

Edition 3.0 2016-08 **REDLINE VERSION** 

# **INTERNATIONAL STANDARD** colour inside Medical electrical equipment -Part 2-46: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of operating tables



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> colour inside

## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Medical electrical equipment – Part 2-46: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of operating tables

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<u>2-46:2016</u> -14f5-45b2-b191-2dcd24c961aa/iec-60601-2-46-2016

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

#### MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT -

#### Part 2-46: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of operating tables

#### FOREWORD

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International standard IEC 60601-2-46 has been prepared by IEC subcommittee 62D Electromedical equipment, of IEC technical committee 62: Electrical equipment in medical practice.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2010 and constitutes a technical revision. This edition of IEC 60601-2-46 was revised to align structurally with the 2005 edition of IEC 60601-1 and with IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting	
62D/1365/FDIS	62D/1371/RVD	$\langle \rangle $

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

In this standard, the following print types are used;

- Requirements and definitions: roman type,
- Test specifications: italic type.
- Informative material appearing outside of tables, such as notes, examples and references: in smaller type.
  Normative text of tables is also in a smaller type.
- TERMS DEFINED IN CLAUSE 3 OF THE GENERAL STANDARD, IN THIS PARTICULAR STANDARD OR AS NOTED: SMALL CAPITALS.

In referring to the structure of this standard, the term 2016

- "clause" means one of the numbered divisions within the table of contents, inclusive of all subdivisions (e.g. Clause 7 includes subclauses 7.1, 7.2, etc.);
  - "subclause" means a numbered subdivision of a clause (e.g. 7.1, 7.2 and 7.2.1 are all subclauses of Clause X).

References to clauses within this standard are preceded by the term "Clause" followed by the clause number. References to subclauses within this particular standard are by number only.

In this standard, the conjunctive "or" is used as an "inclusive or" so a statement is true if any combination of the conditions is true.

The verbal forms used in this standard conform to usage described in Annex H of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. For the purposes of this standard, the auxiliary verb:

- "shall" means that compliance with a requirement or a test is mandatory for compliance with this standard;
- "should" means that compliance with a requirement or a test is recommended but is not mandatory for compliance with this standard;
- "may" is used to describe a permissible way to achieve compliance with a requirement or test.

An asterisk (\*) as the first character of a title or at the beginning of a paragraph or table title indicates that there is guidance or rationale related to that item in Annex AA.

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A list of all parts of the IEC 60601 series, published under the general title *Medical electrical equipment*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

IMPORTANT – The "colour inside" logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this publication using a colour printer.

#### INTRODUCTION

This particular standard concerns the BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE of OPERATING TABLES. It amends and supplements IEC 60601-1 (third edition, 2005): *Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance*) and its Amendment 1 (IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012), hereinafter referred to as the general standard.

The aim of this third edition is to bring this particular standard up to date with reference to the third edition of the general standard through reformatting and technical changes.

The requirements of this particular standard take priority over those of the general standard.

A "General guidance and rationale" for the more important requirements of this particular standard is included in Annex AA. It is considered that knowledge of the reasons for these requirements will not only facilitate the proper application of the standard but will, in due course, expedite any revision necessitated by changes in clinical practice or as a result of developments in technology. However, Annex AA does not form part of the requirements of this Standard.

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#### MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT -

#### Part 2-46: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of operating tables

#### 201.1 Scope, object and related standards

Clause 1 of the general standard<sup>1)</sup> applies, except as follows:

#### 201.1.1 Scope

Replacement:

This particular standard specifies safety requirements for OPERATING TABLES, whether or not having electrical parts, including TRANSPORTERS, used for the transportation of the OPERATING TABLE top to or from the base or pedestal of an OPERATING TABLE with detachable OPERATING TABLE top.

NOTE See also 4.2 of the General Standard.

