

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[SIST EN 61810-2-1:2011](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4dfabffb-ffd2-4867-8844-b282da36ee7a/sist-en-61810-2-1-2011)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4dfabffb-ffd2-4867-8844-b282da36ee7a/sist-en-61810-2-1-2011>

EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 61810-2-1

April 2011

ICS 29.120.70

English version

**Electromechanical elementary relays -
Part 2-1: Reliability -
Procedure for the verification of B10 values
(IEC 61810-2-1:2011)**

Relais électromécaniques élémentaires -
Partie 2-1: Fiabilité -
Procédure de vérification des valeurs
de B10
(CEI 61810-2-1:2011)

Elektromechanische Elementarrelais -
Teil 2-1: Funktionsfähigkeit
(Zuverlässigkeit) -
Verfahren zum Nachweis der B10-Werte
(IEC 61810-2-1:2011)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2011-04-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B - 1000 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 94/317/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 61810-2-1, prepared by IEC TC 94, All-or-nothing electrical relays, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61810-2-1 on 2011-04-01.

This standard is to be used in conjunction with EN 61810-2:2011.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN and CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2012-01-01
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn (dow) 2014-04-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61810-2-1:2011 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

[SIST EN 61810-2-1:2011](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4dfabfb-fd2-4867-8844-b282da36ce7a/sist-en-61810-2-1-2011)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4dfabfb-fd2-4867-8844-b282da36ce7a/sist-en-61810-2-1-2011>

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 61810-1	2008	Electromechanical elementary relays - Part 1: General requirements	EN 61810-1	2008
IEC 61810-2	2011	Electromechanical elementary relays - Part 2: Reliability	EN 61810-2	2011
IEC 62061	2005	Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems	EN 62061 + corr. February	2005 2010
ISO 13849-1	2006	Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems - Part 1: General principles for design	EN ISO 13849-1	2008

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 61810-2-1:2011

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4dfabffb-ffd2-4867-8844-b282da36ce7a/sist-en-61810-2-1-2011>

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 61810-2-1:2011

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4dfabffb-ffd2-4867-8844-b282da36ee7a/sist-en-61810-2-1-2011>



IEC 61810-2-1

Edition 1.0 2011-02

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Electromechanical elementary relays –
Part 2-1: Reliability – Procedure for the verification of B_{10} values**

**Relais électromécaniques élémentaires –
Partie 2-1: Fiabilité – Procédure de vérification des valeurs de B_{10}**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

COMMISSION
ELECTROTECHNIQUE
INTERNATIONALE

PRICE CODE
CODE PRIX



ICS 29.120.70

ISBN 978-2-88912-375-9

CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	3
INTRODUCTION.....	5
1 Scope.....	6
2 Normative references.....	6
3 Terms and definitions.....	6
4 Verification of B_{10}	7
4.1 General.....	7
4.2 Requirements.....	7
4.2.1 Test specimens.....	7
4.2.2 Test circuit.....	7
4.2.3 Contact loads.....	7
4.2.4 Environmental conditions.....	7
4.2.5 Operating conditions.....	8
4.2.6 Failure criteria.....	8
4.3 Performance of the tests.....	8
4.3.1 Conformity test.....	8
4.3.2 Periodic test.....	8
5 Evaluation and verification of B_{10d}	9
5.1 General.....	9
5.2 Requirements.....	10
5.2.1 Test specimens.....	10
5.2.2 Test circuit.....	10
5.2.3 Contact loads.....	10
5.2.4 Environmental conditions.....	10
5.2.5 Operating conditions.....	10
5.2.6 Failure criteria.....	10
5.3 Performance of the tests.....	11
5.3.1 Conformity test.....	11
5.3.2 Periodic test.....	11
Annex A (informative) Example illustrating the assessment of malfunctions for B_{10d} evaluation.....	15
Bibliography.....	17
Figure 1 – Schematic flowchart.....	13
Figure 2 – Schematic flowchart for relays where dangerous failures have to be assessed.....	14
Table A.1 – Example with number of cycles at which malfunctions have been recorded.....	15

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ELECTROMECHANICAL ELEMENTARY RELAYS –**Part 2-1: Reliability –
Procedure for the verification of B_{10} values**

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 61810-2-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 94: All-or-nothing electrical relays.

This standard cancels and replaces IEC/PAS 61810-2-1 published in 2008. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This standard includes the following significant technical changes with respect to IEC/PAS 61810-2-1:

- addition of inductive loads in Clause 4;
- specification of dielectric tests under Clause 4 and Clause 5;
- addition of informative Annex A illustrating the assessment of malfunctions for B_{10d} .

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
94/317/FDIS	94/326/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 61810 series can be found, under the general title *Electromechanical elementary relays*, on the IEC website.

This International Standard is to be used in conjunction with IEC 61810-2:2011.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[SIST EN 61810-2-1:2011](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4dfabffb-ffd2-4867-8844-b282da36ce7a/sist-en-61810-2-1-2011)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4dfabffb-ffd2-4867-8844-b282da36ce7a/sist-en-61810-2-1-2011>

INTRODUCTION

Based on the general provisions of IEC 61810-2, this standard specifies reliability test procedures for electromechanical elementary relays where enhanced requirements for the verification of reliability apply. An initial conformity test is passed and then confirmed by periodic tests with specified periodicity. This standard describes how figures for B_{10} (the mean number of cycles until 10 % of the relays have failed) are derived from these life tests performed with representative relay samples.

In particular when electromechanical elementary relays are intended to be incorporated in safety-related control systems of machinery in accordance with IEC 62061 and ISO 13849-1, the mean time to dangerous failure ($MTTF_d$) is a measure that can be taken into account when assessing the probability of dangerous failure of the safety function concerned. Although a component failure cannot be defined as “dangerous” unless the detailed application is known, it is common to consider a failure mode that is likely to result in danger in a typical application of the component, and to refer to this failure mode as a “dangerous failure”. The $MTTF_d$ then becomes the expectation of the mean time to failure in this “dangerous” mode. For the calculation of $MTTF_d$ for electromechanical relays the data provided by the manufacturer for B_{10d} can be used (see C.4 of ISO 13849-1:2006).

Electromechanical elementary relays with forcibly guided (mechanically linked) contacts offer the possibility of a high diagnostic coverage according to 4.5.3 of ISO 13849-1:2006.

NOTE Requirements for such relays are given in EN 50205.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[SIST EN 61810-2-1:2011](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4dfabffb-ffd2-4867-8844-b282da36ce7a/sist-en-61810-2-1-2011)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4dfabffb-ffd2-4867-8844-b282da36ce7a/sist-en-61810-2-1-2011>