# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

### ISO 10762

First edition 1997-12-01

### Hydraulic fluid power — Cylinder mounting dimensions — 10 MPa (100 bar) series

Transmissions hydrauliques — Dimensions d'interchangeabilité des vérins — Série 10 MPa (100 bar)

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ISO 10762:1997(E)

#### **Foreword**

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Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

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International Standard ISO 10762 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 131, Fluid power systems, Subcommittee SC 3, Cylinders.

Annex A of this International Standard is for information bolly:1997

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#### Introduction

In hydraulic fluid power systems, power is transmitted and controlled through a liquid under pressure within an enclosed circuit.

One component of such systems is the fluid power cylinder. This is a device which converts power into linear mechanical force and motion. It consists of a movable element, i.e. a piston and piston rod, operating within a cylindrical bore.

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## Hydraulic fluid power — Cylinder mounting dimensions — 10 MPa (100 bar) series

#### 1 Scope

This International Standard establishes mounting dimensions for cylinders for use at 10 MPa [100 bar<sup>1)</sup>], as required for interchangeability of these cylinders.

NOTE — This International Standard allows manufacturers of hydraulic equipment flexibility in the design of 10 MPa (100 bar) cylinders and does not restrict technical development; however, it does provide basic guidelines.

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#### 2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this international Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 273:1979, Fasteners — Clearance holes for bolts and screws.

ISO 286-2:1988, ISO system of limits and fits — Part 2: Tables of standard tolerance grades and limit deviations for holes and shafts.

ISO 1179-1:— $^{2)}$ , Connections for general use and fluid power — Ports and stud ends with ISO 228-1 threads with elastomeric or metal-to-metal sealing — Part 1: Threaded ports.

ISO 3320:1987, Fluid power systems and components — Cylinder bores and piston rod diameters — Metric series.

ISO 4395:1978, Fluid power systems and components — Cylinders — Piston rod thread dimensions and types.

ISO 5598:1985, Fluid power systems and components — Vocabulary.

ISO 6149-1:1993, Connections for fluid power and general use — Ports and stud ends with ISO 261 threads and O-ring sealing — Part 1: Ports with O-ring seal in truncated housing.

ISO 8133:1991, Hydraulic fluid power — Single rod cylinders, 16 MPa (160 bar) compact series — Accessory mounting dimensions.

<sup>1) 1</sup> bar = 0,1 MPa =  $10^5$  Pa; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

<sup>2)</sup> To be published. (Revision, in part, of ISO 1179:1981)

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#### 3 Definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the definitions given in ISO 5598 and the following definitions apply.

- 3.1 cylinder: Device which converts fluid power into linear mechanical force and motion.
- **3.2 cylinder bore:** Internal diameter of the cylinder body.
- **3.3 piston rod:** Element which transmits mechanical force and motion from the piston.
- **3.4 mounting:** Device by which a cylinder is fastened to its mating element.

#### 4 Dimensions

Mounting dimensions for cylinders manufactured in accordance with this International Standard shall be as given in figures 1 to 13 and tables 1 to 13. Most tolerances are in accordance with ISO 286-2.

#### 5 Bore sizes

The following bore sizes in accordance with ISO 3320, in millimetres, are included in this series:

#### 6 Mounting types

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This International Standard includes the following mounting types which conform to ISO 6099:

ME5 — Rectangular flange, integral with head (see figure 3 and table 3)

ME6 — Cap, rectangular flange (see figure 4 and table 4)

MP1 — Cap, fixed clevis (see figure 5 and table 5)

MP3 — Cap, fixed eye (see figure 6 and table 6)

MP5 — Cap, fixed eye with spherical plain bearing (see figure 7 and table 7)

MS2 — Side lugs (see figure 8 and table 8)

MT1 — Head, integral trunnion (male) (see figure 9 and table 9)

MT4 — Intermediate, fixed or movable trunnion (male) (see figure 10 and table 10)

MX1 — Both ends, studs or tie rods extended (see figure 11 and table 11)

MX2 — Cap, studs or tie rods extended (see figure 12 and table 12)

MX3 — Head, studs or tie rods extended (see figure 13 and table 13)

#### 7 Piston rod characteristics

- **7.1** This International Standard covers piston rods which have a shouldered male thread end (see figure 1 and table 1 for basic dimensions).
- **7.2** For internally threaded rod ends, see ISO 4395.

**7.3** If other piston rod diameters or other piston rod threads are required, those specified in ISO 3320 and ISO 4395 shall be used.