This particular standard does not apply to

- dental PATIENT chairs;
- examination chairs and couches;
- PATIENT-supporting systems of diagnostic and therapeutic devices; (see IEC 60601-2-43)
- OPERATING TABLE heating blankets; (see IEC 80601-2-35)
- PATIENT transfer equipment;

nttps://.#un delivery tables and beds; la 1s/i /b2 180e0-14f5-45b2-b191-2dcd24c961aa/iec-60601-2-46-2016

- medical beds; (see IEC 60601-2-52)
- field tables.

**NOTE** If OPERATING TABLES will be used in combination with diagnostic and/or therapeutic devices the relevant requirements of each related particular standard have to be considered are also applicable.

#### 201.1.2 Object

Replacement:

The object of this particular standard is to establish particular BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE requirements for OPERATING TABLES as defined in 201.3.201 and hereinafter also referred to as ME EQUIPMENT.

#### 201.1.3 Collateral standards

Addition:

This particular standard refers to those applicable collateral standards that are listed in Clause 2 of the general standard and Clause 201.2 of this particular standard.

<sup>1)</sup> The general standard is IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012, Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance.

IEC 60601-1-2 and IEC 60601-1-3 apply as modified in Clauses 202 and 203 respectively. IEC 60601-1-3, IEC 60601-1-8, IEC 60601-1-10, IEC 60601-1-11 and IEC 60601-1-12 do not apply. All other published collateral standards in the IEC 60601-1 series apply as published.

#### 201.1.4 Particular standards

#### Replacement:

In the IEC 60601 series, particular standards may modify, replace or delete requirements contained in the general standard and collateral standards as appropriate for the particular ME EQUIPMENT under consideration, and may add other BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE requirements.

A requirement of a particular standard takes priority over the general standard.

For brevity, IEC 60601-1 is referred to in this particular standard as the general standard. Collateral standards are referred to by their document number.

The numbering of clauses and subclauses of this particular standard corresponds to that of the general standard with the prefix "201" (e.g. 201.1 in this standard addresses the content of Clause 1 of the general standard) or applicable collateral standard with the prefix "20x" where  $\times$  is the final digit(s) of the collateral standard document number (e.g. 202.4 in this particular standard addresses the content of Clause 4 of the IEC 60601-1-2 collateral standard, 203.4 in this particular standard addresses the content of Clause 4 of the IEC 60601-1-2 collateral standard, 203.4 in this particular standard addresses the content of Clause 4 of the standard addresses the softent of clause 4 of the standard addresses the softent of clause 4 of the standard addresses the softent of clause 4 of the standard addresses the softent of clause 4 of the standard addresses the softent of clause 4 of the standard addresses the softent of clause 4 of the standard addresses the softent of clause 4 of the standard addresses the softent of clause 4 of the standard addresses the softent of clause 4 of the standard addresses the softent of clause 4 of the standard addresses the softent of clause 4 of the standard addresses the softent of the general standard are specified by the use of the following words:

"Replacement" means that the clause or subclause of the general standard or applicable collateral standard is replaced completely by the text of this particular standard.

"Addition" means that the text of this particular standard is additional to the requirements of the general standard or applicable collateral standard.016

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"Amendment" means that the clause or subclause of the general standard or applicable collateral standard is amended as indicated by the text of this particular standard.

Subclauses, figures or tables which are additional to those of the general standard are numbered starting from 201.101. However, due to the fact that definitions in the general standard are numbered 3.1 through 3.147, additional definitions in this standard are numbered beginning from 201.3.201. Additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc., and additional items aa), bb), etc.

Subclauses, figures or tables which are additional to those of a collateral standard are numbered starting from 20x, where "x" is the number of the collateral standard, e.g. 202 for IEC 60601-1-2, 203 for IEC 60601-1-3, etc.

The term "this standard" is used to make reference to the general standard, any applicable collateral standards and this particular standard taken together.

Where there is no corresponding clause or subclause in this particular standard, the clause or subclause of the general standard or applicable collateral standard, although possibly not relevant, applies without modification; where it is intended that any part of the general standard or applicable collateral standard, although possibly relevant, is not to be applied, a statement to that effect is given in this particular standard.

