

IEC TR 61916

Edition 4.0 2017-03

TECHNICAL REPORT



Electrical accessories h Harmonization of general rules W (standards.iteh.ai)

IEC TR 61916:2017 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a5c4487a-9a27-4ecb-b1d2-7fc896ecbcbf/iec-tr-61916-2017





THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED Copyright © 2017 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

IEC Central Office	Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11
3, rue de Varembé	Fax: +41 22 919 03 00
CH-1211 Geneva 20	info@iec.ch
Switzerland	www.iec.ch

About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigenda or an amendment might have been published.

IEC Catalogue - webstore.iec.ch/catalogue

The stand-alone application for consulting the entire bibliographical information on IEC International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports and other documents. Available for PC, Mac OS, Android Tablets and iPad.

IEC publications search - www.iec.ch/searchpub

The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number text, technical committee,...). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary of electronic and electrical terms containing 20 000 terms and definitions in English and French, with equivalent terms in 16 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.

IEC Glossary - std.iec.ch/glossary

65 000 electrotechnical terminology entries in English and French extracted from the Terms and Definitions clause of IEC publications issued since 2002. Some entries have been collected from earlier publications of IEC TC 37, 77, 86 and CISPR.

IEC Customer Service Centre - webstore.iec.ch/csc

details all new publications released. Available on the and 19 for the sistence, please contact the Customer Service also once a month by emailtips://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standardsed further assistance, please contact the Customer Service 7fc896ecbcbf/iec-iCentre ces@jec.ch.



Edition 4.0 2017-03

TECHNICAL REPORT



Electrical accessories h Harmonization of general rules EW (standards.iteh.ai)

IEC TR 61916:2017 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a5c4487a-9a27-4ecb-b1d2-7fc896ecbcbf/iec-tr-61916-2017

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ICS 29.120.01

ISBN 978-2-8322-4117-2

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

CONTENTS

FC	DREWO	RD	4
IN	TRODU	CTION	6
1	Scop	e	7
2	Norm	ative references	7
3	Term	s and definitions	7
4	Gene	eral requirements	8
	<u>4</u> 1	General	9 8
	4.1	Standard conditions for operation in service	0 8
	421	Ambient temperature	8
	4.2.2	Altitude	9
	4.2.3	Maximum relative humidity at 40 °C	9
	4.2.4	External magnetic field	9
	4.2.5	Accessory orientation	9
	4.3	Ambient air temperature range for testing	9
5	Resis	stance to heat	9
	5.1	General	9
	5.2	Requirements	9
	5.3		10
6	Screv	ws, current-carrying parts and connections (electrical and mechanical)	11
	6 1	General (standards.iteh.ai)	11
	6.2	Types of screw	11
	6.2.1	Thread-forming screw <u>IEC TR 61916:2017</u>	11
	6.2.2	https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a5c4487a-9a27-4ecb-b1d2- Thread-cutting screw	11
	6.3	Requirements	12
	6.4	Tests	14
7	Resis	stance to abnormal heat and to fire	15
	7.1	General	15
	7.2	Requirements	15
	7.3	Glow-wire flammability test for end-products, IEC 60695-2-11	16
	7.3.1	Purpose and principle	16
	7.3.2	Test method	17
	7.3.3	Relevance of test data	17
8	Resis	stance of insulating materials to tracking	18
	8.1	General	18
	8.2	Requirements	18
	8.3	Tracking index test, IEC 60112	18
	8.3.1	Purpose and principle	18
	8.3.2	Test method	18
	8.3.3	Relevance of test data	19
9	Resis	stance to rusting	19
	9.1	General	19
	9.2	Requirements	19
	9.3	Test	19
10	Legib	vility, durability and indelibility of marking	20
	10.1	General	20
	10.2	Requirements	20

10.3 Test	20
11 Screw-type terminals for connecting conductors	21
12 Criteria for tests in accessory standards	21
13 Tolerances	21
14 Mechanical strength	22
14.1 Impact	22
14.2 Free fall	22
15 Appropriate dimensioning of insulation distances	22
15.1 General	22
15.2 General information	22
15.3 Dimensioning of clearances	23
15.4 Dimensioning of creepage distances	23
15.5 Dimensioning of solid insulation	25
15.6 Dimensioning of functional insulation	25
15.7 Practical application of the IEC 60664 series with regards to particular questions	25
15.8 Other information useful for TC 23 and its subcommittees	25
16 Resistance to UV	20
16.1 General	26
16.2 Basic principles, L. OTANDADD DDEV/IEW/	20
16.3 Tests	
16.3.1 General	27
16.3.2 UV test	27
16.3.3 Mechanical test <u>IEC TR 61916:2017</u>	28
Annex A (informative) ^s Material selection process.	29
A.1 General	29
A.2 Requirements for material selection process	29
A.3 Material selection process	30
A.3.1 Material selection based on flammability classifications	30
A.3.2 Arc ignition test	
Annex B (informative) Suggested GWEPT temperatures	32
Bibliography	33
Figure 1 – Thread-forming screw	11
Figure 2 – Thread-cutting screw	12
Figure 3 – Small parts	17
Figure 4 – Test piston dimensions	21
Table 1 – Torque per thread diameter	14
Table A.1 – Minimum glow-wire ignition temperature (GWIT) of insulating materials required for the flammability classification of the selected material	30
Table A.2 – Minimum glow-wire ignition temperature (GWIT) of insulating materialsrequired for the GWFI classification of the selected material	30
Table A.3 – Minimum number of arcs required for the flammability classification of the selected material	30
Table A.4 – Minimum number of arcs required for the GWFI classification of the selected material	30

