

Edition 2.0 2017-03

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE



Cable trunking systems and cable ducting systems for electrical installations – Part 2-2: Particular requirements – Cable trunking systems and cable ducting systems intended for mounting underfloor, flushfloor, or onfloor

Systèmes de goulottes et systèmes de conduits-profilés pour installations électriques – b3c9d7dcb64c/iec-61084-2-2-2017

Partie 2-2: Exigences particulières – Systèmes de goulottes et systèmes de conduits-profilés prévus pour être montés en sous-sol, encastrés dans le sol, ou sur le sol





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Edition 2.0 2017-03

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Cable trunking systems and cable ducting systems for electrical installations – Part 2-2: Particular requirements – Cable trunking systems and cable ducting systems intended for mounting underfloor, flushfloor, or onfloor

IEC 61084-2-2:2017

Systèmes de goulottes et systèmes de conduits-profilés (pour) installations électriques – b3c9d7dcb64c/iec-61084-2-2-2017

Partie 2-2: Exigences particulières – Systèmes de goulottes et systèmes de conduits-profilés prévus pour être montés en sous-sol, encastrés dans le sol, ou sur le sol

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COMMISSION ELECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

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#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

# CABLE TRUNKING SYSTEMS AND CABLE DUCTING SYSTEMS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS –

# Part 2-2: Particular requirements – Cable trunking systems and cable ducting systems intended for mounting underfloor, flushfloor, or onfloor

#### **FOREWORD**

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International Standard IEC 61084-2-2 has been prepared by subcommittee 23A: Cable management systems, of IEC technical committee 23: Electrical accessories.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2003. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- classification;
- construction;
- mechanical and electrical properties.

This International standard is to be used in conjunction with IEC 61084-1:2017.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
23A/828/FDIS	23A/836/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

This part of the IEC 61084 series supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses of IEC 61084-1:2017 as follows:

- where no particular clause or subclause of IEC 61084-1 is mentioned, the corresponding clause or subclause of IEC 61084-1 applies as far as it is reasonable;
- where "addition" or "replacement" is stated, the relevant text of IEC 61084-1 is to be adapted accordingly;
- subclauses, figures and tables which are additional to those in IEC 61084-1 are numbered starting from 101.

In this standard, the following print types are used:

- requirements and definitions; roman type;
- compliance statements: italic type. TOARD PREVIEW

A list of all parts in the IEC 61084 series, published under the general title Cable trunking and cable ducting systems for electrical installations, can be found on the IEC website.

IEC 61084-2-2:2017

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the dEC website under 20 http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

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### CABLE TRUNKING SYSTEMS AND CABLE DUCTING SYSTEMS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS –

## Part 2-2: Particular requirements – Cable trunking systems and cable ducting systems intended for mounting underfloor, flushfloor, or onfloor

#### 1 Scope

This part of the IEC 61084 series specifies requirements and tests for cable trunking systems (CTS) and cable ducting systems (CDS) intended for the accommodation, and where necessary for the electrically protective separation, of insulated conductors, cables and possibly other electrical equipment in electrical and/or communication systems installations. The maximum voltage of these installations is 1 000 V AC and 1 500 V DC.

These systems are intended for mounting underfloor, flushfloor or onfloor.

This document does not apply to CTS/CDS which are intended to be fixed to the wall and supported by the floor.

This document does not apply to conduit systems, cable tray systems, cable ladder systems, power track systems or equipment covered by other standards.

### (standards.iteh.ai)

#### 2 Normative references

IEC 61084-2-2:2017

This clause of Part applicable, except as follows ea31cc0b-e05d-4709-8630-b3c9d7dcb64c/iec-61084-2-2-2017

Addition:

IEC 60068-2-60:2015, Environmental testing – Part 2-60: Tests – Test Ke: Flowing mixed gas corrosion test

IEC 60068-2-75:2014, Environmental testing – Part 2-75: Tests – Test Eh: Hammer tests

IEC 61084-1:2017, Cable trunking systems and cable ducting systems for electrical installations – Part 1: General requirements

#### 3 Terms and definitions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable, except as follows:

#### **3.1** Replace Note 1 to entry by:

Note 1 to entry: Different types of CTS are shown in Figure 101 and explained in Annex A.

#### 3.2 Replace Note 1 to entry by:

Note 1 to entry: Different types of CDS are shown in Figure 101 and explained in Annex A.