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#### 201.2 Normative references

Clause 2 of the general standard applies, except as follows:

Replacement:

IEC 60601-1-2:2007 2014, Medical electrical equipment – Part 1-2: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance – Collateral standard: Electromagnetic <u>compatibility</u> disturbances – Requirements and tests

IEC 60601-1-3:2008, Medical electrical equipment – Part 1-3: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance – Collateral standard: Radiation protection in diagnostic X-ray equipment IEC 60601-1-3:2008/AMD1:2013<sup>2</sup>

Addition:

IEC 60601-2-2, Medical electrical equipment – Part 2-2: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of high frequency surgical equipment and high frequency surgical accessories

IEC 60601-2-43, Medical electrical equipment (Rart 2/43). Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of X-ray equipment for interventional procedures

#### 201.3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60601-1:2005 apply, except as follows:

NOTE An index of defined terms is found beginning on page 24.

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#### 201.3.201

#### MOBILE OPERATING TABLE

OPERATING TABLE intended to be relocated from one location to another while supported by its own wheels or equivalent means

#### 201.3.202

**NORMAL POSITION** position of the OPERATING TABLE top with all sections set in the horizontal position

#### 201.3.203

**OPERATING TABLE** (hereinafter also referred to as ME EQUIPMENT) device for TEMPORARY USE, with the INTENDED USE of supporting and positioning a PATIENT during surgical procedures for not more than 24 h

Note 1 to entry: This includes pre- and post-operative phases in general, surgical/medical procedures under medical supervision.

#### 201.3.204

#### TEMPORARY USE

normally intended for continuous use for not more than 24 hours

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> There exists a consolidated edition 2.1, which includes IEC 60601-1-3:2008 and its Amendment 1 (2013).

#### 201.3.204

#### TRANSPORTER

device intended for the transportation of an OPERATING TABLE top to or from the base or pedestal of an OPERATING TABLE, or the transportation of the OPERATING TABLE top complete with the base

Note 1 to entry: This definition does not include devices intended to simplify the transport of the PATIENT from one location to another without the transfer of parts associated with an OPERATING TABLE.

Note 2 to entry: The transportation can be done with or without a PATIENT in place.

#### 201.3.205

#### TRENDELENBURG POSITION

a supine PATIENT position where the body is in a single plane, with that plane inclined so that the head is lower than the pelvis

#### 201.4 General requirements

Clause 4 of the general standard applies, except as follows/

#### 201.4.3 Essential performance

Addition:

Besides the definition of the MANUFACTURER, the following ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE is required from OPERATING TABLES:

- no unwanted movement in any SINGLE FAULT CONDITION and any combined fault conditions as derived from RISK MARACEMENT Specified by the MANUFACTURER.

- supporting a PATIENT without unwanted movement in a SINGLE FAULT CONDITION.

201.4.7 Single FAULT CONDITION for ME EQUIPMENT OPERATING TABLES

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Additional SINGLE FAULT CONDITIONS to be regarded with OPERATING TABLES:

• flaw (impairment) in the transmission of commands from/to input devices.

NOTE 104 The MANUFACTURER should provide means, where practical, to ensure that in a SINGLE FAULT CONDITION the PATIENT support platform of the OPERATING TABLE can return to a position for emergency treatment.

NOTE 101 Examples of positions for emergency treatment are TRENDELENBURG or positions for cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR), emergency back flattening.

#### **201.5** General requirements for testing <u>ME EQUIPMENT</u> OPERATING TABLES

Clause 5 of the general standard applies.

#### 201.6 Classification of ME EQUIPMENT OPERATING TABLES and ME SYSTEMS

Clause 6 of the general standard applies.

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## 201.7 **ME EQUIPMENT** OPERATING TABLES identification, marking and documents

Clause 7 of the general standard applies, except as follows:

#### 201.7.2 Marking on the outside of OPERATING TABLES or OPERATING TABLES parts

#### 201.7.2.10 Applied parts

Amendment:

The APPLIED PART marking symbol according to Table D.1 (symbol 19, 20 or 21) shall be located in a prominent place. Compliance is checked by inspection.