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES – HARMONIZATION OF GENERAL RULES

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies. sist/a5c4487a-9a27-4ecb-b1d2-
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

The main task of IEC technical committees is to prepare International Standards. However, a technical committee may propose the publication of a Technical Report when it has collected data of a different kind from that which is normally published as an International Standard, for example "state of the art".

IEC TR 61916, which is a Technical Report, has been prepared by IEC technical committee 23: Electrical accessories.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition published in 2014 and constitutes a technical revision. This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) clarification of the introduction and the scope;
- b) clarification of subclause 6.3;
- c) modification of Clause 7;
- d) modification of Clause 10;
- e) addition of Annex B for temperature selection for GWEPT.

The text of this Technical Report is based on the following documents:

Enquiry draft	Report on voting
23/742/DTR	23/766/RVDTR

Full information on the voting for the approval of this Technical Report can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

In this Technical Report, the following print types are used:

- requirements proper: in roman type;
- test specifications: in italic type;
- Explanatory matter: in smaller roman type.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or ANDARD PREVIEW
- amended.

(standards.iteh.ai)

IEC TR 61916:2017

A bilingual version of this publication and site and site

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this document is to have harmonized rules on the same subjects in all the standards published by IEC TC 23 and its subcommittees, in order to give coordinated indications to subcommittees when developing their standards.

These recommendations are meant as a guide. Consequently, subcommittees, according to their own particularities, can use whole or part of the document, which is not meant to be compulsory.

In this document, the word "shall" is used only to illustrate how the relevant requirement should be implemented in a product standard and does not itself imply a product requirement within this document.

In publishing these recommendations, IEC TC 23 wishes to spread the information so that other committees of the IEC can use these recommendations, if necessary.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

IEC TR 61916:2017 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a5c4487a-9a27-4ecb-b1d2-7fc896ecbcbf/iec-tr-61916-2017

ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES – HARMONIZATION OF GENERAL RULES

1 Scope

This document, which is a Technical Report, provides guidance on requirements and tests for subjects applicable to electrical accessories that are within the scope of IEC TC 23 and its subcommittees.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses: **Teh STANDARD PREVIEW**

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

IEC TR 61916:2017

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a5c4487a-9a27-4ecb-b1d2-7fc896ecbcbf/iec-tr-61916-2017

tracking

3.1

progressive formation of conductive paths, which are produced on the surface of or within a solid insulating material, due to the combined effects of electric stress and electrolytic contamination

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-212:2010, 212-11-56, modified – The note has been deleted.]

3.2

electric erosion

wearing away of insulating material by the action of electric discharges

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-212:2010, 212-11-55]

3.3

comparative tracking index

СТІ

numerical value of the maximum voltage in volts at which a material withstands 50 drops without tracking

Note 1 to entry: The value of each test voltage and the CTI should be divisible by 25.

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-212:2010, 212-11-59, modified – In the definition, the number of drops is specified and the text "and without a persistent flame occurring under specified test conditions" has been removed at the end of the definition. Note 1 to entry has been added.]

3.4 proof tracking index PTI

numerical value of the proof voltage in volts at which an insulating material withstands 50 drops without tracking

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-212:2010, 212-11-60, modified – In the definition, the number of drops is specified. As a consequence, the words "can withstand in a specified tracking test without tracking failure and without a persistent flame occurring" have been deleted.]

3.5

material selection

process of assessing and choosing candidate materials for parts of components or subassemblies during the design stage of a product

4 General requirements

4.1 General

Before tests, the specimen is stored for at least 24 h in an atmosphere having a temperature between 15 °C and 35 °C and relative humidity between 45 % and 75 %, except for the test of Clause 7 where IEC 60112 applies.

Accessories within the scope of TC 23 standards, and those of its subcommittees, shall be designed and constructed so that, in normal use, their performance is reliable and safe for the user and the surroundings. (standards.iteh.ai)

Standard conditions for operation in service for electrical accessories complying with the existing standards should be suitable for use at ambient temperatures not normally exceeding 40 °C, and whose average over a period of 24 h does not exceed 35 °C, with a lower limit of the ambient air temperature of -5 °C.

4.2 Standard conditions for operation in service

4.2.1 Ambient temperature

4.2.1.1 General

Unless covered by a temperature classification, accessories within the scope of TC 23 standards, and those of its subcommittees, should be at least capable of operating under the following standard conditions.

4.2.1.2 Ambient air temperature range in normal use

Electrical accessories complying with the existing standards are suitable for normal use at ambient temperatures not normally exceeding 40 °C, but their average over a period of 24 h does not exceed 35 °C, with a lower limit of the ambient air temperature of -5 °C.

