

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 14992:2007

01-julij-2007

Montažni betonski izdelki - Stenski elementi

Precast concrete products - Wall elements

Betonfertigteile - Wandelemente

Produits préfabriqués en bétons Eléments de mur PREVIEW

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 14992:2007

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ICS:

91.060.10 Stene. Predelne stene. Walls. Partitions. Facades

Fasade

91.100.30 Beton in betonski izdelki Concrete and concrete

products

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

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April 2007

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English Version

Precast concrete products - Wall elements

Produits préfabriqués en béton - Eléments de mur

Betonfertigteile - Wandelemente

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 17 February 2007.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Contents Page

The numbering of clauses is strictly related to EN 13369:2004: *Common rules for precast concrete products*, at least for the first three digits. When a clause of EN 13369:2004 is not relevant or included in a more general reference of this standard, its number is omitted and this may result in a gap on numbering.

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Foreword

This document (EN 14992:2007) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 229 "Precast concrete products", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR and was examined by and agreed with a joint working party appointed by the Liaison Group CEN/TC 229-TC250, particularly for its compatibility with structural Eurocodes.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2007, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2010.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Construction Products Directive(s) (89/106/EEC).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

This document is one of a series of product standards for precast concrete products.

For common aspects reference is made to EN 13369: Common rules for precast concrete products, from which also the relevant requirements of the EN 206-1: Concrete — Part 1: Specification, performance, production and conformity are taken.

The references to EN 13369:2004 by CEN/TC 229 product standards are intended to make them homogeneous and to avoid repetitions of similar requirements.

Eurocodes are taken as a common reference for design aspects. The installation of some structural precast concrete products is dealt with by ENV 13670-1: Execution of concrete structures — Part 1: Common rules, which has at the moment the status of a European Prestandard. In all countries it can be accompanied by alternatives for national application and it should not be treated as a European Standard.

The programme of standards for structural precast concrete products comprises the following standards, in some cases consisting of several parts:

EN 1168, Precast concrete products — Hollow core slabs.

EN 12794, Precast concrete products — Foundation piles.

EN 12843, Precast concrete products — Masts and poles.

EN 13224, Precast concrete products — Ribbed floor elements.

EN 13225, Precast concrete products — Linear structural elements.

EN 13693, Precast concrete products — Special roof elements.

EN 13747, Precast concrete products — Floor plates for floor systems.

EN 13978, Precast concrete products — Precast concrete garages.

EN 14843, Precast concrete products — Stairs.

EN 14844, Precast concrete products — Box culverts.

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EN 14991, Precast concrete products — Foundation elements.

EN 14992, Precast concrete products — Wall elements.

prEN 15037, Precast concrete products - Beam-and-block floor systems.

EN 15050, Precast concrete products — Bridge elements.

prEN 15258, Precast concrete products — Retaining wall elements.

This standard defines in Annex ZA the application methods of CE marking to products designed using the relevant EN Eurocodes (EN 1992-1-1 and EN 1992-1-2). Where, in default of applicability conditions of EN Eurocodes to the works of destination, design Provisions other than EN Eurocodes are used for mechanical strength, the conditions to affix CE marking to the product are described in ZA.3.4.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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Introduction

The evaluation of conformity given in this standard refers to the completed precast elements which are supplied to the market and covers all the production operations carried out in the factory.

For design rules reference is made to EN 1992-1-1. Additional complementary rules are provided where necessary.

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Scope

This European Standard applies to prefabricated walls, made of normal weight or lightweight concrete with dense structure. They may have external wall functions (see 3.11) or not, have facing functions (see 3.12) or not or have a combination of these functions.

External wall functions could be:

—	therma	Insulation	(see	3.11.1	1)

- sound insulation (see 3.11.2);
- hygrometric control (see 3.11.3);

or a combination of these.

They may be plain, reinforced or prestressed. They may be loadbearing or not.

These include:

- solid walls;
- composite walls;
- sandwich walls;

claddings.

lightened walls:

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The wall element may also work as a column or beam.

Normative references 2

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1992-1-1:2004, Eurocode 2: Design of concrete structures — Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings

EN 13369:2004, Common rules for precast concrete products

EN ISO 12572, Hygrothermal performance of building materials and products — Determination of water vapour transmission properties (ISO 12572:2001)

Terms and definitions 3

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 13369:2004 and the following apply. In general the term "product" refers to an element which is produced in large numbers. For general terms see Clause 3 of EN 13369:2004.

3.1

wall

vertical or inclined, plane or curved bidimensional unit

3.2

loadbearing wall

structural wall element, which carries external loads or is important for the safety of people

EXAMPLE Façade panels and parapets excluding small cladding panels)

3.3

non loadbearing wall

wall which carries only its self weight and is not necessary for the building stability or important for the safety of people

3.4

solid wall

precast wall of any shape produced as one solid unit including reinforcement and fixtures

NOTE See Figure 1

3.5

composite wall

composite wall consisting of two precast reinforced layers which are joined together with a gap by means of a lattice girder system.