#### 3.3 Addition:

#### f) service unit

#### Replace Note 1 to entry by:

Note 1 to entry: A system does not necessarily include all system components a) to f). Different combinations of system components can be used.

Addition:

#### 3.101

#### underfloor CTS/CDS

CTS/CDS whose components, except access units and service units, are intended to be mounted within or under a floor and in normal use are not exposed to traffic loads

Note 1 to entry: See Figures 102a), 102c) and 103.

#### 3.102

#### flushfloor CTS/CDS

CTS/CDS whose components, except access units and service units, are intended to be mounted flush such that the height above the upper level of the floor covering is not more than 4 mm

Note 1 to entry: The upper surface is considered to be exposed to traffic loads.

Note 1 to entry: See Figures 102b) and 104. NDARD PREVIEW

3.103 (standards.iteh.ai)

#### onfloor CTS/CDS

CTS/CDS whose components are intended to be mounted on a floor such that the height above the upper level of the floor covering is greater than 4 mm d 4709-8630-

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Note 1 to entry: The upper surface is considered to be exposed to traffic loads.

Note 2 to entry: See Figures 102d) and 105.

#### 3.104

#### access unit

system component intended to provide access to insulated conductors or cables

#### 3.105

#### service unit

system component intended for incorporation of one or more apparatus either directly or by means of one or more apparatus mounting devices

#### 3.106

#### service unit

<when not in use> service unit which has no cables connected to electrical equipment

#### 3.107

#### service unit

<when in use> service unit which has cables connected to electrical equipment

#### 4 General requirements

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

#### 5 General conditions for tests

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

#### 6 Classification

This clause of Part 1 is applicable, except as follows:

Additional subclauses:

6.101	According to floor treatment
6.101.1	CTS/CDS for dry-treatment of floor
6.101.2	CTS/CDS for wet-treatment of floor when the service unit is not in use
6.101.3	CTS/CDS for wet-treatment of floor when the service unit is in use
6.102	According to resistance to vertical load applied through small surface area
6.102.1	CTS/CDS for 500 N
6.102.2	CTS/CDS for 750 N
6.102.3	CTS/CDS FOR C DOONT AND ARD PREVIEW
6.102.4	CTS/CDS for 1 500 (Nstandards.iteh.ai)
6.102.5	CTS/CDS for 2 000 N IEC 61084-2-2:2017
6.102.6	CTS/CD'S 467a2d500 iNh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ea31cc0b-e05d-4709-8630- b3c9d7dcb64c/iec-61084-2-2-2017
6.102.7	CTS/CDS for 3 000 N
6.103	Optional classification according to resistance to vertical load applied through large surface area
6.103.1	CTS/CDS for 2 000 N
6.103.2	CTS/CDS for 3 000 N
6.103.3	CTS/CDS for 5 000 N
6.103.4	CTS/CDS for 10 000 N
6.103.5	CTS/CDS for 15 000 N

### 7 Marking and documentation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable, except as follows:

#### Additional subclauses:

**7.101** Access units and service units of systems classified according to 6.101.1 shall be marked that they are suitable for dry treatment of floor only. The marking shall be visible by the user which may be achieved by opening the cover.

NOTE This marking can be in the form of text or graphic.

**7.102** Service units shall be marked with a warning about the potential damage to electrical accessories by closing the cover. The marking shall be visible by the user which may be achieved by opening the cover.

NOTE This marking can be in the form of text or graphic.

**7.103** Compliance with 7.101 and 7.102 is checked by inspection.

#### 8 Dimensions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable, except as follows:

Addition:

There are no dimensions requirements.

#### 9 Construction

This clause of Part 1 is applicable, except as follows:

Addition:

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**9.101** Access covers of underfloor, flushfloor and onfloor CTS/CDS, which in normal use are subjected to external mechanical loads, shall resist movement and unintentional opening.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by the tests of 10.5.

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**9.102** Service units installed flushfloor shall protect the installed electrical apparatus and the plug from direct impact when in use. This protection shall be effective and shall not cause damage to the outgoing cable.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by the tests of 10.3.

- 9.103 It shall be possible to securely fix:
- service units to the system;
- electrical apparatus to the service units.

Compliance is checked by the tests of 10.3 and 10.5.1.

**9.104** When the service unit is not in use, it shall be possible to close openings intended for the passage of cables.

