

SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN 50491-4-1:2011

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Nadomešča:

SIST EN 50090-2-3:2005

Splošne zahteve za stanovanjske in stavbne elektronske sisteme (HBES) in stavbne sisteme avtomatizacije in nadzora (BACS) - 4-1. del: Sistemski pregled -Zahteve splošne funkcionalne varnosti za proizvode, ki so namenjeni za vgradnjo v HBES in BACS

General requirements for Home and Building Electronic Systems, HBES and Building Automation and Control Systems (BACS) - Part 4-1: General functional safety requirements for products intended to be integrated in Building Electronic Systems (HBES) and Building Automation and Control Systems (BACS)

Allgemeine Anforderungen an die Elektrische Systemtechnik für Heim und Gebäude (ESHG) und an Systeme der Gebäudeautomation (GA) - Teil 4-1: Anforderungen an die funktionale Sicherheit für Produkte, die für den Einbau in ESHG / GA vorgesehen sind

Exigences générales relatives aux systèmes électroniques pour les foyers domestiques et les bâtiments (HBES) et aux Systèmes de Gestion Technique du Bâtiment (SGTB) -Partie 4-1: Exigences générales de sécurité fonctionnelle pour les produits destinés à être intégrés dans les systèmes HBES/SGTB

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This draft European Standard is submitted to CENELEC members for CENELEC enquiry. Deadline for CENELEC: 2011-07-22.

It has been drawn up by CLC/TC 205.

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CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B - 1000 Brussels

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Part 5-3:

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1	Foreword			
2	This draft European Standard has been prepared by the Technical Committee CENELEC TC 205, Home and Building Electronic Systems (HBES). It is submitted to the CENELEC enquiry.			
4	This document will supersede EN 50090-2-3:2005.			
5 6 7	EN 50491-4-1 is part of the EN 50491 series, which will comprise the following parts under the generic title General requirements for Home and Building Electronic Systems (HBES) and Building Automation and Control Systems (BACS):			
8	- Part 1:	general requirements and overview		
9	- Part 2:	Environmental conditions		
10	- Part 3:	Electrical Safety requirements		
11 12	- Part 4-1:	General functional safety requirements for products intended to be integrated in Building Electronic Systems (HBES) and Building Automation and Control Systems (BACS)		
13	- Part 5-1:	EMC requirements, conditions and test set-up		
14 15	- Part 5-2:	EMC requirements for HBES/BACS used in residential, commercial and light industry environment		

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EMC requirements for HBES/BACS used in industry environment

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44 Introduction

- 45 Homes buildings and similar environments require various electronic devices for several application. These
- 46 devices when linked via a digital transmission network are called Home and Building Electronic System,
- 47 (HBES) or Building automation controll system (BACS).
- 48 Examples of HBES /BACS /BACS applications are the management, of lighting, heating, energy water, fire
- 49 alarms, blinds, different forms of security, etc.
- 50 A HBES /BACS network may be based on different communication media as power line, twisted pair, coax
- 51 cable, radio frequency or infrared and may be connected to external networks like telephone, broad band,
- television, power supply networks and alarm networks.
- 53 Several standards of this series serve to implement public interest matters, primarily as reflected in European
- 54 Commission Directives.
- 55 HBES products integrated in a HBES /BACS should be safe for the use in intended applications.
- 56 This European Standard specifies the general functional safety requirements for HBES /BACS following the
- 57 principles of the basic standard for functional safety EN 61508 and Technical Report R205-012 in particular.
- 58 This European Standard identifies functional safety issues related to products and their installation. The
- 59 requirements are based on a risk analysis in accordance with EN 61508.
- 60 The intention of this European Standard is to allocate, as far as possible, all safety requirements for HBES
- 61 /BACS products in there life cycle.
- 62 This European Standard only addresses HBES /BACS /BACS products.
- 63 This European Standard is addressed to committees that develops or modify HBES /BACS product/system
- 64 standards or, where not suitable HBES /BACS product standards addressing functional safety exist, to
- 65 product manufacturer.