NOTE This temperature range corresponds to AA4 of IEC 60364-5-51:2005, Table 51A. Part of the temperature range of IEC 60721-3-3, class 3K5, with the high air temperature restricted to 40 °C.

Accessories intended to be used in ambient air temperatures outside the above mentioned conditions permanently or during a long period shall be covered by special requirements or tests, if necessary, to be decided by each product committee.

4.2.1.3 Ambient air temperature range in cold climate

In areas where electrical accessories are to be used in cold or arctic climate, any tests may need to be performed in a suitable cold ambient temperature. Product committees have the responsibility to evaluate if the accessories intended to be used in ambient air temperatures in cold climate permanently or during a long period shall be tested in a temperature corresponding to the climate area, for example AA3 or AA2 of IEC 60364-5-51:2005, Table 51A.

-9-

4.2.2 Altitude

Unless otherwise specified, the accessories are intended to be installed at an altitude not higher than 2 000 m.

4.2.3 Maximum relative humidity at 40 °C

Unless otherwise specified, the maximum relative humidity at the temperature of 40 $^\circ\text{C}$ is 50 %.

Higher relative humidity values are admitted at lower temperature (for example 90 % at 20 °C).

4.2.4 External magnetic field

Unless otherwise specified, the external magnetic field is considered not exceeding five times the Earth's magnetic field in any direction.

NOTE When an equipment is installed in proximity to a strong magnetic field, supplementary requirements can be increased in the stranger of th

4.2.5 Accessory orientation (standards.iteh.ai)

Unless otherwise specified, the mounting coordinates of the accessories with respect to the horizontal or vertical are as stated by the manufacturer, with a tolerance of 2° in any direction.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a5c4487a-9a27-4ecb-b1d2-

4.3 Ambient air temperature range for testing 1916-2017

Unless otherwise specified, the tests are carried out at an ambient temperature of (20 \pm 5) °C.

5 Resistance to heat

5.1 General

This guidance is applicable to the relevant clause(s) of TC 23 standards, and those of its subcommittees, covering requirements and tests to determine the resistance to heat of accessories.

These recommendations are in accordance with IEC 60669-1.

The text includes two subclauses.

- Requirements (5.2).
- Tests (5.3).

For editing purposes, the order and the numbers may be altered if necessary.

5.2 Requirements

Accessories including enclosures, if any, shall be sufficiently resistant to heat.

Compliance is checked by the tests of 5.3.

5.3 Tests

5.3.1 Verification of resistance to heat:

- a) for surface mounting boxes, separable covers, separable cover plates and separable frames, by the test of 5.3.4;
- b) for accessories, with the exception of the parts, if any, covered by a), by the tests of 5.3.2, 5.3.3 and, with the exception of the accessories made from natural or synthetic rubber or a mixture of both, by the test of 5.3.4.

5.3.2 The specimens are kept for 1 h in a heating cabinet at a temperature of 100 °C \pm 2 °C.

During the test, they shall not undergo any change impairing their further use, and sealing compound, if any, shall not flow to such an extent that live parts are exposed.

After the test and after the specimens have been allowed to cool down to approximately room temperature, there shall be no access to live parts which are normally not accessible when the specimens are mounted as in normal use, even if probe B of IEC 61032 is applied with a force not exceeding 5 N.

After the test, markings shall still be legible.

Discoloration, blisters or slight displacement of the sealing compound is disregarded provided that safety is not impaired within the meaning of the relevant standard.

5.3.3 Parts of insulating material necessary to retain current-carrying parts and parts of the earthing circuit in position are subjected to a ball-pressure test according to IEC 60695-10-2:2014, except that the <u>Cinsulating</u> parts necessary to retain the earthing terminals in a box shall be tested instead to the test as specified in 513:4d2-7fc896ecbcbfiec-tr-61916-2017

A current-carrying part or a part of the earthing circuit retained by a mechanical means is considered to be retained in position. The use of grease or the like is not considered to be mechanical means.

In case of doubt, to determine whether an insulating material is necessary to retain currentcarrying parts and parts of the earthing circuit in position, the specimen is examined without conductors while held in all positions with the insulating material in question removed.

Before the test is started, the ball and the support on which the specimen shall be placed, are brought to the temperature specified. The part under test shall be placed on a 3 mm thick steel plate in direct contact with it, so as to be supported to withstand the test force.

When it is not possible to carry out the test on the specimens, the test shall be carried out on a piece at least 2 mm thick which is cut out of the specimen. If this is not possible, up to and including four layers, each cut out of the same specimen, may be used, in which case the total thickness of the layers should be not less than 2,5 mm.

The test load and the supporting means shall be placed within the heating cabinet for a sufficient time to ensure that they have attained the stabilized testing temperature before the test commences.

The test is made in a heating cabinet at a temperature of 125 °C \pm 2 °C.

 60^{+2}_{0} After min, the ball is removed from the specimen which is then cooled and treated according to Clause 7 of IEC 60695-10-2:2014.