

SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN 50575:2012

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Elektroenergetski, krmilni in komunikacijski kabli - Kabli za splošno uporabo za gradbena dela glede na zahteve za odpornost proti požaru

Power, control and communication cables - Cables for general applications in construction works subject to reaction to fire requirements

Starkstromkabel und -leitungen, Steuer- und Kommunikationskabel - Kabel und Leitungen für allgemeine Anwendungen in Bauwerken in Bezug auf die Anforderungen an das Brandverhalten

IST EN 50575:2014

Câbles d'énergie, de commande et de communication - Câbles pour applications générales dans les ouvrages de construction soumis aux exigences de réaction au feu

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: prEN 50575:2012

ICS:

| 13.220.50 | Požarna odpornost gradbenih materialov in elementov | Fire-resistance of building materials and elements |
|-----------|---|--|
| 29.060.20 | Kabli | Cables |
| | | |

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Power, control and communication cables -Cables for general applications in construction works subject to reaction to fire requirements

Câbles d'énergie, de commande et de communication -

Câbles pour applications générales dans les ouvrages de construction soumis aux exigences de réaction au feu Starkstromkabel und -leitungen, Steuerund Kommunikationskabel -Kabel und Leitungen für allgemeine Anwendungen in Bauwerken in Bezug auf die Anforderungen an das Brandverhalten

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This draft European Standard is submitted to CENELEC members for CENELEC enquiry. Deadline for CENELEC: 2012-06-15.

It has been drawn up by CLC/TC 20.

If this draft becomes a European Standard, CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

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CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

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Foreword

This document (prEN 50575:2012) has been jointly prepared by CLC/TC 20 "Electric cables",
CLC/TC 46X "Communication cables" and its sub-committees and CLC/TC 86A "Optical fibre and optical fibre cables".

51 It is currently submitted to the CENELEC Enquiry.

52 This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CENELEC by the European 53 Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements 54 of EU Directives CPD (89/106/EEC) and LVD (2006/95/EC).

55 For the relationship with EU Directives 89/106/EEC and 2006/95/EC, see informative 56 Annexes ZZA and ZZB, which are an integral part of this document.

57 Annex ZZA, which is informative, details the aspects of performance to be examined in order 58 to satisfy the Essential Requirements, as defined by the Construction Products Directive 59 89/106/EEC and amplified by the appropriate Interpretative Document.

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61 **1 Scope**

This European Standard specifies reaction to fire performance requirements, test and assessment methods for power, control and communication cables used for the supply of electricity and for control and communication purposes, which are intended for use in construction works.

66 This European Standard only covers the reaction to fire and release of dangerous substances 67 performance requirements.

NOTE 1 This European Standard does not replace the electrical, mechanical and environmental requirements
 that are essential to demonstrate compliance with other applicable cable standards/specifications.

- 70 This European Standard covers:
- 71 power cables insulated conductors and cables for use in e.g. the supply of electricity;
- control and communication cables wires, symmetric cables, and coaxial cables with
 metallic conductors for use in e.g. telecommunication, data transmission, radio frequency,
 video communication and signalling and control equipment;
- 75 optical fibre cables for use in e.g. in telecommunication, data transmission, radio
 76 frequency, video communication and signalling and control equipment.
- NOTE 2 Performance characteristics other than those covered by the standard may be subject to the provisions of other relevant directives, e.g. the Low Voltage Directive.

79 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

- 4ccb9004166a/sist-en-50575-2014
- prEN 13501-6¹⁾, Fire classification of construction products and building elements Part 6:
 Classification using data from reaction to fire tests on electric cables
- 85 EN 50267-2-3, Common test methods for cables under fire conditions Tests on gases 86 evolved during combustion of material from cables — Part 2-3: Procedures – Determination of 87 degree of acidity of gases for cables by determination of the weighted average of pH and 88 conductivity
- EN 50399, Common test methods for cables under fire conditions Heat release and smoke
 production measurement on cables during flame spread test Test apparatus, procedures,
 results
- EN 60332-1-2, Tests on electric and optical fibre cables under fire conditions Part 1-2: Test
 for vertical flame propagation for a single insulated wire or cable Procedure for 1 kW pre mixed flame (IEC 60332-1-2)
- EN 61034-2, Measurement of smoke density of cables burning under defined conditions –
 Part 2: Test procedure and requirements (IEC 61034-2)
- 97 CLC/FprTR 50576², *Electric cables Extended application of test results*
- 98 EN ISO 1716, Reaction to fire tests for building products Determination of the gross heat of 99 combustion (calorific value) (ISO 1716)

¹⁾ Under preparation in CEN/TC 127.

