

Edition 2.0 2018-03

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

GROUP SAFETY PUBLICATION

Tests for electric cables under fire conditions – Circuit integrity –
Part 2: Test method for fire with shock at a temperature of at least 830 °C for cables of rated voltage up to and including 0,6/1,0 kV and with an overall diameter not exceeding 20 mm

IEC 60331-2:2018

ttps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/2/40c2d9-/e8d-43ba-aac0-ef2ffe1/fd2c/iec-60331-2-2018





THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED Copyright © 2018 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

IEC Central Office 3, rue de Varembé CH-1211 Geneva 20

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11 info@iec.ch

www.iec.ch

Switzerland

About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigenda or an amendment might have been published.

IEC Catalogue - webstore.iec.ch/catalogue

The stand-alone application for consulting the entire bibliographical information on IEC International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports and other documents. Available for PC, Mac OS, Android Tablets and

IEC publications search - webstore. iec.ch/advsearchform

The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee,...). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished

Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available online and also once a month by email.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary of electronic and electrical terms containing 21 000 terms and definitions in English and French, with equivalent terms in 16 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.

IEC Glossary - std.iec.ch/glossary

67 000 electrotechnical terminology entries in English and French extracted from the Terms and Definitions clause of IEC publications issued since 2002. Some entries have been collected from earlier publications of IEC TC 37, 77, 86 and CISPR.

IEC Customer Service Centre - webstore.iec.ch/csc

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: sales@iec.ch.



Edition 2.0 2018-03

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

GROUP SAFETY PUBLICATION

Tests for electric cables under fire conditions – Circuit integrity – Part 2: Test method for fire with shock at a temperature of at least 830 °C for cables of rated voltage up to and including 0,6/1,0 kV and with an overall diameter not exceeding 20 mm

IEC 60331-2:2018

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/2740c2d9-7e8d-43ha-aac0-ef2ffe17fd2c/iec-60331-2-2018

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ICS 13.220.40; 29.020; 29.060.20

ISBN 978-2-8322-5490-5

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

CONTENTS

FC	DREWC	PRD	4	
IN	TRODU	JCTION	6	
1	Scope			
2	Normative references7			
3	Terms and definitions8			
4	Test environment8			
5	Test	apparatus	8	
	5.1	Test equipment		
	5.2	Test wall and mounting		
	5.3	Source of heat		
	5.3.1			
	5.3.2			
	5.3.3	Verification	16	
	5.4	Shock-producing device	16	
	5.5	Positioning of source of heat	17	
	5.6	Continuity checking arrangements for electric power and control cables with		
		rated voltage up to and including 600 V/1 000 V		
_	5.7	Fuses	17	
6	Test inclu	specimen (electric power and control cables with rated voltage up to and ding 600 V/1 000 V)	17	
	6.1			
	6.2	Test specimen mounting	18	
7		procedure (electric power and control cables with rated voltage up to and ding 600 V/1 000 V)	18	
	7.1 dan	Test equipment and arrangement		
	7.2	Electrical connections		
	7.3	Flame and shock application		
	7.4	Electrification		
8	Performance requirements (electric power and control cables with rated voltage up to and including 600 V/1 000 V)21			
	8.1	Flame application time		
	8.2	Acceptance criteria		
9		st procedure		
10	Test	report (electric power and control cables with rated voltage up to and		
4.4		ding 600 V/1 000 V)		
11		e marking		
Ar		(normative) Verification procedure for the source of heat		
	A.1	Measuring equipment		
	A.2	Procedure		
	A.3	Evaluation		
	A.4	Further verification		
_	A.5	Verification report		
Annex B (informative) Guidance on the choice of recommended test apparatus24				
	B.1	Burner and venturi		
	B.2	Test wall material		
Bil	bliograp	bhy	25	

Figure 1 – Schematic diagram of test configuration	10
Figure 2 – Plan view of fire test equipment	11
Figure 3 – End elevation of fire test equipment (not to scale)	12
Figure 4 – Typical rubber bush (hardness: 50-60 shore A) for fastening wall	14
Figure 5 – Burner face	15
Figure 6 – Schematic diagram of an example of a burner control system	16
Figure 7 – Example of method of mounting a sample for test	18
Figure 8 – Basic circuit diagram – Electric power and control cables with rated voltage up to 600 V/1 000 V	20
Figure A.1 – Temperature measuring arrangement	22

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

IEC 60331-2:2018

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/2740c2d9-7e8d-43ba-aac0-ef2ffe17fd2c/iec-60331-2-2018

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

TESTS FOR ELECTRIC CABLES UNDER FIRE CONDITIONS – CIRCUIT INTEGRITY –

Part 2: Test method for fire with shock at a temperature of at least 830 °C for cables of rated voltage up to and including 0,6/1,0 kV and with an overall diameter not exceeding 20 mm

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 60331-2 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 20: Electric cables.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2009. It constitutes a technical revision.

The significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition are as follows:

- extension of the scope with metallic data and telecom cables and optical fibre cables, although details for the specific point of failure, continuity checking arrangement, test sample, test procedure and test report relevant to metallicdata and telecom cables and optical fibre cables are not given by IEC 60331-2;
- improved description of the test environment;

- mandatory use of mass flow meters/controllers as the means of controlling accurately the input flow rates of fuel and air to the burner;
- improved figure illustrating method of mounting of the sample regarding bending radius;
- improved description of the information to be included in the test report.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
20/1783A/FDIS	20/1793/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

It has the status of a group safety publication in accordance with IEC Guide 104.