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- 66 HBES /BACS products in this European Standard are for non-safety related applications. Additional
- 67 requirements for safety related HBES /BACS will be described, according to EN 61508, in Part 4-1 of the
- 68 EN 50491 series (under consideration).

69 1 Scope

- 70 This European Standard sets the requirements for functional safety for HBES /BACS products and systems,
- a multi-application bus system where the functions are decentralised, distributed and linked through a 71
- common communication process. The requirements may also apply to the distributed functions of any 72
- 73 equipment connected in a home or building control system if no specific functional safety standard exist for
- 74 this equipment or system.
- 75 The functional safety requirements of this European Standard apply together with the relevant product
- standard for the device if any. 76
- 77 This European Standard is used as a product family standard. It is not intended to be used as a stand-alone
- standard. 78

80

79 This European Standard does not provide functional safety requirements for safety-related systems.

2 Normative references

- The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated 81
- references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced 82
- 83 document (including any amendments) applies.

84 85	EN 50491-3	General requirements for Home and Building Electronic Systems (HBES) and Building Automation and Control Systems (BACS) - Part 3: Electrical safety
86		requirements
87 88 89	EN 61508-4:2001	Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 4: Definitions and abbreviations (IEC 61508-4:1998 + corrigendum 1999)
90 91 92	EN 61508-5:2001 https://standards	Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 5: Examples of methods for the determination of safety integrity levels (IEC 61508-5:1998 + corrigendum 1999)
93 94	EN 61709:1998	Electronic components - Reliability - Reference conditions for failure rates and stress models for conversion (IEC 61709:1996)
95	CEN/CLC Guide 9	Guidelines for the inclusion of safety aspects in standards (ISO/IEC Guide 51)
96	EN ISO 9000 series	Quality management systems (9000 series)

3 Definitions 97

- For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply. 98
- 99 3.1
- 100 architecture
- 101 specific configuration of hardware and software elements in a system
- 102 [EN 61508-4:2001, definition 3.3.5]
- 103 3.2
- 104 authentication
- 105 means for certifying that the entity sending a message is what or who it purports to be and confirmation that
- the message is identical to that which was sent 106
- 107 3.3
- 108 authorisation
- 109 mechanism to ensure that the entity or person accessing information, functions or services has the authority
- 110 to do so

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- 111 3.4
- 112 disturbed communication
- 113 where for any reason a message being communicated is incomplete, truncated, contains errors or has the
- 114 correct format but delivers information which is outside the range of expected parameters for such a
- 115 message
- 116 **3.5**
- 117 functional safety
- 118 freedom from unacceptable risk of harm due to the operation of an HBES /BACS, including that resulting
- 119 from
- 120 1) normal operation,
- 121 2) reasonably foreseeable misuse,
- 122 3) failure,
- 123 4) temporary disturbances
- 124 NOTE 1 Definition of EN 61508-4:2001, 3.1.9: part of the overall safety relating to the EUC (Equipment Under Control) and the EUC
- 125 control system which depends on the correct functioning of the Electrical/Electronic/Programmable Electronic (E/E/PE) safety related
- systems, other technology safety related systems and external risk reduction facilities.
- 127 NOTE 2 Definition of IEC TR 61000-2-1 and IEC TS 61000-1-2 (IEC/TC 77) are taken into account.
- 128 **3.6**
- 129 Hamming distance
- 130 numbers of bits in which two binary codes differ
- 131 **3.7**
- 132 harm LLCA STANDARD PREVIEW
- physical injury or damage to the health of people either directly or indirectly as a result of damage to property
- 134 or to the environment
- 135 [EN 61508-4:2001, definition 3.1.1]
- 136 **3.8** SISTEN 50491-4-1:201
- 137 hazard ps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2debbd6b-e3df-434d-ad91-74aaffac6bc7/sist-
- 138 a potential source of harm
- 139 [CEN/CLC Guide 9, respectively ISO/IEC Guide 51:1990]
- 140 NOTE The term includes danger to persons arising within a short time scale (for example, fire and explosion) and also those that
- have a long-term effect on a person's health (for example, release of a toxic substance).
- 142 [EN 61508-4:2001, definition 3.1.2]
- 143 **3.9**
- 144 hazardous event
- 145 situation which results in harm on normal operation or abnormal condition
- NOTE Definition of EN 61508-4:2001, 3.1.3 and 3.1.4: circumstance in which a person is exposed to hazard(s) which results in harm
- 147 **3.10**
- 148 HBES /BACS Home and Building Electronic Systems
- 149 a multi-application bus system where the functions are decentrally distributed and linked through a common
- 150 communication process
- NOTE HBES is used in homes and buildings plus their surroundings. Functions of the system are e.g. switching, open loop controlling,
- 152 closed loop controlling, monitoring and supervising.
- 153 **3.11**
- 154 HBES /BACS product
- 155 products consist of devices in the form of hardware, firmware, their associated software and configuration
- 156 tools, intended to be used in an HBES /BACS