Openings, when in use, in underfloor and flushfloor CTS/CDS, for the passage of cables, need not be closed if one of its dimensions is less than 20 mm in one direction.

Compliance is checked by inspection and measurement.

**9.105** Underfloor and flushfloor CTS/CDS which in normal use are embedded in screed material shall be protected against ingress of the screed material.

Openings leading to the interior of underfloor and flushfloor CTS/CDS which in normal use, are located below the upper level of the floor without covering, shall not be wider than 7 mm in one direction.

Compliance is checked by inspection and measurement.

NOTE The dimensioning of the maximum width of the clear opening is based on the grain size of cementitious screeds.

- **9.106** CTS/CDS declared according to 6.101.2 and 6.101.3 shall avoid water coming into contact with insulated conductors and live parts during wet-treatment of floor by one or a combination of the following methods which may vary within the system:
- method 1: ensuring by design that water does not come into contact with insulated conductors and live parts when the water level is 10 mm above the upper level of the floor covering;
- method 2: providing an IP rating not less than IPX4;
- method 3: providing manufacturer's instructions which require that insulated conductors and live parts are positioned not less than 10 mm above the upper level of the floor covering.

For method 1, compliance is checked by measurement. For method 2, compliance is checked by the test of 14.1.2. For method 3, compliance is checked by inspection.

**9.107** Access cover of service unit, if any, shall withstand repeated opening and closing as in normal use.

Compliance is checked by 100 cycles of opening and closing of the access cover.

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After the test there shall be no damage to impair the further use of the access cover. (standards.iteh.ai)

**9.108** Additional requirements for service units intended to be installed onfloor are given in IEC 61084-2-4:2017. IEC 61084-2-2:2017

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b3c9d7dcb64c/iec-61084-2-2-2017

#### 10 Mechanical properties

This clause of Part 1 is applicable, except as follows:

#### 10.1 Mechanical strength

Replacement:

Underfloor, flushfloor and onfloor CTS/CDS shall have adequate mechanical strength.

Compliance is checked by the tests specified in 10.3 and 10.5 according to Annex AA.

#### 10.2 Cable support test

Not applicable.

#### 10.3 Impact test

#### 10.3.2 Impact test for installation and application

Additional subclauses:

10.3.2.101 Systems components only intended to be mounted underfloor are not tested. The test is carried out on an assembly made of one or more trunking lengths or ducting lengths with the relevant system component, if any, to fulfil the various functions of the system and prepared according to the manufacturer's instructions. More than one assembly may be

necessary to fulfil the various functions of the system. In each direction, the length L of trunking length or ducting length coming out of the functional area associated with the function of the system is as long as the width W of the trunking length or ducting length, or 250 mm, whichever is the greater. The tolerance of L is  $\pm$  25 mm.

NOTE 1 Functional area refers, for example, to a fitting, an apparatus mounting device or a junction as shown in Figure 106.

The samples are mounted on a rigid smooth support such as a plywood board 16 mm thick, with a 50 mm minimum spacing between the assembly and the edge of the support.

NOTE 2 For flushfloor CTS/CDS additional provision can be included to simulate the influence of the floor material on the side of the product.

Other system components can be included to prevent movements. These system components are the system components to terminate the trunking length or ducting length, if any. When there is no such system component, a system component chosen by the manufacturer is used.

Examples for arrangement are shown in Figure 107.

Before the test non-metallic system components and composite system components are aged at the temperature declared according to Table 3 of Part 1 with a tolerance of  $\pm 2$  °C for (168  $\pm$  4) h continuously.

**10.3.2.102** The impact test apparatus according to Clause 4 of IEC 60068-2-75:2014, is mounted on a solid wall or structure providing sufficient support.

The samples are placed in a cabinet at the temperature declared according to Table 2 with a tolerance of  $\pm 2$  °C. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ea31cc0b-e05d-4709-8630-

**10.3.2.103** After 2 h, each sample is, in turn, removed from the cabinet and immediately placed in position in the impact test apparatus.

At  $12 \text{ s} \pm 2 \text{ s}$  after the removal of the sample from the cabinet the hammer is allowed to fall so that an impact is applied as far as possible perpendicular to the accessible region of the sample likely to be the weakest. Compliance with impact applied before 10 s provides also compliance with this test of the standard.

