INTERNATIONAL STANDARDIZED PROFILE

ISO/IEC ISP 10609-34

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Information technology — International Standardized Profiles TB, TC, TD and TE — Connection-mode Transport Service iTeh Stover connection-mode Network Service —

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Definition of profile TC43111

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Technologies de l'information — Profils normalisés internationaux TB, TC, TD et TE — Service de transport en mode connexion sur service de réseau en mode connexion —

Partie 34: Définition du profil TC43111



ISO/IEC ISP 10609-34:1995(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1. In addition to developing International Standards, ISO/IEC JTC 1 has created a Special Group on Functional Standardization for the processing of International Standardized Profiles.

An International Standardized Profile is an internationally agreed, harmonized document which identifies a standard or group of standards, together with options and parameters, necessary to accomplish a function or set of functions.

Draft International Standardized Profiles are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standardized Profile requires approval by at least 75% of the national bodies casting a vote of the national bodies for voting.

International Standardized Profile ISO/IEC ISP 10609-34 was prepared with the collaboration of

- Asia-Oceania Workshop (AOW);
- European Workshop for Open Systems (EWOS);
- Open Systems Environment Implementors' Workshop (OIW).

ISO/IEC ISP 10609 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology - International Standardized Profiles TB, TC, TD and TE - Connection-mode Transport Service over connection-mode Network Service*:

- Part 1: Subnetwork-type independent requirements for Group TB
- Part 2: Subnetwork-type independent requirements for Group TC
- Part 3: Subnetwork-type independent requirements for Group TD
- Part 4: Subnetwork-type independent requirements for Group TE

- Part 5: Definition of profiles TB1111/TB1121
- Part 6: Definition of profiles TC1111/TC1121
- Part 7: Definition of profiles TD1111/TD1121
- Part 8: Definition of profiles TE1111/TE1121

End System attached to an FDDI LAN

- Part 9: Subnetwork-type dependent requirements for Network Layer, Data Link Layer and Physical Layer concerning permanent access to a packet switched data network using virtual calls
- Part 10: LAN subnetwork-dependent, media-independent requirements
- Part 11: CSMA/CD LAN subnetwork-dependent, media-dependent requirements
- Part 12: Definition of profile TC51, provision of the OSI connection-mode Transport Service using the OSI connection-mode Network Service in an End System attached to a CSMA/CD LAN

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- Part 14: Definition of profile TC53, provision of the OSI connection-mode Transport Service using the OSI connection-mode Network Service in an End System attached to a Token Ring LAN84-389c-499e-89ed-2fe33386bfe2/iso-iec-isp-10609-34-1995
- Part 15: Definition of profile TC54, provision of the OSI connection-mode Transport Service using the OSI connection-mode Network Service in an
- Part 20: Overview of the generalized multi-part ISP structure for TC and TD Group profiles for OSI usage of ISDN
- Part 21: Subnetwork-type dependent requirements for Network Layer and Data Link Layer for ISDN B-channel X.25 DTE to DTE operation
- Part 22: Subnetwork-type dependent requirements for Network Layer and Data Link Layer for ISDN B-channel X.25 DTE to DCE operation
- Part 23: Subnetwork-type dependent requirements for Network Layer and Data Link Layer for Data Transfer concerning a packet switched mode Integrated Services Digital Network using virtual calls: B-channel access case

Part 24: Subnetwork-type dependent requirements for Network Layer and Data Link Layer for Data Transfer concerning a packet switched mode Integrated Services Digital Network using virtual calls: D-channel access case

Part 25: Subnetwork-type dependent requirements for Q.931 circuitswitched operation

Part 26: Subnetwork-type dependent requirements for Network Layer for Call Control procedures concerning the outgoing call of a packet switched mode Integrated Services Digital Network in case B using virtual calls

Part 27: Subnetwork-type dependent requirements for Network Layer for Call Control procedures concerning the incoming call of a packet switched mode Integrated Services Digital Network in case B using virtual calls

Part 28: Subnetwork-type dependent requirements for Data Link Layer for end systems attached to an ISDN subnetwork

Part 30: Definition of profile TC1131 PREVIEW

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Part 31: Definition of profile TC1231

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Part 32ps Definition of profiles TG41st t/ad648284-389c-499e-89ed-2fe33386bfe2/iso-iec-isp-10609-34-1995

Part 33: Definition of profile TC4211

Part 34: Definition of profile TC43111

Part 35: Definition of profile TC43112

Part 36: Definition of profile TC43211

Part 37: Definition of profile TC43212

Part 38: Definition of profile TC4331

Part 40: Definition of profile TD1131

Part 41: Definition of profile TD1231

Part 42: Definition of profile TD4111

Part 43: Definition of profile TD4211

Part 44: Definition of profile TD43111

Part 45: Definition of profile TD43112

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Part 48: Definition of profile TD4331

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Introduction

This International Standardized Profile (ISP) is defined in accordance with the principles specified by ISO/IEC Technical Report 10000, "Information Technology - Framework and taxonomy of International Standardized Profiles".

The context of Functional Standardization is one area in the overall field of Information Technology (IT) standardization activities, covering base standards, profiles, and registration mechanisms. A profile defines a combination of base standards that collectively perform a specific well-defined IT function. Profiles standardize the use of options and other variations in the base standards, and provide a basis for the development of uniform, internationally recognized system tests.

ISPs are produced not simply to 'legitimize' a particular choice of base standards and options, but to promote real system interoperability. One of the most important roles for an ISP is to serve as the basis for the development (by organizations other than ISO and IEC) of internationally recognized test methods. The development and widespread acceptance of tests based on this and other ISPs is crucial to the successful realization of this goal. NDARD PREVIEW

ISO/IEC ISP 10609 consists of several parts of which this is part 34. This part of ISO/IEC ISP 10609 identifies the specific requirements of TC43111, making reference to appropriate material from part 1 and from the subnetwork dependent parts of ISO/IEC ISP 10609. There are also some parts which specify subnetwork-dependent and media-dependent requirements, and the other parts which specifies the profile requirements that are subnetwork-independent.

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Information technology - International Standardized Profiles TB, TC, TD and TE - Connection-mode Transport Service over connection-mode Network Service

Part 34:

Definition of profile TC43111

1 Scope

1.1 General

ISO/IEC ISP 10609 is applicable to end systems concerned with operating in the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) environment. It specifies a combination of OSI standards, which collectively provide the connection-mode Transport Service using the connection-mode Network Service.ISP 10609-34:1995

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This part of ISO/IEC ISP 10609 specifies the definition of Profile TC43111. The TC43111 profile is in the TC group which supports Transport protocol classes 0 and 2.

1.2 Position of Profiles within the Taxonomy

The taxonomy of profiles is defined in ISO/IEC TR 10000-2. This part of ISO/IEC ISP 10609 defines the profile:

TC43111 Connection-mode Transport Service over Connection-mode Network Service over ISDN - Packet mode service - D-channel access - Virtual Call (VC) without use of Q.931

This profile may be combined with any A-profile at the A/T boundary.