- 157 3.12
- 158 product
- 159 devices in the form of hardware, firmware, their associated software and configuration tools
- 160
- 161 product documentation
- the manufacturer's installation and operations literature 162
- 163 as manufacturer's catalogue, leaflet and other printed or electronic product information
- 164
- 165 3.14
- safety related system 166
- 167 designated system that both
- implements the required safety functions necessary to achieve or maintain a safe state for the EUC, and 168
- is intended to achieve on its own or with other E/E/PE safety related systems, other technology safety-169 170 related systems or external risk reduction facilities, the necessary safety integrity for the required safety 171 functions.
- 172 The term refers to those systems, designated as safety-related systems, that are intended to achieve, together with the 173 174 external risk reduction facilities (see EN 61508-4:2001, definition 3.4.3), the necessary risk reduction in order to meet the required tolerable risk (see EN 61508-4:2001, definition 3.1.6). See also Annex A of EN 61508-5:2001.
- 175 The safety-related systems are designed to prevent the EUC from going into a dangerous state by taking appropriate action 176 177 on receipt of commands. The failure of a safety-related system would be included in the events leading to the determined hazard or hazards. Although there may be other systems having safety functions, it is the safety-related systems that have been designated to 178 179 achieve, in their own right, the required tolerable risk. Safety-related systems can broadly be divided into safety-related control systems and safety-related protection systems, and have two modes of operation (EN 61508-4:2001, definition 3.5.12).
- 180 Safety-related systems may be an integral part of the EUC control system or may interface with the EUC by sensors and/or 181 182 actuators. That is, the required safety integrity level may be achieved by implementing the safety functions in the EUC control system (and possibly by additional separate and independent systems as well) or the safety functions may be implemented by separate and 183 independent systems dedicated to safety.
- 184 A safety-related system may
- 185 a) be designed to prevent the hazardous event (i.e. if the safety-related systems perform their safety functions then no hazardous 186 187 event arises)
- b) be designed to mitigate the effects of the hazardous event, thereby reducing the risk by reducing the consequences,
- 188 c) be designed to achieve a combination of a) and b).
- 189 A person can be part of a safety-related system (EN 61508-4:2001, definition 3.3.1). For example, a person could receive 190 information from a programmable electronic device and perform a safety action based on this information, or perform a safety action 191 through a programmable electronic device.
- 192 The term includes all the hardware, software and supporting services (for example, power supplies) necessary to carry out 193 the specified safety function (sensors, other input devices, final elements (actuators) and other output devices are therefore included in 194 the safety-related system).
- 195 A safety-related system may be based on a wide range of technologies including electrical, electronic, programmable 196 electronic, hydraulic and pneumatic.
- 197 [EN 61508-4:2001, definition 3.4.1]
- 198 3.15
- 199 risk
- 200 combination of the probability of occurrence of a harm and the severity of that harm
- 201 [CEN/CLC Guide 9, respectively ISO/IEC Guide 51:1990, modified]
- 202 [EN 61508-4:2001, definition 3.1.5]
- 203 NOTE For risk classes see Annex A.
- 204 3.16
- 205 reasonably foreseeable misuse
- 206 the use of a product, process or service under conditions or for purposes not intended by the supplier, but
- which may happen, induced by the product, process or service in combination with, or as result of, common 207
- 208 human behaviour
- 209 [EN 61508-4:2001, definition 3.1.11]