#### **8 Identification statement** (Reference to this International Standard)

Use the following statement in test reports, catalogues and sales literature when electing to comply with this International Standard:

"Interchangeable mounting dimensions for 10 MPa (100 bar) cylinders are selected in accordance with ISO 10762:1997, *Hydraulic fluid power — Cylinder mounting dimensions — 10 MPa (100 bar) series."* 

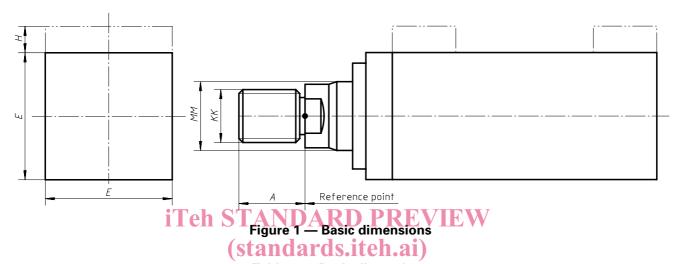


Table 1 — Basic dimensions

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Dimensions in millimetres

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	1)	557bl <b>k/k</b> 06d00/iso	-10762-19 <b>A</b> 7 max.	E max.	<i>H</i> <sup>2)</sup> max.	
40	18 or 28	M14 × 1,5	18	FO	Г	
40	28	M20 × 1,5	28	52	5	
EO	22 or 36	M16 × 1,5	22	GE.		
50	36	M27 × 2	36	65	5	
22	28 or 45	M20 × 1,5	28 77		3	
63	45	M33 × 2	45		3	
	36 or 56	M27 × 2	36	06	4	
80	56	M42 × 2	56	96	4	
100	45 or 70	M33 × 2	45	115	E	
100	70	M48 × 2	63	115	5	
40-	56 or 90	M42 × 2	56	1.40		
125	90	M64 × 3	85	140	_	
160	70 or 110	M48 × 2	63			
160	110	M80 × 3	95	180	_	
200	90 or 140	M64 × 3	85	225		
200	140	M100 × 3	112	225	_	

NOTE — For accessories, see ISO 8133. Port dimensions and positions are given in figure 2 and table 2.

<sup>1)</sup> See 7.3.

<sup>2)</sup> Extra height is provided for the reinforced rod head on all four bore sizes 50 mm, 63 mm, 80 mm and 100 mm, and is also provided for the head and cap on both rod sizes for the 40 mm bore.

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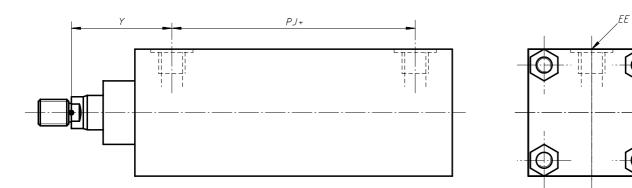


Figure 2 — Port dimensions and positions

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### Table 2 St Port dimensions and positions

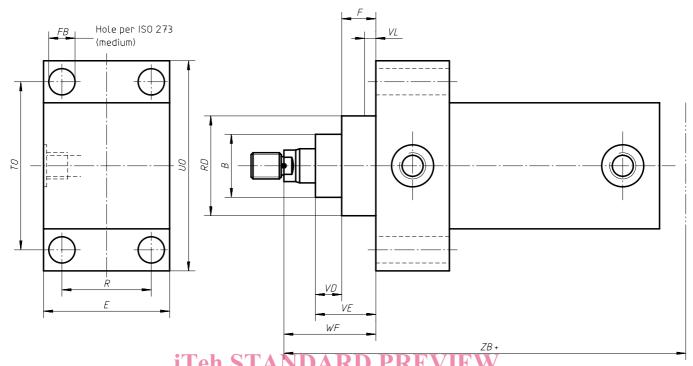
ISO 10762:1997

Bore	https://standards.itel	<i>PJ</i> <sup>3)</sup>		
	inch <sup>1)</sup>	557bbeb06d00/isp-10762-	1997 ± 2	± 1,25
40	G 3/8	M18 × 1,5	58	58
50	G 3/8	M18 × 1,5	65	58
63	G 1/2	M22 × 1,5	69	66
80	G 1/2	M22 × 1,5	77	74
100	G 3/4	M27 × 2	79	86
125	G 3/4	M27 × 2	80	93
160	G 1	M33 × 2	85	100
200	G1	M33 × 2	85	120

<sup>1)</sup> Ports in accordance with ISO 1179-1.

<sup>2)</sup> Threaded ports in accordance with ISO 6149-1 are preferred for new designs.

<sup>3)</sup> Stroke length  $\leq$  1 250 mm.



