
**Večelementni kovinski kabli za analogne in digitalne komunikacije in krmiljenje - 3-
2. del: Področna specifikacija za nezaslonjene kable z lastnostmi do 100 MHz -
Kabli za delovna območja in povezovalne vrvice**

Multi-element metallic cables used in analogue and digital communication and control -
Part 3-2: Sectional specification for unshielded cables characterised up to 100 MHz -
Work area and patch cord cables

Mehradrige metallische Daten- und Kontrollkabel für analoge und digitale Übertragung -
Teil 3-2: Rahmenspezifikation für ungeschirmte Kabel bis 100 MHz -
Geräteanschlusskabel und Schaltkabel

Câbles métalliques à éléments multiples utilisés pour les transmissions et les
commandes analogiques et numériques - Partie 3-2: Spécification intermédiaire pour les
câbles non blindés pour applications jusqu'à 100 MHz - Câbles de zone de travail et de
brassage

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CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

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Foreword

This document EN 50288-3-2:2013 has been prepared by CLC/SC 46XC "Multicore, Multipair and Quad Data communication cables," of CLC/TC 46X, "Communication cables".

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which this document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2014-03-18
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with this document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2016-03-18

This document supersedes EN 50288-3-2:2003.

EN 50288-3-2:2013 includes the following significant technical changes with respect to EN 50288-3-2:2003:

- the addition of the Blank Detail Specification Annex;
- a number minor corrections and updating of references;
- the re-classification of 'ELFEXT' to 'ACR-F'.

This Part 3-2 is to be read in conjunction to EN 50288-1.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC [and/or CEN] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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This standard covers the Principle Elements of the Safety Objectives for Electrical Equipment Designed for Use within Certain Voltage Limits (LVD - 2006/95/EC).

1 Scope

EN 50288-3-2 is a sectional specification for unscreened cables, characterised from 1 MHz up to 100 MHz, to be used as work area cables to connect a telecommunications outlet to the terminal equipment and for patch cord cables to establish connections on a patch panel as defined in EN 50173.

Work area and data centre cables may also be used as patch cord cables in any distributor of a generic building wiring system to interconnect with equipment or to cross-connect between cabling systems.

This sectional specification contains the electrical, mechanical, transmission and environmental performance characteristics of the cables, when tested in accordance with the referenced test methods.

This sectional specification is to be read in conjunction with EN 50288-1 which contains the essential provisions for its application.

The cables covered in this sectional specification are intended to operate with voltages and currents normally encountered in communication systems. These cables are not intended to be used in conjunction with low impedance sources, for example, the electric power supplies of public utility mains.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 50173	Series	<i>Information technology - Generic cabling systems</i> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0463d21-ce9f-4115-84cb-796f214b77/sist-en-50288-3-2-2013
EN 50288-1		<i>Multi-element metallic cables used in analogue and digital communication and control - Part 1: Generic specification</i>
EN 50289	Series	<i>Communication cables - Specifications for test methods</i>
EN 50290	Series	<i>Communication cables</i>
EN 60811	Series	<i>Electric and optical fibre cables - Test methods for non-metallic materials (IEC 60811 series)</i>
IEC 60189-2		<i>Low-frequency cables and wires with PVC insulation and PVC sheath - Part 2: Cables in pairs, triples, quads and quintuples for inside installations</i>

3 Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document the terms and definitions given in EN 50288-1 apply.

3.2 Symbols and abbreviations

For the purposes of this document, the following abbreviations apply.

EX	Exogenous (derived or originating externally)
POE	Power Over Ethernet

4 Cable construction

4.1 Conductor

The conductor shall be solid or stranded copper and meet the requirements of EN 50288-1, 4.1.

The stranded conductor shall consist of seven wires each with a nominal diameter of $\geq 0,10$ mm to $\leq 0,21$ mm.

The conductor shall be plain or metal coated.

The solid conductor nominal diameter shall be $\geq 0,4$ mm to $\leq 0,8$ mm.

NOTE Constructions with 'copper clad' conductors **do not** meet the requirements

4.2 Insulation

The insulation shall be of a suitable material according to the relevant part of EN 50290-2.

4.3 Cabling elements

The cable element shall be a pair or a quad.

4.4 Identification of cabling elements

Unless otherwise specified, the colour coding for identification is given in IEC 60189-2. The colours shall meet the requirements of EN 50288-1, 4.4.

4.5 Screening of cabling elements

Not applicable.

4.6 Cable make-up

The cable elements shall be laid up in concentric layer(s) or units to form the cable core.

4.7 Filling compound

Not applicable.

4.8 Interstitial fillers

Where fillers are used they shall meet the requirements of EN 50288-1, 4.8.

4.9 Screening of the cable core

Not applicable.

4.10 Moisture barriers

Not applicable.

4.11 Wrapping layers

Where wrapping layers are used they shall be in accordance with EN 50288-1, 4.11.

4.12 Sheath

The sheath shall be of a suitable material according to the relevant part of EN 50290-2.

5 Tests and requirements for completed cables

The following tables give the tests to be applied, together with the respective limits, in order to demonstrate compliance with this specification.