#### 201.7.2.21 Mass of MOBILE OPERATING TABLES

This subclause of the general standard does not apply.

#### 201.7.9.2 Instructions for use

201.7.9.2.1 General

Addition:

Instructions for use shall include information, regarding potential HAZARDS related to highfrequency surgical equipment, cardiac defibrillators and cardiac defibrillator-monitors.

NOTE 101 Potential HAZARDS which have to be considered include but are not limited to: PATIENT burns, explosion HAZARDS or electrical shock of the PATIENT OF OPERATOR.

## 201.8 Protection against electrical HAZARDS from <u>ME EQUIPMENT</u> OPERATING TABLES

nttps://standards.itch.ai/ 1999 and 1979 b2 190e0-1415-45b2-b191-2dcd24c961aa/iec-60601-2-46-2016 Clause 8 of the general standard applies except as follows:

#### 201.8.6.7 POTENTIAL EQUALIZATION CONDUCTOR

Addition:

Where POTENTIAL EQUALIZATION is required, the APPLIED PARTS of OPERATING TABLES with ACCESSIBLE PARTS which are not PROTECTIVELY EARTHED shall be provided with a POTENTIAL EQUALIZATION terminal.

For <u>ME EQUIPMENT</u> OPERATING TABLES with a POTENTIAL EQUALIZATION terminal the impedance between the potential equalization terminal and any ACCESSIBLE PART shall not exceed 200 m $\Omega$ ,

Compliance is checked by using the test method of 8.6.4 of the general standard.

### **201.9 Protection against MECHANICAL HAZARDS of <u>ME EQUIPMENT</u> OPERATING TABLES and ME SYSTEMS**

Clause 9 of the general standard applies, except as follows:

#### 201.9.2.3 Other MECHANICAL HAZARDS associated with moving parts

#### 201.9.2.3.1 \*Unintended movement

Addition:

Wireless remote control devices of OPERATING TABLES shall be clearly assigned by internal means to the individual items of <u>ME EQUIPMENT</u> OPERATING TABLES.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

#### 201.9.4 Instability hazards

#### 201.9.4.2.2 \*Instability excluding transport position

ltem a)

#### Addition:

ME EQUIPMENT OPERATING TABLES shall be subjected to SAFE WORKING LOAD.

NOTE See Figure AA.1 and Table AA.1 for guidance regarding weight mass distribution,

Additional requirement:

OPERATING TABLES with transferable OPERATING TABLE tops shall be designed and manufactured so as to minimize the RISK of physical injuries and of accidental separation of the OPERATING TABLE tops when being transferred

Specifications concerning OPERATING TABLE top transfer operations shall indicate in the instructions for use the safety elements inherent in the transfer operation.

Compliance is checked by inspection and the following tests:

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Having transferred the OPERATING TABLE top to the TRANSPORTER, the stability in NORMAL USE test of 9.4.2.2 of the general standard shall be carried out. The OPERATING TABLE top shall not disengage from the TRANSPORTER.

The test is then repeated with the OPERATING TABLE top being placed on the base and the stability test is carried out on the base immediately after transfer.

#### 201.9.4.2.4.3 **\*Movement over a threshold**

Addition:

If MOBILE OPERATING TABLES *and* TRANSPORTERS are not able to negotiate such obstacles safely, the MANUFACTURER shall include a warning in the instructions for use or determine which threshold can be negotiated safely and inform the OPERATOR accordingly.

#### 201.9.4.3.1 Instability in transport position

Replacement of items b) and c) of the test procedure:

The MOBILE OPERATING TABLE or TRANSPORTER is placed with the SAFE WORKING LOAD in place, and the locking device (e.g. brakes) activated, on a plane covered with 2 mm to 4 mm thick vinyl flooring material and inclined at 6° from the horizontal plane on a concrete floor. Following initial elastic movement, initial creepage, and initial pivoting of castors, there shall be no movement of the MOBILE OPERATING TABLE or TRANSPORTER greater than 50 mm (in