



Designation: A 266/A 266M – 99

## Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Forgings for Pressure Vessel Components<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 266/A 266M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

*This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.*

### 1. Scope

1.1 This specification<sup>2</sup> covers four grades of carbon steel forgings for boilers, pressure vessels, and associated equipment.

NOTE 1—Designations have been changed as follows:

|         |          |
|---------|----------|
| Current | Formerly |
| Grade 1 | Class 1  |
| Grade 2 | Class 2  |
| Grade 3 | Class 3  |
| Grade 4 | Class 4  |

1.2 Supplementary requirements are provided for use when additional testing or inspection is desired. These shall apply only when specified individually by the purchaser in the order.

1.3 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI (metric) units are to be regarded separately as the standard. Within the text and tables, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the specification.

1.4 Unless the order specifies the applicable “M” specification designation, the material shall be furnished to the inch-pound units.

### 2. Referenced Documents

#### 2.1 ASTM Standards:

A 275/A 275M Test Method for Magnetic Particle Examination of Steel Forgings<sup>3</sup>

A 370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products<sup>4</sup>

A 788 Specification for Steel Forgings, General Requirements<sup>3</sup>

E 112 Test Methods for Determining the Average Grain Size<sup>5</sup>

E 165 Test Method for Liquid Penetrant Examination<sup>6</sup>

E 381 Method of Macroetch Testing Steel Bars, Billets, Blooms, and Forgings<sup>5</sup>

#### 2.2 Other Standard:

ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX, Welding Qualifications<sup>7</sup>

### 3. Ordering Information and General Requirements

3.1 In addition to the ordering information required by Specification A 788, the purchaser shall include with the inquiry and order a detailed drawing, sketch, or written description of the forging.

3.2 Material supplied to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification A 788, which outlines additional ordering information, manufacturing requirements, testing and retesting methods and procedures, marking, certification, product analysis variations, and additional supplementary requirements.

3.3 If the requirements of this specification are in conflict with the requirements of Specification A 788, the requirements of this specification shall prevail.

### 4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 The steel shall be made in accordance with the Melting Process Section of Specification A 788. A sufficient discard shall be made to secure freedom from injurious pipe and undue segregation.

4.2 The material shall be forged as close as practical to the specified shape and size.

4.3 The finished product shall be a hot-worked forging as defined by Specification A 788.

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A-1 on Steel, Stainless Steel, and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.06 on Steel Forgings and Billets.

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<sup>2</sup> For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications, see related Specification SA-266/ SA-266M in Section II of that code.

<sup>3</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 01.05.

<sup>4</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 01.03.

<sup>5</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 03.01.

<sup>6</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 03.03.

<sup>7</sup> Available from the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 345 East 47th St., New York, NY 10017.

## 5. Machining

5.1 Surfaces shall be machined as designated by the purchaser. Unmachined surfaces shall be sufficiently free of scale to permit inspection.

5.2 Machining may be performed either prior to or after heat treatment at the option of the manufacturer unless specified in accordance with Supplementary Requirement S1.

## 6. Heat Treatment

6.1 After forging and before reheating for heat treatment, the forgings shall be cooled in such a manner as to prevent injury and to accomplish transformation.

6.2 All forgings shall be annealed, normalized, or normalized and tempered, but alternatively may be liquid quenched and tempered when mutually agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser. When tempering is performed, it shall be at a subcritical temperature, but no less than 1100°F [595°C].

6.3 A multiple stage austenitizing procedure may be used whereby the forging is first fully austenitized and liquid quenched, followed by reheating within the intercritical temperature range to partially reaustenitize, and again liquid quenched. On completion of the austenitizing/quenching cycles, tempering at a temperature between 1100°F [595°C] and the lower critical temperature shall follow.

NOTE 2—Although liquid quenching from the austenitizing temperatures is more effective in enhancing impact properties, air cooling from the austenitizing temperatures is also beneficial and may be used instead of the normalizing procedure in 6.2.