5.1 Electrical tests

5.1.1 Low-frequency and d.c. electrical measurements

Table 1 - Low-frequency and d.c. electrical measurements

EN 50288-1 sub-clause	Parameter	Requirement
5.1.1.1	Conductor loop resistance	(D1) $\leq 28,0 \Omega/100 \text{ m}$ (D2) $\leq 34,0 \Omega/100 \text{ m}$
5.1.1.2	Conductor resistance unbalance	$\leq 2,0 \%$
5.1.1.3	Dielectric strength conductor/conductor	1,0 kV d.c. or 0,7 kV a.c. for 1 min or 2,5 kV d.c. or 1,7 kV a.c. for 2 s
5.1.1.4	Insulation resistance	$\geq 5\,000 \text{ M}\Omega \cdot \text{km}$ when tested in accordance with EN 50289-1-4
5.1.1.5	Mutual capacitance	No requirement specified
5.1.1.6	Capacitance unbalance to earth	$\leq 1\,200 \text{ pF/km}$

5.1.2 High-frequency electrical and transmission measurements

Table 2 - High-frequency electrical and transmission requirements

EN 50288-1 sub-clause	Parameter	Requirement																		
5.1.2.1	Velocity of propagation	Phase delay $\leq 534+36/\sqrt{f}$ ns/100 m, $1 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 100 \text{ MHz}$																		
5.1.2.2	Propagation delay difference (skew)	≤ 45 ns/100 m at 100 MHz																		
5.1.2.3.1	D1 Longitudinal attenuation ^{2) 3) 4) 7)}	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>1</td><td>4</td><td>10</td><td>16</td><td>20</td><td>31,25</td><td>62,5</td><td>100</td><td>MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3,2</td><td>6,0</td><td>9,5</td><td>12,1</td><td>13,6</td><td>17,1</td><td>24,8</td><td>32,0</td><td>dB/100 m</td> </tr> </table> $\alpha \leq 1,5 (1,9108\sqrt{f}+0,0222f+0,2/\sqrt{f})$, $1 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 100 \text{ MHz}$	1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	MHz	3,2	6,0	9,5	12,1	13,6	17,1	24,8	32,0	dB/100 m
1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	MHz												
3,2	6,0	9,5	12,1	13,6	17,1	24,8	32,0	dB/100 m												
5.1.2.3.3	D2 Longitudinal attenuation ^{2) 3) 4) 7) 8)}	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>1</td><td>4</td><td>10</td><td>16</td><td>20</td><td>31,25</td><td>62,5</td><td>100</td><td>MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3,2</td><td>6,73</td><td>10,67</td><td>13,51</td><td>15,16</td><td>19,12</td><td>27,62</td><td>35,61</td><td>dB/100 m</td> </tr> </table> $\alpha \leq 3,225\sqrt{f}+0,0333f+0,3/\sqrt{f}$, $1 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 100 \text{ MHz}$	1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	MHz	3,2	6,73	10,67	13,51	15,16	19,12	27,62	35,61	dB/100 m
1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	MHz												
3,2	6,73	10,67	13,51	15,16	19,12	27,62	35,61	dB/100 m												
5.1.2.4	Near-end unbalance attenuation	$\geq 40-10\log(f)$ dB, $1 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 100 \text{ MHz}$; SIST EN 50288-3-2:2013 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0463d21-ce9f-4115-84cb-2796f214b77/sist-en-50288-3-2-2013																		
5.1.2.5	Near-end crosstalk (NEXT) ^{1) 2)}	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>1</td><td>4</td><td>10</td><td>16</td><td>20</td><td>31,25</td><td>62,5</td><td>100</td><td>MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>65,0</td><td>56,3</td><td>50,3</td><td>47,3</td><td>45,8</td><td>42,9</td><td>38,4</td><td>35,3</td><td>dB</td> </tr> </table> $\geq 65,0-15\log(f)$ $1 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 100 \text{ MHz}$	1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	MHz	65,0	56,3	50,3	47,3	45,8	42,9	38,4	35,3	dB
1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	MHz												
65,0	56,3	50,3	47,3	45,8	42,9	38,4	35,3	dB												
5.1.2.6	Attenuation to crosstalk ratio at the far end (ACR-F) ^{2) 6)}	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>1</td><td>4</td><td>10</td><td>16</td><td>20</td><td>31,25</td><td>62,5</td><td>100</td><td>MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64</td><td>52</td><td>44</td><td>40</td><td>38</td><td>34</td><td>28</td><td>24</td><td>dB</td> </tr> </table> $\geq 64-20\log(f)$, $1 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 100 \text{ MHz}$; values referenced to 100 m	1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	MHz	64	52	44	40	38	34	28	24	dB
1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	MHz												
64	52	44	40	38	34	28	24	dB												
5.1.2.7.1	Power sum near-end crosstalk ^{2) 4)} (PSNEXT)	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>1</td><td>4</td><td>10</td><td>16</td><td>20</td><td>31,25</td><td>62,5</td><td>100</td><td>MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>62,3</td><td>53,3</td><td>47,3</td><td>44,2</td><td>42,8</td><td>39,9</td><td>35,4</td><td>32,3</td><td>dB</td> </tr> </table> $\geq 62,3-15\log(f)$, $1 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 100 \text{ MHz}$	1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	MHz	62,3	53,3	47,3	44,2	42,8	39,9	35,4	32,3	dB
1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	MHz												
62,3	53,3	47,3	44,2	42,8	39,9	35,4	32,3	dB												