



**SLOVENSKI STANDARD**  
**SIST EN ISO 19906:2012**  
**01-januar-2012**

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**Industrija nafte in zemeljskega plina - Naftne ploščadi za arktična območja (ISO 19906:2010)**

Petroleum and natural gas industries - Arctic offshore structures (ISO 19906:2010)

Erdöl- und Erdgasindustrie - Offshore-Bauwerke für den Arktis-Bereich (ISO 19906:2010)

Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel - Structures arctiques en mer (ISO 19906:2010)

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**ICS:**

75.180.10	Oprema za raziskovanje in odkopavanje	Exploratory and extraction equipment
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EUROPEAN STANDARD  
NORME EUROPÉENNE  
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

**EN ISO 19906**

December 2010

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ICS 75.180.10

English Version

**Petroleum and natural gas industries - Arctic offshore structures  
(ISO 19906:2010)**

Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel - Structures  
arctiques en mer (ISO 19906:2010)

Erdöl- und Erdgasindustrie - Offshore-Bauwerke für den  
Arktis-Bereich (ISO 19906:2010)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 14 December 2010.

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## Foreword

This document (EN ISO 19906:2010) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 12 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2011, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2011.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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**Petroleum and natural gas industries —  
Arctic offshore structures**

*Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel — Structures arctiques en mer*

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 19906 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67, *Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Offshore structures*.

ISO 19906 is one of a series of International Standards for offshore structures. The full series consists of the following International Standards.

- ISO 19900, *Petroleum and natural gas industries — General requirements for offshore structures*
- ISO 19901 (all parts), *Petroleum and natural gas industries — Specific requirements for offshore structures*<sup>1)</sup>
- ISO 19902, *Petroleum and natural gas industries — Fixed steel offshore structures*
- ISO 19903, *Petroleum and natural gas industries — Fixed concrete offshore structures*
- ISO 19904-1, *Petroleum and natural gas industries — Floating offshore structures — Part 1: Monohulls, semi-submersibles and spars*
- ISO 19905 (all parts), *Petroleum and natural gas industries — Site-specific assessment of mobile offshore units*<sup>2)</sup>
- ISO 19906, *Petroleum and natural gas industries — Arctic offshore structures*

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1) ISO 19901-3, *Topsides structure*, to be published.

2) All parts are under preparation.

## Introduction

The series of International Standards ISO 19900 to ISO 19906 addresses design requirements and assessments for all offshore structures used by the petroleum and natural gas industries worldwide. Through their application, the intention is to achieve reliability levels appropriate for manned and unmanned offshore structures, regardless of the type of structure and the nature or combination of the materials used.

It is important to recognize that structural integrity is an overall concept comprising models for describing actions, structural analyses, design rules, safety elements, workmanship, quality control procedures and national requirements, all of which are mutually dependent. The modification of one aspect of design in isolation can disturb the balance of reliability inherent in the overall concept or structural system. The implications involved in modifications, therefore, need to be considered in relation to the overall reliability of all offshore structural systems.

The series of International Standards applicable to the various types of offshore structure is intended to provide wide latitude in the choice of structural configurations, materials and techniques without hindering innovation. Sound engineering judgment is, therefore, necessary in the use of these International Standards.

This International Standard was developed in response to the offshore industry's demand for a coherent and consistent definition of methodologies to design, analyse and assess arctic and cold region offshore structures of the class described in Clause 1.

Structures capable of resisting ice have been in use in temperate regions for well over a century. These include bridge piers and navigation aids in ice-covered rivers and estuaries. In fact, bridge codes in cold countries have included methods for ice loads dating back many decades. In more severe arctic and cold regions, ice resistant structures are more recent. But much experience has been gained commencing in the 1960s, and this knowledge is incorporated into this International Standard. Where uncertainties still exist, conservative approaches and methods have been recommended.

This International Standard also addresses issues such as topsides winterization, and escape, evacuation and rescue that go beyond what is strictly necessary for the design, construction, transportation, installation and decommissioning of the structure. These issues are essential for offshore operations in arctic and cold region conditions and they are not covered in other International Standards. When future editions of ISO 19906 and other International Standards are prepared, efforts will be made to avoid duplication of scope.

Annex A provides background to and guidance on the use of this International Standard and it is intended that it be read in conjunction with the main body of this International Standard. The clause numbering in Annex A is the same as in the normative text to facilitate cross-referencing.

Annex B provides regional information on the physical environment of specific offshore areas in arctic and cold regions.

To meet certain needs of industry for linking software to specific elements in this International Standard, a special numbering system has been permitted for figures, tables, equations and bibliographic references.

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# Petroleum and natural gas industries — Arctic offshore structures

## 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements and provides recommendations and guidance for the design, construction, transportation, installation and removal of offshore structures, related to the activities of the petroleum and natural gas industries in arctic and cold regions. Reference to arctic and cold regions in this International Standard is deemed to include both the Arctic and other cold regions that are subject to similar sea ice, iceberg and icing conditions. The objective of this International Standard is to ensure that offshore structures in arctic and cold regions provide an appropriate level of reliability with respect to personnel safety, environmental protection and asset value to the owner, to the industry and to society in general.

This International Standard does not contain requirements for the operation, maintenance, service-life inspection or repair of arctic and cold region offshore structures, except where the design strategy imposes specific requirements (e.g. 17.2.2).

While this International Standard does not apply specifically to mobile offshore drilling units (see ISO 19905-1), the procedures relating to ice actions and ice management contained herein are applicable to the assessment of such units.

This International Standard does not apply to mechanical, process and electrical equipment or any specialized process equipment associated with arctic and cold region offshore operations except in so far as it is necessary for the structure to sustain safely the actions imposed by the installation, housing and operation of such equipment.

## 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 19900, *Petroleum and natural gas industries — General requirements for offshore structures*

ISO 19901-1, *Petroleum and natural gas industries — Specific requirements for offshore structures — Part 1: Metocean design and operating considerations*

ISO 19901-2, *Petroleum and natural gas industries — Specific requirements for offshore structures — Part 2: Seismic design procedures and criteria*

ISO 19901-3, *Petroleum and natural gas industries — Specific requirements for offshore structures — Part 3: Topsides structure<sup>3)</sup>*

ISO 19901-4, *Petroleum and natural gas industries — Specific requirements for offshore structures — Part 4: Geotechnical and foundation design considerations*

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3) To be published.