — Emergency pressure relief valve

EN ISO 3166-1, Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions — Part 1: Country codes (ISO 3166-1:1997)

ISO/IEC 7816-1, Identification cards — Integrated circuit(s) cards with contacts — Part 1: Physical characteristics

ISO/IEC 7816-2, Identification cards — Integrated circuit cards — Part 2: Cards with contacts — Dimensions and location of the contacts

ISO/IEC 7816-3:1995, Information technology — Identification cards — Integrated circuit(s) cards with contacts — Part 3: Electronic signals and transmission protocols

ISOIEC 7816-4:1996, Identification cards — Integrated circuit cards — Part 4: Organization, security and commands for interchange

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

access port

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port through which it is possible to access to cargo and/or to change the physical characteristics of the parcel

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bottom loading

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according to EN 14564

3.3

cargo

product contained within a parcel

3.4

clingage

quantity of product that remains adhering to the parcel's internal surfaces after a complete delivery

3.5

compartment

<tanks for transport of dangerous goods> vessel closed by a foot valve, vapour transfer valve and a manhole cover assembly

3.6

delivery

complete operation performed at a station to discharge products from one or more compartments into one or more tanks including a start and a finish phase

3.7

depot

terminal

site of the products to be loaded onto the tank vehicles and the location of the loading facilities

3.8

depot session

time period covering the complete loading of the tank vehicle, starting at the beginning of the loading procedure and ending with the final loading or transfer operation

3.9

device for the transfer of measured quantities

DTMQ

all the equipment contained within a system that permits the secure transfer of metrological data between the loading rack, the tank vehicle and the delivery or transfer station

3.10

empty parcel

parcel in which no product is present except clingage

3.11

equipment port

port through which only access to cargo is possible

3.12

frustrated delivery

delivery of a parcel which does not result in an empty parcel

3.13

guaranteed cargo

sum of measured quantities transferred into a sealed parcel under guaranteed routing where parcel emptiness has been previously automatically identified

NOTE In this case, the actual cargo within a parcel is equal to the guaranteed cargo.

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3.14 <u>SIST EN 15208:2007</u>

guaranteed delivered volumerds.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/69f75d01-c73f-4d0e-87b9-volume of product passing a port of a parcel enabling the parcel to be empty (transferring point)

3.15

guaranteed routing

routing that is satisfactorily completed under routing control

3.16

guaranteed transport

transportation of a guaranteed cargo or a minimum guaranteed cargo or an automatically detected empty parcel

3.17

maximum guaranteed volume

fill capacity of a compartment which corresponds to 97 % of the compartment's total capacity

3.18

maximum sealable quantity

maximum volume of product which can be guaranteed by the parcel

3.19

measured quantity routed

product quantity as routed into a parcel which has been measured by an approved metering system

3.20

measurement cycle

time period between the connection and the disconnection of a loading arm onto a parcel

3.21

measurement number

non-repeating sequence number (incrementing from 1) assigned to each measurement cycle when a measured quantity routed is available

3.22

metrological data

data that includes product quantities and is used for metrological purposes

3.23

minimum guaranteed cargo

sum of measured quantities transferred into a sealed parcel under guaranteed routing

NOTE The actual cargo within a parcel may be greater than its minimum guaranteed cargo.

3.24

monitored port

port whose closed position is checked automatically

3.25

non-guaranteed cargo

condition of a guaranteed cargo or a minimum guaranteed cargo once the parcel has been unsealed

3.26

operational port

port which permits cargo transfer to or from the parcel in normal operation and through which it is not possible to change the physical characteristics of the parcel

3.27

parcel

compartment(s) and all associated pipes and equipment, including its ports

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NOTE This here defined term "parcel" should not be confused with the term in the packaging practice.

3.28

permanently closed port

port which can only be opened by destroying it

3.29

port

<tanks for transport of dangerous goods> any inlet or outlet connection or hole in a parcel

3.30

return facility

facility dedicated to the handling of product returns

NOTE This facility may include means to measure the returned volume.

3.31

returns

undelivered product left in the parcel

3.32

routing

transfer of a measured product quantity into a parcel

3.33

routing control

control method used to ensure that the total measured quantity is transferred into the parcel

3.34

sealed parcel

one whose ports are monitored closed by either mechanical or electronic devices or are permanently closed

3.35

sealed parcel delivery

SPD

process where a measured quantity of product is loaded into a parcel which is then sealed, controlled during transportation and discharged without the need for further measurement

3.36

sealed parcel delivery system

SPDS

instrumentation system that controls the seal status of a parcel

3.37

sealed port

port which can not be opened without the destruction of its mechanical seal

3.38

secured port

port through which no product can be transferred even when it is open

3.39

station

<tanks for transport of dangerous goods any discharge site, delivery point but particularly petrol filling stations

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3.40

tank vehicle

according to EN 14564

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3.41

top-up loading

adding of additional product to a parcel that, although containing product, is not full

3.42

transaction

<tanks for transport of dangerous goods> successful loading or delivery of a minimum guaranteed cargo or a guaranteed cargo

3.43

transfer station

set of measurement, pumping, and associated hoses and/or loading arms installed to enable the transfer of measured product between parcels of a tank vehicle(s)

3.44

unknown cargo

contents of a parcel which is not defined by either a minimum guaranteed cargo, a guaranteed cargo or a nonguaranteed cargo

NOTE This condition would be achieved following a cargo delivery using a tank vehicle not fitted with automatic empty detection.