NOTE 1 The region likely to be the weakest can be on the relevant system component but can also be on a trunking length or a ducting length.

No impact is applied to knockouts, membranes and the like.

No impact is applied within 50 mm of any open extremity of the sample.

NOTE 2 When another system component has been included at an extremity of the sample to prevent movements, this extremity is still considered open.

Instead of placing the samples in a cabinet and applying the impact at  $12 \text{ s} \pm 2 \text{ s}$  after the removal of the sample from the cabinet, it is allowed to apply the impact in a climatic chamber at the temperature declared according to Table 2 with a tolerance of  $\pm 2$  °C on samples placed at this temperature for 2 h. Compliance in the climatic chamber is sufficient. In case of failure in the climatic chamber, compliance using the cabinet provides compliance with the standard.

#### 10.3.2.104 After the test:

 the assemblies shall show no cracks or similar damage visible to normal or corrected vision without magnification, and

- the assemblies shall remain intact, and
- the service unit cover shall be in a position

such that safety is not impaired.

In case of doubt, the test of 14.1.3 of Part 1 is carried out on the impacted samples to check that the declared degree of protection against access to hazardous parts is maintained. The declared degree of protection against access to hazardous parts is either the additional letter directly declared by the manufacturer according 6.7.3 of Part 1, if any, or the degree of protection against access to hazardous parts indirectly declared by the manufacturer according 6.7.1 of Part 1.

NOTE Any cracks in internal dividers which are not likely to impair electrical safety or use are ignored. Electrical safety can be impaired when the impact creates a sharp edge on a partition which can damage insulated conductors or cables (see 9.1 of Part 1)

#### 10.4 Linear deflection test

Not applicable.

#### 10.5 External load test

Additional subclauses:

10.5.101 Underfloor CTS/CDS, flushfloor CTS/CDS and onfloor CTS/CDS shall have sufficient mechanical strength against external mechanical loads likely to occur during transport, storage, installation and normal use siteh at

Compliance is checked by the tests of 10.5, 102, 10.5, 103 and 10.5.104.

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Any part for temporary use only during the installation phase does not need to comply with these tests but may be included for the test of 10.5.102 to allow compliance of other parts.

A summary of tests is given in Annex AA.

#### 10.5.102 Load test for installation

The test is carried out on an assembly made of one or more trunking lengths or ducting lengths with the relevant system component, if any, to fulfil the various functions of the system and prepared according to the manufacturer's instructions. More than one assembly may be necessary to fulfil the various functions of the system. In each direction, the length L of trunking length or ducting length coming out of the functional area associated with the function of the system is as long as the width W of the trunking length or ducting length, or 500 mm, whichever is the greater. The tolerance of L is  $\pm$  25 mm.

NOTE 1 Functional area refers, for example, to a fitting, an apparatus mounting device or a junction as shown in Figure 106.

The samples are mounted on a horizontal rigid smooth support such as a plywood board 16 mm thick, with a 50 mm minimum spacing between the assembly and the edge of the support.

NOTE 2 Other system components can be included to prevent movements. These system components are the system components to terminate the trunking length or ducting length, if any. When there is no such system component, a system component chosen by the manufacturer is used.

Examples for arrangement are shown in Figure 107.

Before the test non-metallic system components and composite components are aged at the temperature declared according to Table 3 with a tolerance of  $\pm 2$  °C for (168 ± 4) h continuously.

A vertical force is applied centrally for  $120 \text{ s} \pm 5 \text{ s}$  to a steel cube of  $50 \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$  with an edge radius of approximately 1 mm.

The cube is placed approximately in the middle of the length of the sample and in the most unfavourable position in the width of the sample. In the case of multi-compartment CTS/CDS whose partition(s) provide support, the middle of the largest compartment is selected.

To allow for settlement of the sample, a pre-load of  $25 \, \text{N} \pm 5 \, \text{N}$  is applied and then the measurement apparatus is calibrated to zero.

For the test of CTS/CDS intended to be installed underfloor under a raised floor a force of 250 N (+ 10 N, 0) is applied.

For the test of CDS intended to be embedded underfloor and CTS/CDS intended to be installed flushfloor a force of 750 N (+ 30 N, 0) is applied except on parts of which the cover remains visible and above the floor level during the whole installation phase for which a force of 250 N (+ 10 N, 0) is applied.

During the test the vertical displacement of the cube shall be less than 25 mm.