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safety function

210 3.17

211

- 212 function to be implemented by an E/E/PE safety related system, other technology safety-related systems or
- 213 external risk reduction facilities, which is intended to achieve and maintain a safe state for the EUC, in
- respect of a specific hazardous event (see EN 61508-4:2001, definition 3.4.1)
- 215 [EN 61508-4:2001, definition 3.5.1]

216 4 General requirements

217 **4.1 General**

- 218 Functional safety of a system relies upon both the performance of the network, and upon the performance of
- 219 the connected HBES /BACS products:
- 220 1) failure of either the network or any other part of HBES /BACS system shall not cause the system, the products, or the controlled equipment to become unsafe;
- 222 2) whilst in operation, individual HBES /BACS products shall not rely solely upon the system for their safe operation;
- while in operation, the systems interaction of any product(s) with any other product(s) shall not result in unsafe operation of the system.

226 4.2 Method of establishment for the requirements

- 227 For specification of the functional safety requirements the life-cycle used in EN 61508 was followed:
- 228 1) concept phase of products;
- 229 2) application environment;
- 230 3) identification of hazards and hazard events;
- 231 4) hazard and risk analysis, risk reduction measures;
- 232 5) realisation of risk reduction measures; ST EN 50491-4-1:2012
- 233 6) validation; and ards. iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2debbd6b-e3df-434d-ad91-74aaffac6bc7/sist-
- 234 7) maintenance;
- 235 8) installation and commissioning:
- 236 9) decommissioning.
- 237 The Product Technical Committees and/or developers shall take the requirements of this European Standard
- 238 into account in the product safety requirements, but it is not necessary to go into the EN 61508 process itself.

239 4.2.1 HBES application environment

240 The HBES /BACS application environment is taken into account.

241 4.2.2 Sources of hazards

- 242 The following sources of hazards have been considered:
- 243 1) material and construction;
- 244 2) reliability;
- 245 3) normal operation;
- 246 4) unintentional interaction with other products;
- 247 5) interaction with other HBES /BACS products;
- 248 6) abnormal conditions;
- 249 7) foreseeable misuse, including the download of unauthorised and malicious code;
- NOTE This includes unintentional software modifications.
- 251 8) life time;
- 252 9) environment.

253 4.2.3 Hazardous events

- 254 The following hazardous events have been taken into account for the analysis (the bus and mains (230
- 255 V/400 V) have been considered):
- 256 1) power failure;
- 257 2) short circuit of bus line;
- 258 3) overvoltage on the bus line; A N A R D P R R V R V
- 259 4) overvoltage on the mains;
- 260 5) insulation damage (temperature, surge, mechanical);
- 261 6) wrong connection;
- 262 7) over temperature; <u>SIST EN 50491-4</u>
- 263 8) fire;
- 264 9) mechanical shock, vibration;
- 265 10) corrosion;
- 266 11) electromagnetic disturbance;
- 267 12) disturbed communication;
- 268 13) pollution;
- 269 14) end of life time of a component/products;
- 270 15) reasonably foreseeable misuse;
- 271 16) software failure;
- 272 17) overload;
- 273 18) loss of reliability;
- 274 19) breakdown of material (mechanically);
- 275 20) inappropriate design/construction;
- 276 21) switching of damaged equipment and subsystems;
- 277 22) remote control;
- 278 23) command from two sources to one product (e.g. actuator);
- 279 24) system failures.