3.45

wet leg sensor

liquid sensor(s) which detect the emptiness of the pipe(s)

3.46

compartment's total capacity

maximum volume capable of being loaded into the compartment without any product release or escape

4 Aims (functions) of SPDS

4.1 Minimum aim for delivery

- Check status of each parcel before loading;
- secure the transfer of product from the measuring set to each relevant parcel;
- acquire and transmit to receiver the product grades and quantities loaded per parcel;
- control the sealed status of each parcel during transport;
- confirm emptiness of each parcel after delivery or follow procedure of frustrated delivery.

4.2 Minimum aim for frustrated delivery

The aim of 4.1 plus:

- secure the return of non-delivered product to return facility;
- acquire and transmit to receiver the quantities of non-delivered product per parcel, if required.

4.3 Minimum aim for unattended delivery (optional)

The aim of 4.1 plus:

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- give suitable insurance that the quantity is fairly delivered (e.g. location of petrol station or tank within the petrol station, product grade);
- minimise the risk of accidental or fraudulent withdrawal of liquid;
- allow the retrieval of measuring data until the settlement of the transaction.

4.4 Minimum aim for unattended frustrated delivery (optional)

The aim of 4.2 and 4.3 plus:

automatic recognition of the end of delivery.

5 Functionality

5.1 General

The functions of the systems shall be according to Table 1.

Table 1 — Functions

Functions	Annex A DTMQ	Annex B PID/PRD	Annex C Paper	Annex D Radio stuff
	4.1 to 4.4 and Welmec [3]	4.1 to 4.4 Welmec optional [3]	4.1 and 4.2 no Welmec [3]	4.1 to 4.4 Welmec optional [3]
Measuring results indication	yes	option	no	option
Seal breakage	yes	yes	yes	yes
Loading arm identification	yes	yes	no	option
Receiver tank identification	option	yes	no	option
Location device iTeh S	option DAR	optionREVI	nov	option
Product grade at loading	geandards.	yeeh.ai)	no	option
Product grade at discharge	option SIST EN 1520	yes 8 <u>2007</u>	no	yes
Guaranteed volumetps://standards.ite	h ai/catalog/standards/ option cdcb9f51e40e/sist-en	sist/69f75d01-c73f-4 option -15208-2007	d0e-87b9- no	yes
Receiver loading data	yes	option	no	yes
Data transfer receiver	option	option	no	option
Transaction recording	yes	option	no	option
Non transaction event recording	yes	yes	yes	option
Volume change detection	option	option	no	option

This clause describes the requirements of the different functions that can be provided by a SPDS.

5.2 Data

5.2.1 Recording

5.2.1.1 Transaction recording

The SPDS shall be provided with a means of keeping track of all transactions. This recording shall be available until the settlement of the transaction has been completed, but for a minimum time period of 15 days.

As a minimum, the following transaction data per parcel shall be recorded:

- date and time of the transaction;
- product quantity;
- product grade;
- special conditions e.g. empty, not empty;
- guaranteed or non guaranteed cargo.

It is not required that the loaded quantity be recorded in the SPDS at the moment of sealing.

5.2.1.2 Non transaction event recording

Events, such as sealing, re-sealing, breaking of a seal or changing the status of a parcel, shall be recorded in an electronic memory.

The record shall include the time and date of the event.

These events may be recorded in a summary if the transaction has been completed.

If an automatic empty detection is available any change of the status shall be considered as an event.

5.2.2 Display

The secured status of each compartment shall be clearly visible and unambiguous.

Measuring results indication

The volume and status of the cargo as presented to the receiver shall be displayed, printed or otherwise securely transferred to the interested parties cdch9f51e40e/sist-en-15208-2007

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Guaranteed volume

The volume of the cargo delivered to a station shall be displayed, printed or otherwise securely transferred to the interested parties.

5.2.3 Data transfer methods

Data transfer methods to be used at the loading rack and on the station are described in the Annexes A, B, C or D.

5.2.4 Integrity of the data

The data transfer and recording shall be safe against interference and manipulation. Errors shall be detected.

5.2.5 System identification

Systems using data communication shall have permanently installed identification devices to determine the proper method of communication.

5.3 Loading

5.3.1 Empty status

The status of the parcel shall be available prior to loading.

If the parcel is not empty the top-up procedures in the applicable annexes shall be followed.

5.3.2 Routing

Secured transfer of product shall be achieved by:

- ensuring that no product is diverted between the transfer point of the metering set and the routing port of the parcel;
- ensuring that no product is lost from the parcel during loading;
- the complete sealing of the loaded parcel shall be activated within a time scale that makes fraud or withdrawal of product impossible without detection.

The SPDS shall be able to detect or identify which loading arm either is or was connected to which parcel. Identification may be done directly or indirectly.

The SPDS shall be able to identify which product grade is about to be loaded or has been loaded into a parcel. Acquisition of product grade may be done directly or indirectly.

The SPDS shall be able to exchange data with the depot. Loading data shall contain at least volume and product grade. Data exchange may be done directly or indirectly.

5.4 Delivery

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5.4.1 Attended delivery

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The status of all parcels shall be presented to the receiver along with the allocated cargoes.

NOTE If the sealed status is not given an individual procedure should be defined.

All delivered parcels shall be presented empty after delivery. Otherwise see 5.5.

No product shall be diverted between the parcel and the receiving tank.

5.4.2 Unattended delivery

The minimum requirements are:

- automatic station identification;
- automatic empty detection;
- a method to transmit securely to the station product grade and volume.

Additional requirements may be:

- verification of volume which shall be delivered against the available ullage in the tank;
- automatic tank identification;
- confirmation that volume was delivered into the correct receivers tank.