## 7. Chemical Composition

7.1 *Heat Analysis*—The heat analysis obtained from sampling in accordance with Specification A 788 shall comply with Table 1 except that the additional features of Supplementary Requirements S11 and S12 shall also apply as individually specified in the ordering information.

7.2 *Product Analysis*—The purchaser may use the product analysis provision of Specification A 788 to obtain a product analysis from a forging representing each heat or multiple heat.

## 8. Mechanical Properties

8.1 *General Requirements*—Except when otherwise specified in accordance with Supplementary Requirement S2, the material shall conform to the requirements for mechanical properties prescribed in Table 2 when tested in accordance with the latest issue of Test Methods and Definitions A 370. The largest obtainable tension test specimen as specified in Test Methods and Definitions A 370 shall be used.

**TABLE 2 Tensile Requirements**

|  | Grade 1            | Grades 2 and 4     | Grade 3             |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Tensile strength, min, ksi<br>[MPa]              | 60–85<br>[415–585] | 70–95<br>[485–655] | 75–100<br>[515–690] |
| Yield strength (0.2 % offset),<br>min, ksi [MPa] | 30<br>[205]        | 36<br>[250]        | 37.5<br>[260]       |
| Elongation in 2 in. or 50<br>mm, min, %          | 23                 | 20                 | 19                  |
| Reduction of area, min, %                        | 38                 | 33                 | 30                  |

8.1.1 Except when otherwise specified in accordance with Supplementary Requirement S2, the longitudinal axis of the specimens shall be parallel to the direction of major working of the forging. For upset-disc forgings, the longitudinal axis of the test specimen shall be in the tangential direction.

8.1.1.1 The longitudinal axis of the specimen shall be located midway between the parallel surfaces of the test extension if added to the periphery of disks or midway between the center and surface of solid forgings. For hollow forgings, the longitudinal axis of the specimens shall be located midway between the center and outer surfaces of the wall. When separately forged test blocks are employed as defined in 8.1.3, the tension test specimens shall be taken from a location that represents the midwall of the heaviest section of the production forgings. When specimens are required from opposite ends, they shall be taken from the diagonal corners of an axial plane.

8.1.2 Except as specified herein, tests for acceptance shall be made after heat treatment has been completed. When the ends of the cylindrical forgings are closed in by reforging, the cylindrical forgings may be annealed, normalized, or normalized and tempered and tested prior to reforging. After reforging, the entire forging shall be reheat-treated in the same manner and at the same temperature range as employed when the forging was heat-treated prior to certification testing.

8.1.3 When mutually agreed upon between manufacturer and purchaser, test specimens may be machined from a specially forged block suitably worked and heat treated with the production forgings. Such a special block shall be obtained from an ingot, slab, or billet from the same heat used to make the forgings it represents. This block shall receive essentially the same type of hot working and forging reduction as the production forgings; however, a longitudinally forged bar with dimensions not less than  $T$  by  $T$  by  $3T$  may be used to represent a ring forging. The dimension  $T$  shall be representative of the heaviest effective cross section of the forging. For quenched and tempered forgings for which tests are required at both ends by 8.2.2.3 and 8.2.2.4, separately forged test blocks are not allowed.

NOTE 3—In using separately forged test blocks, attention is drawn to the effect of mass differences between the production forgings and the test blocks.

8.2 *Specific Requirements*—The number and location of tests are based on forging length, weight, and heat treatment, and shall be as prescribed below. The length and weight to be used for this purpose shall be the shipped length and weight of forgings produced individually or the aggregate shipped length and weight of all pieces cut from a multiple forging.

**TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements**

|                 | Composition, % |           |           |
|-----------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|
|                 | Grades 1 and 2 | Grade 3   | Grade 4   |
| Carbon, max     | 0.30           | 0.35      | 0.30      |
| Manganese       | 0.40–1.05      | 0.80–1.35 | 0.80–1.35 |
| Phosphorus, max | 0.025          | 0.025     | 0.025     |
| Sulfur, max     | 0.025          | 0.025     | 0.025     |
| Silicon         | 0.15–0.35      | 0.15–0.35 | 0.15–0.35 |