

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**Lightning protection system components (LPSC) –
Part 3: Requirements for isolating spark gaps (ISG)**

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IEC 62561-3:2017

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LIGHTNING PROTECTION SYSTEM COMPONENTS (LPSC) –**Part 3: Requirements for isolating spark gaps (ISG)**

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 62561-3 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 81: Lightning protection.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition, published in 2012. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition.

- a) a new classification has been added related to ISGs location installation;
- b) an updated flow chart of tests has been developed.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
81/561/FDIS	81/566/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62561 series, published under the general title *Lightning protection system components (LPSC)*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

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INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 62561 deals with the requirements and tests for lightning protection system components (LPSC), specifically isolating spark gaps (ISG) used for the installation of a lightning protection system (LPS) designed and implemented according to the IEC 62305 series.

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LIGHTNING PROTECTION SYSTEM COMPONENTS (LPSC) –

Part 3: Requirements for isolating spark gaps (ISG)

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62561 specifies the requirements and tests for isolating spark gaps (ISG) for lightning protection systems.

ISGs can be used to indirectly bond a lightning protection system to other nearby metalwork where a direct bond is not permissible for functional reasons.

Typical applications include the connection to

- earth-termination systems of power installations,
- earth-termination systems of telecommunication systems,
- auxiliary earth electrodes of voltage-operated, earth fault circuit breakers,
- rail earth electrode of power and DC railways,
- measuring earth electrodes for laboratories,
- installations with cathodic protection and stray current systems,
- service entry masts for low-voltage overhead cables,
- bypassing insulated flanges and insulated couplings of pipelines.

This does not cover applications where follow currents occur.

NOTE Lightning protection system components (LPSC) can also be suitable for use in hazardous conditions such as fire and explosive atmosphere. Due regard will be taken of the extra requirements necessary for the components to be installed in such conditions.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-2-52:1996, *Environmental testing – Part 2-52: Tests – Test Kb: Salt mist, cyclic (sodium chloride solution)*¹

IEC 60068-2-75:1997, *Environmental testing – Part 2-75: Tests – Test Eh: Hammer tests*²

¹ 2nd edition (1996). A 3rd edition IEC 60068-2-52: *Environmental testing – Part 2-52: Tests – Test Kb: Salt mist, cyclic (sodium chloride solution)* is under preparation. Stage at the time of publication: IEC PRVC 60068-2-52:2017.

² 1st edition (1997). This 1st edition was replaced in 2014 by a 2nd edition IEC 60068-2-75:2014, *Environmental testing – Part 2-75: Tests – Test Eh: Hammer tests*.

ISO 4892-2:2006, *Plastics – Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources – Part 2: Xenon-arc lamps*³

IEC 62561-1, *Lightning protection system components (LPSC) – Part 1: Requirements for connection components*

ISO 4892-3:2006, *Plastics – Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources – Part 3: Fluorescent UV lamps*⁴

ISO 4892-4, *Plastics – Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources – Part 4: Open-flame carbon-arc lamps*

ISO 6957:1988, *Copper alloys – Ammonia test for stress corrosion resistance*

ISO 6988:1985, *Metallic and other non-organic coatings – Sulphur dioxide test with general condensation of moisture*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1

isolating spark gap

ISG

component with discharge distance for isolating electrically conductive installation sections

Note 1 to entry: In the event of a lightning strike, the isolated sections are temporarily connected conductively as the result of response to the discharge.

3.2

sparkover voltage

maximum voltage value before disruptive discharge between the electrodes of the ISG

3.3

withstand voltage

value of the test voltage to be applied under specified conditions in a withstand test, during which a specified number of disruptive discharges is tolerated

3.4

power frequency withstand voltage

r.m.s value of a sinusoidal power frequency voltage that the ISG can withstand

3.5

DC withstand voltage

value of a DC voltage that the ISG can withstand

³ 2nd edition (2006). This 2nd edition was replaced in 2013 by a 3rd edition ISO 4892-2:2013, *Plastics – Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources – Part 2: Xenon-arc lamps*.

⁴ 2nd edition (2006). This 2nd edition was replaced in 2016 by a 3rd edition: ISO 4892-3: 2016, *Plastics – Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources – Part 3: Fluorescent UV lamps*.