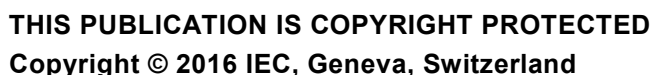


INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Calculation of the effective parameters of magnetic piece parts
(standards.iteh.ai)

IEC 60205:2016

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

CALCULATION OF THE EFFECTIVE PARAMETERS OF MAGNETIC PIECE PARTS

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 60205 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 51: Magnetic components, ferrite and and magnetic powder materials.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition published in 2006 and Amendment 1:2009. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) addition, in 5.1, of the drawing of a core of rectangular cross-section with chamfer;
- b) addition, in 5.1.3, of the equation of a core of rectangular cross-section with chamfer;
- c) equations in 5.1.4, 5.6, 5.7, 5.8, 5.9, 5.11, 5.12, 5.14 are amended or replaced;
- d) drawings RM6-S and RM6-R in 5.7 are amended;
- e) addition of EC-cores, see 5.15.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
51/1149/FDIS	51/1156/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

The contents of the corrigendum of July 2018 have been included in this copy.

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INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this revision is to provide formulae by which everybody can reach the same effective parameter values. Firstly, it is necessary to have a sufficient number of significant figures when figures are rounded off in the process of calculation. Additionally, some of the calculation formulae have been changed to get closer to the actual shape.

In this revision, the basic idea of calculation has not been changed. Recently, analysis of the magnetic field in the core has been considerably improved, so that, based on these ideas, development of new approaches and formulae can be expected.

Furthermore, the new “EC-cores” have been added.

The parameters in the existing IEC standards will be revised with the outcome from the formulae of this document.

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CALCULATION OF THE EFFECTIVE PARAMETERS OF MAGNETIC PIECE PARTS

1 Scope

This document specifies uniform rules for the calculation of the effective parameters of closed circuits of ferromagnetic material.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

4 Basic rules applicable to this standard

4.1 All results shall be expressed in units based on millimetres, shall be accurate to three significant figures, but to derive l_e , A_e , and V_e the values of C_1 and C_2 shall be calculated to five significant figures. All angles are in radians.

NOTE The purpose of specifying this degree of accuracy is only to ensure that parameters calculated at different establishments are identical and it is not intended to imply that the parameters are capable of being determined to this accuracy.

4.2 A_{\min} is the nominal value of the smallest cross-section. A_g is the geometrical cross-section of a ring core with rectangular shape. All the dimensions used to calculate A_{\min} shall be the mean values between the tolerance limits quoted on the appropriate piece part drawing. All results shall be expressed in units based on millimetres, and shall be accurate to three significant figures.

The minimum physical cross-section area A_{\min} is given as: $A_{\min} = \min(A_i)$

NOTE A_g to be used for the measurement of the saturation flux density B_{\max} on ring cores with rectangular cross-section.

4.3 Calculations are only applicable to the component parts of a closed magnetic circuit.

4.4 All dimensions used for the purpose of calculations shall be the mean value within the tolerance limits quoted on the appropriate piece part drawing.

4.5 All irregularities in the outline of the core, such as small cut-outs, notches, chamfers, etc. shall be ignored unless otherwise described.

4.6 When the calculation involves the sharp corner of a piece part, then the mean length of flux path for that corner shall be taken as the mean circular path joining the centres of area of the two adjacent uniform sections, and the cross-sectional area associated with that length shall be taken as the average area of the two adjacent uniform sections.

Calculation of effective parameters l_e , A_e and V_e .

The effective parameters can be defined as

$$l_e = C_1^2 / C_2 \quad A_e = C_1 / C_2 \quad V_e = l_e A_e = C_1^3 / C_2^2$$

where

l_e is the effective magnetic length of the core (mm);

A_e is the effective cross-sectional area (mm²);

V_e is the effective volume (mm³);

C_1 is the core constant (mm⁻¹);

C_2 is the core constant (mm⁻³).

5 Formulae for the various types of cores

5.1 Ring cores

5.1.1 Ring cores in general

Drawings of ring cores are shown in Figure 1.