NOTE 1

See Figure 2 iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

On site, the space between the layers is filled with concrete. Composite walls may also consist of a shell with NOTE 2 lattice girders with the other side limited by an existing wall or another formwork during the erection

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sandwich wall

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consists of a base panel, a thermal insulation layer, a possible air space and a facing panel.

NOTE 1 see Figure 3

NOTE 2 The layers may be connected stiffly or to allow relative in plane displacement between the layers

3.6.1

facing panel

outermost layer of a sandwich wall element

3.6.2

base panel

structural layer of a sandwich element

It transfers its own dead load and the load from the facing panel to the structure. It may also transfer load from other members

3.7

lightened wall

wall produced in the precasting plant as a complete unit

NOTE 1 see Figure 4

NOTE 2 It may consist of two external concrete layers and internal blocks of light weight materials (for example foam polystyrene, polyurethane) or hollow-core

3.8

cladding

non loadbearing panel fixed to the structure by means of connecting systems

NOTE 1 see Figure 5

NOTE 2 An insulating system may be inserted between this panel and the loadbearing structure

3.9

small cladding

cladding element without reinforcement with a maximum size of 2,25 m², a maximum length of 1,5 m and a thickness smaller than 80 mm

3.10

plain concrete element

structural concrete elements having less reinforcement than the minimum reinforcement according to the relevant design code

EXAMPLE EN 1992-1-1:2004, Clause 9.6

3.11

external wall functions

3.11.1

thermal insulation

capacity to limit the transfer of thermal flow

3.11.2

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capacity to reduce the transmission of sound standards.iteh.ai)

3.11.3

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https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c681216d-3da5-4755-8582hygrometric control

capacity to avoid the forming of condensate in the wall construction and particularly in the insulating materials which are frequently hygroscopic

3.12

facing function

capacity to satisfy special dimensional requirements, esthetical surface requirements, esthetical shape requirements, or a combination of these

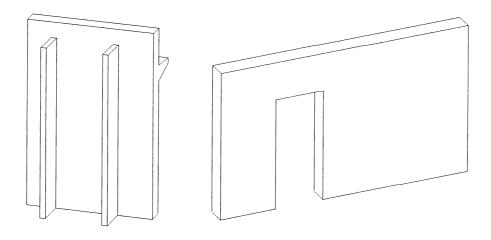
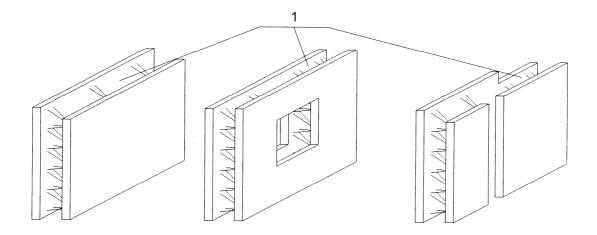


Figure 1 — Examples of solid walls



Key

1 in-situ concrete

Figure 2 — Examples of composite elements

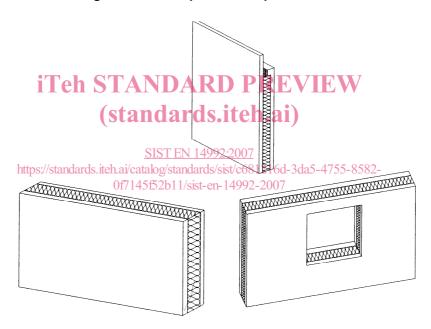


Figure 3 — Examples of sandwich walls

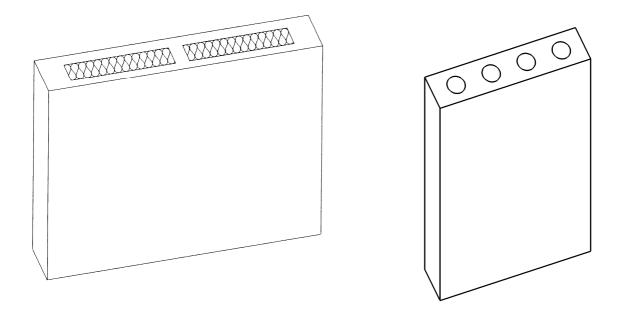


Figure 4 — Example of lightened walls

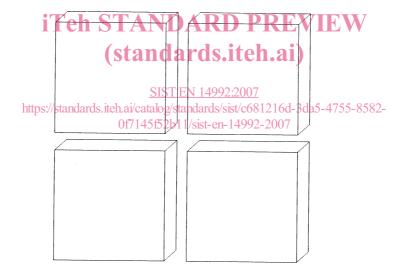


Figure 5 — Example of cladding elements

4 Requirements

4.1 Material requirements

Subclause 4.1 of EN 13369:2004 shall apply.

In addition subclause 10.9.4.1 of EN 1992-1-1:2004 shall apply.