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Figure 3 — ME5 — Rectangular flange, integral with head
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Table 3 — Dimensions of rectangular flange, integral with head

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557bbb06d00/iso 10762 1007																				
Bore	MM	RD f8	<i>TO</i> js13	<i>FB</i> H13	<i>R</i> js13	WF ± 2	F max.	E max.	<i>UO</i> max.	<i>ZB</i> max.	<i>VE</i> max.	B max.	<i>VL</i> min.							
40	<b>40</b> 18 51	<b>5</b> 1	51 70	6,6	40	35	10	52	86	141	22	30	3							
40		31		0,0								42								
50	22	62	86	9	50	41	10	65	105	149	25	34	4							
30	36	02			30	71	10	00		140	20	50	7							
63	28	72	98	9	56	48	10	77	118	163	29	42	4							
00	45	,,,	00	O	00	٦						60	-7							
80	36	92 119	119	19 11	70	51	16	96	143	180	29	50	4							
00	56		52	]	110		, 0	51	10	30	140	100	20	72	7					
100	45	110	110	138	13,5	90	57	16	115	162	204	32	60	5						
100	70	110	100	10,0	00	07	10	110	102	204	52	88	Ü							
125	56	130	168	168	168	168	168	168	168	168	17,5	110	57	16	140	194	209	32	72	5
125	90										100	17,0	110	37	10	140	104	200	02	108
160	70	125	212	22	2 140	57	25	25 180	180 248	228	32	88	5							
100	110	170		212		170		20	100	240	220	02	133	<u> </u>						
200	90	150	268	26	170	57	25	225	225 308	08 253	32	108	5							
200	140	210		200	20	170	37	20	220	300	200	52	163	9						

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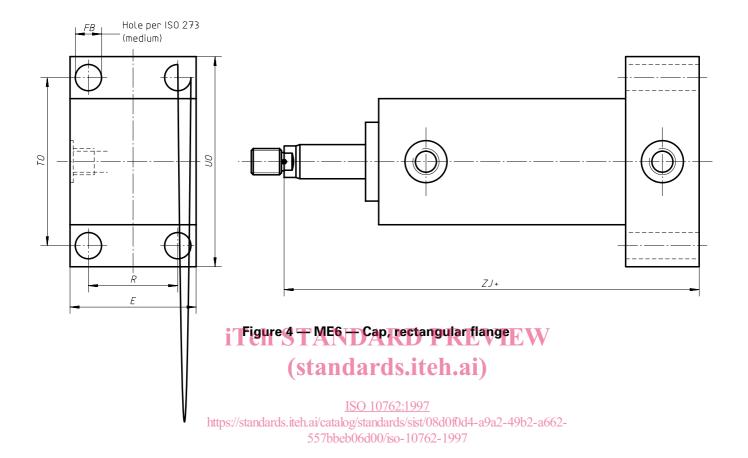


Table 4 — Dimensions of cap, rectangular flange

Bore	E max.	<i>TO</i> js13	<i>FB</i> H13	<i>R</i> js13	<i>ZJ</i> ± 1	<i>UO</i> max.
40	52	70	6,6	40	132	86
50	65	86	9	50	139	105
63	77	98	9	56	153	118
80	96	119	11	70	168	143
100	115	138	13,5	90	187	162
125	140	168	17,5	110	196	194
160	180	212	22	140	213	248
200	225	268	26	170	233	308

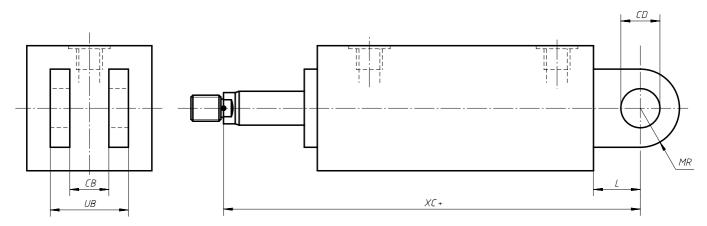


Figure 5 — MP1 — Cap, fixed clevis

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#### Table 5 — Dimensions of cap, fixed clevis

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Bore	<i>UB</i> max.	<i>CB</i> A16	<i>CD</i> H9	<i>MR</i> max.	<i>L</i> min.	<i>XC</i> ± 1,25
50	43	20	14	17	19	158
63	65	30	20	29	32	185
80	65	30	20	29	32	200
100	83	40	28	34	39	226
125	103	50	36	50	54	250
160	125	60	45	53	57	270
200	145	70	56	59	63	296