A list of all parts of the IEC 60331 series, published under the title: *Tests for electric cables under fire conditions – Circuit integrity*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- · withdrawn,
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

A billigual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

INTRODUCTION

IEC 60331 consists of the following parts under the general title: *Tests for Electric cables under fire conditions – Circuit integrity:*

- Part 1: Test method for fire with shock at a temperature of at least 830 °C for cables of rated voltage up to and including 0,6/1,0 kV and with an overall diameter exceeding 20 mm
- Part 2: Test method for fire with shock at a temperature of at least 830 °C for cables of rated voltage up to and including 0,6/1,0 kV and with an overall diameter not exceeding 20 mm
- Part 3: Test method for fire with shock at a temperature of at least 830 °C for cables of rated voltage up to and including 0,6/1,0 kV tested in a metal enclosure
- Part 11: Apparatus Fire alone at a flame temperature of at least 750 °C
- Part 21: Procedures and requirements Cables of rated voltage up to and including 0,6/1,0 kV
- Part 23: Procedures and requirements Electric data cables
- Part 25: Procedures and requirements Optical fibre cables
- NOTE 1 Parts 21, 23 and 25 relate to fire-only conditions at a flame temperature of at least 750 °C.
- NOTE 2 Parts 11, 21, 23 and 25 are no longer subject to maintenance. IEC 60331 Parts 1 and 2 are the recommended test procedures

Since its first edition (1970), IEC 60331 has been extended and has introduced a range of test apparatus in order that a test may be carried out on large and small power, control, data and optical fibre cables.

Successful tests carried out in accordance with this standard will enable an identification to be marked on the product.

TESTS FOR ELECTRIC CABLES UNDER FIRE CONDITIONS – CIRCUIT INTEGRITY –

Part 2: Test method for fire with shock at a temperature of at least 830 °C for cables of rated voltage up to and including 0,6/1,0 kV and with an overall diameter not exceeding 20 mm

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60331 specifies the test method for cables which are required to maintain circuit integrity when subject to fire and mechanical shock under specified conditions.

This document is applicable to cables of rated voltage not exceeding 600 V/1 000 V, including those of rated voltage below 80 V, metallic data and telecom cables and optical fibre cables.

It is intended for use when testing cables of not greater than 20 mm overall diameter.

Cables of larger diameter are intended to be tested using the apparatus, procedure and requirements of IEC 60331-1.

This document includes details for the specific point of failure, continuity checking arrangement, test sample, test procedure and test report relevant to electric power and control cables with rated voltage up to and including 600 V/1000 V. Details for the specific point of failure, continuity checking arrangement, test sample, test procedure and test report relevant to metallic data and telecom cables and optical fibre cables are not given by IEC 60331-2.

Although the scope is restricted to cables with rated voltage up to and including 0,6/1,0 kV, the procedure can be used, with the agreement of the manufacturer and the purchaser, for cables with rated voltage up to and including 1,8/3 (3,3) kV, provided that suitable fuses are used.

Annex A provides the method of verification of the burner and control system used for the test

Requirements are stated for an identification that may optionally be marked on the cable to signify compliance with this standard.

CAUTION – The test given in this standard may involve the use of dangerous voltages and temperatures. Suitable precautions should be taken against the risk of shock, burning, fire and explosion that may be involved, and against any noxious fumes that may be produced.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60584-1, Thermocouples – Part 1: EMF specifications and tolerances

IEC 60269-3, Low-voltage fuses – Part 3: Supplementary requirements for fuses for use by unskilled persons (fuses mainly for household and similar applications) – Examples of standardized systems of fuses A to F

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

3.1

circuit integrity

ability of an electric cable to continue to operate in the designated manner whilst subjected to a specified flame source for a specified period of time under specified conditions

3.2

draught-free environment

space in which the results of tests are not significantly affected by the local air speed

4 Test environment

The test shall be carried out in a draught-free environment within a suitable chamber, of minimum volume 20 m³, with facilities for disposing of any noxious gases resulting from the burning. Sufficient ventilation shall be available to sustain the flame for the duration of the test. Air inlets and the exhaust chimney should be located in such a way that the burner flame remains stable during the verification procedure and test. If necessary, the burner shall be shielded from any draughts by the use of draught shields. Windows may be installed in the walls of the chamber in order to observe the behaviour of the cable during the test. Fume exhaust should be achieved by means of natural draught through a chimney located at least 1 m from the burner. A damper may be used for adjustment of ventilation conditions.

NOTE Experience has shown a chamber similar to the "3 m cube" specified in IEC 61034-1 to be suitable.

The chamber and test apparatus shall be at a temperature of between 10 °C and 40 °C at the start of each test.

The same ventilation and shielding conditions shall be used in the chamber during both the verification and cable test procedures.

5 Test apparatus

5.1 Test equipment

The test equipment shall consist of the following:

- a) a test wall onto which the cable is mounted, comprising a board manufactured from heat-resistant, non-combustible material suitable for the temperatures involved fastened to steel supports and mounted on a rigid support as described in 5.2;
- b) a source of heat comprising a horizontally mounted ribbon burner as described in 5.3;
- c) a shock-producing device as described in 5.4;
- d) a test wall equipped with thermocouples for verification of the source of heat as described in Annex A;

- e) a continuity checking arrangement as described in 5.6;
- f) fuses as described in 5.7.

A general arrangement of the test equipment is shown in Figure 1, Figure 2 and Figure 3.

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

IEC 60331-2:2018

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/2740c2d9-7e8d-43ba-aac0-ef2ffe17fd2c/iec-60331-2-2018