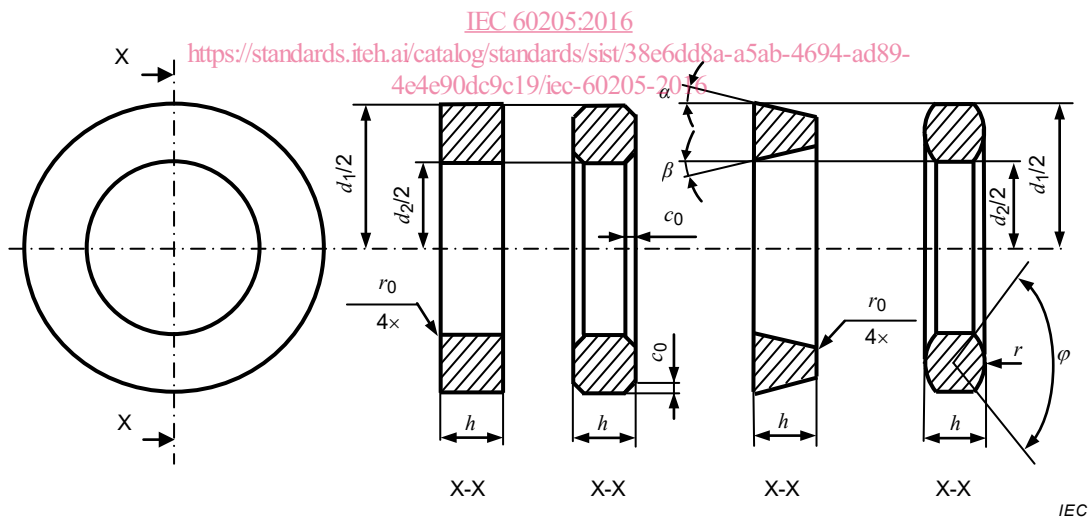


Figure 1 – Ring cores

$$C_1 = \frac{2\pi}{h_e \ln(d_1/d_2)}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{4\pi(1/d_2 - 1/d_1)}{h_e^2 \ln^3(d_1/d_2)}$$

5.1.2 For ring cores of rectangular cross-section with sharp corners

$$h_e = h$$

The geometrical cross-section of a ring core with rectangular shape A_g is given as:

$$A_g = h \frac{d_2 - d_1}{2}$$

5.1.3 For ring cores of rectangular cross-section with an appreciable average rounding radius r_0

$$h_e = h(1 - k_1) \quad k_1 = \frac{1,7168 r_0^2}{h(d_1 - d_2)}$$

5.1.4 For ring cores of rectangular cross-section with appreciable chamfer c_0

$$h_e = h(1 - k_3) \quad k_3 = \frac{4c_0^2}{h(d_1 - d_2)}$$

The geometrical cross-section of a ring core with appreciable chamfer shape A_g is given as:

$$A_g = h \frac{d_2 - d_1}{2} - 2c_0^2$$

5.1.5 For ring cores of trapezoidal cross-section with sharp corners

$$h_e = h(1 - k_2) \quad k_2 = \frac{h(\tan \alpha + \tan \beta)}{d_1 - d_2}$$

5.1.6 For ring cores of trapezoidal cross-section with an appreciable average rounding radius r_0

$$h_e = h(1 - k_1 - k_2)$$

5.1.7 For ring cores of cross-section with circular arc frontal sides

$$h_e = h - \frac{d_1 - d_2}{4 \sin^2(\varphi/2)} \left(2 \sin \frac{\varphi}{2} - \frac{\sin \varphi}{2} - \frac{\varphi}{2} \right)$$

$$\varphi = 2 \arcsin \frac{d_1 - d_2}{4r}$$

When the winding is uniformly distributed over a ring core, it may be expected that, at all points inside the ring core, the flux lines will be parallel to its surface.

No leakage flux will therefore leave or enter the ring core. This justifies the use of a theoretically more correct derivation of the effective parameters, which does not make use of the assumption that the flux is uniformly distributed over the cross-section.

5.2 Pair of U-cores of rectangular section

Drawings of a pair of U-cores of the rectangular section are shown in Figure 2.