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Cracks are allowed but the maximum vertical displacement of the cube shall not be exceeded. (standards.iteh.ai)

#### 10.5.103 Load test for application – Force applied through small surface area

The test is carried out on an assembly made of one or more trunking lengths or ducting lengths with the relevant system component, if any, to fulfil the various functions of the system and prepared according to the manufacturer's instructions. More than one assembly may be necessary to fulfil the various functions of the system. In each direction, the length L of trunking length or ducting length coming out of the functional area associated with the function of the system is as long as the width W of the trunking length or ducting length, or 500 mm, whichever is the greater. The tolerance of L is  $\pm$  25 mm.

NOTE 1 Functional area refers, for example, to a fitting, an apparatus mounting device or a junction as shown in Figure 106.

The samples are mounted on a horizontal rigid smooth support such as a plywood board 16 mm thick, with a 50 mm minimum spacing between the assembly and the edge of the support.

NOTE 2 For flushfloor CTS/CDS additional provision can be included to simulate the influence of the floor material on the side of the product.

NOTE 3 Other system components can be included to prevent movements. These system components are the system components to terminate the trunking length or ducting length, if any. When there is no such system component, a system component chosen by the manufacturer is used.

Examples for arrangement are shown in Figure 107.

Before the test non-metallic system components and composite system components are aged at the temperature declared according to Table 3 with a tolerance of  $\pm$  2°C for (168  $\pm$  4) h continuously.

The surface of the sample which can be exposed to traffic is loaded with the force declared according to 6.102.

A vertical force is applied through a steel cylinder of 13,3 mm  $\pm$  0,1 mm diameter with an edge radius of 1 mm providing a contact surface of approximately 1 cm<sup>2</sup> with a minimum length of 30 mm (Figure 108).

The cylinder is placed approximately in the middle of the length of the sample and in the most unfavourable position in the width of the sample. In the case of multi-compartment CTS/CDS whose partition(s) provide support, the middle of the largest compartment is selected.

To allow for settlement of the sample, a pre-load of  $50 \text{ N} \pm 10 \text{ N}$  is applied and then the measurement apparatus is calibrated to zero.

The force is gradually increased up to the value declared according to 6.102 with a tolerance (+4%, 0) over 15 s  $\pm$  5 s and maintained for 60 s  $\pm$  1 s.

During the test the samples shall show no deflection greater than 6 mm. After the tests the samples shall show no signs of disintegration, nor shall there be any crack visible to normal or corrected vision without additional magnification. One min after the load has been removed, there shall be no permanent deformation exceeding 3 mm.

The electrical safety shall not be impaired.

In case of doubt, the test of 14.1.3 of Part 1 is carried out on the sample to check that the declared degree of protection against access to hazardous parts is maintained. The declared degree of protection against access to hazardous parts is either the additional letter directly declared by the manufacturer according 6.7.3 of Part 1, if any, or the degree of protection against access to hazardous parts indirectly declared by the manufacturer according 6.7.1 of Part 1.

### 10.5.104 Load test for application — Force applied through large surface area

The test is carried out on an assembly made of one or more trunking lengths or ducting lengths with the relevant system component, if any, to fulfil the various functions of the system and prepared according to the manufacturer's instructions. More than one assembly may be necessary to fulfil the various functions of the system. In each direction, the length L of trunking length or ducting length coming out of the functional area associated with the function of the system is as long as the width W of the trunking length or ducting length, or 500 mm, whichever is the greater. The tolerance of L is  $\pm$  25 mm.

NOTE 1 Functional area refers, for example, to a fitting, an apparatus mounting device or a junction as shown in Figure 106.

The samples are mounted on a rigid smooth support such as a plywood board 16 mm thick, with a 50 mm minimum spacing between the assembly and the edge of the support.

NOTE 2 For flushfloor CTS/CDS additional provision can be included to simulate the influence of the floor material on the side of the product.

NOTE 3 Other system components can be included to prevent movements. These system components are the system components to terminate the trunking length or ducting length, if any. When there is no such system component, a system component chosen by the manufacturer is used.

Examples for arrangement are shown in Figure 107.

Before the test non-metallic system components and composite system components are aged at the temperature declared according to Table 3 with a tolerance of  $\pm 2$  °C for (168 ± 4) h continuously.

The surface of the sample which can be exposed to traffic is loaded with the force declared according to 6.103.