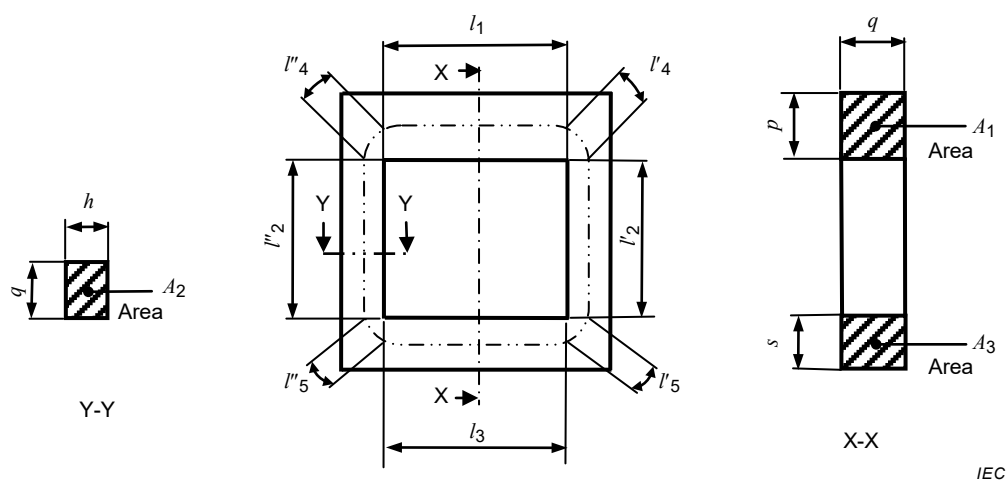


Figure 2 – Pair of U-cores of the rectangular section

Length of flux path associated with area A_2 :

$$l_2 = l'_2 + l''_2$$

Mean length of flux paths at corners:

$$l_4 = l'_4 + l''_4 = \frac{\pi}{4}(p + h)$$

$$l_5 = l'_5 + l''_5 = \frac{\pi}{4}(s + h)$$

Mean areas associated with l_4 and l_5 :

$$A_4 = \frac{A_1 + A_2}{2}$$

$$A_5 = \frac{A_2 + A_3}{2}$$

$$C_1 = \sum_{i=1}^5 \frac{l_i}{A_i} \quad C_2 = \sum_{i=1}^5 \frac{l_i}{A_i^2}$$

5.3 Pair of U-cores of rounded section

Drawings of a pair of U-cores of the rounded section are shown in Figure 3.

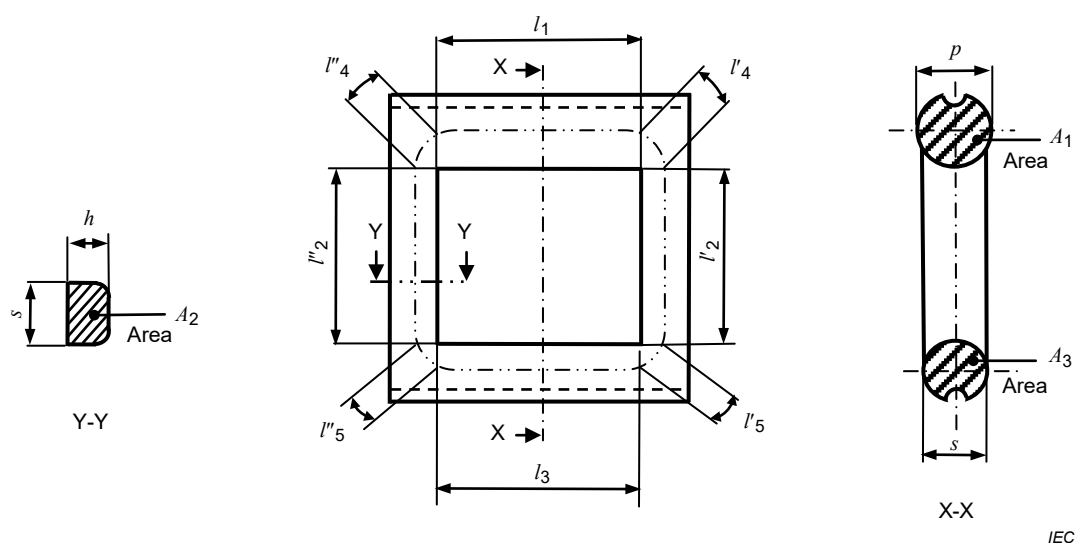


Figure 3 – Pair of U-cores of rounded section

In calculating A_2 ignore any ridges introduced for the purpose of facilitating manufacture.

Length of flux path associated with area A_2 :

$$l_2 = l'_2 + l''_2$$

Mean length of flux path at corners:

$$l_4 = l'_4 + l''_4 = \frac{\pi}{4}(p + h)$$

$$l_5 = l'_5 + l''_5 = \frac{\pi}{4}(s + h)$$

Mean areas associated with l_4 and l_5 :

$$A_4 = \frac{A_1 + A_2}{2}$$

$$A_5 = \frac{A_2 + A_3}{2}$$

$$C_1 = \sum_{i=1}^5 \frac{l_i}{A_i} \quad C_2 = \sum_{i=1}^5 \frac{l_i}{A_i^2}$$

5.4 Pair of E-cores of rectangular section

Drawings of a pair of E-cores of the rectangular section are shown in Figure 4.