²⁾ Under preparation in CLC/TC 20.

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100 **3 Terms and definitions**

101 For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in the standards referred 102 to in Clause 2 and the following apply.

- 103 **3.1**
- 104 power cable
- assembly comprising one or more insulated conductor(s), together with any coverings and protective
- 106 layers, used for the transmission or supply of electrical energy
- 107 **3.2**
- 108 control cable
- 109 assembly comprising insulated conductors, together with any coverings and protective layers used for 110 the transmission of control, measuring and indication signals in electric installations

111 3.3

112 communications cable

- 113 assembly of suitably insulated coaxial conductors or twisted pairs of insulated conductors fabricated to
- meet transmission, mechanical and environmental requirements, and sufficient to allow conveyance of
- 115 information between two points with the minimum of radiation

116 **3.4**

117 optical fibre cable

- assembly comprising one or more optical fibres or fibre bundles inside a common covering designed
- to protect them against mechanical stresses and other environmental influences while retaining the transmission guality of the fibres
- 121 NOTE May also contain metallic conductors. 2005 Iten 20
- 122 [IEV 731-04-01]

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123 4 Requirements indards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ee5aae15-b280-4763-9fc7-

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124 **4.1 Reaction to fire**

The contribution of power, control and communication cables to the development of fire shall be verified according to the test methods relevant for the claimed class as indicated in Clause 5.

- 128 Test results shall be classified according to prEN 13501-6.
- The contribution to the development of fire is classified regarding gross calorific potential, flame spread, total heat release, peak heat release rate and Fire Growth Rate Index (FIGRA) and is completed by additional classifications regarding smoke production, flaming droplets/particles and acidity.

133 **4.2 Release of dangerous substances**

Power, control and communication cables shall not release any dangerous substances in
 excess of the maximum permitted levels established by national regulations of the Member
 State of destination.

137 **5 Test methods for reaction to fire classes**

Table 1 gives the reference to the European Standard containing the test methods to be usedfor the corresponding reaction to fire class.

-6-

| Class | Test methods | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| | EN ISO 1716 | EN 50399 ^ª | EN 60332-1-2 | EN 61034-2 | EN 50267-2-3 | | | |
| A _{ca} | X | - | - | - | - | | | |
| B1 _{ca} | - | X b | Х | Х | Х | | | |
| B2 _{ca} | - | Х | Х | х | Х | | | |
| C _{ca} | - | Х | Х | х | Х | | | |
| D _{ca} | - | Х | Х | х | Х | | | |
| E _{ca} | - | - | Х | - | - | | | |
| F _{ca} | No performance determined | | | | | | | |
| ^a EN 50399 co | 399 contains all the information previously referred to as FIPEC ₂₀ Scenario 1 and FIPEC ₂₀ Scenario 2. | | | | | | | |
| ^b Special cond | pecial conditions of test apply in EN 50399 to Class B1 _{ca} . | | | | | | | |

Table 1 – Test methods for reaction to fire classes

141

142 6 Evaluation of conformity

143 **6.1 General**

144 The compliance of power, control and communication cables with the requirements of this 145 European Standard and with the declared values (including classes) shall be demonstrated 146 by:

- 147 initial type testing,
- 148 factory production control by the manufacturer, including product assessment
- 149 The manufacturer shall always retain the overall control and shall have the necessary means 150 to take responsibility for the product.

151 6.2 Initial type testing

152 6.2.1 General

153 Initial type testing shall be performed to demonstrate compliance with this European 154 Standard.

- All essential characteristics for which the manufacturer declares performances are subject to Initial Type Testing.
- 157 Tests previously performed in accordance with the provision of this European Standard may 158 be taken into account providing that they were made to the same test method, under the same
- 159 system of attestation of conformity on the same product or products of similar design, 160 construction and functionality such that the results are applicable to the product in question.
- 161 NOTE 1 Same system of attestation of conformity means testing by, or testing witnessed or supervised by, an independent third party under the responsibility of a product certification body (for products under attestation of conformity system 1+), or by an independent test laboratory (for products under attestation of conformity system 3).

For the purpose of reaction to fire testing, the manufacturer's products may be grouped into families, where it is considered that the results for one or more characteristics from any one product within the family are representative for all particular cables within that family.

167NOTE 2Reference should be made to the Extended Application (EXAP) rules given in CLC/FprTR 50576 for the
applicability of test results to products other than those tested.

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169 In addition, initial type testing shall be performed for all characteristics included in the 170 standard for which the manufacturer declares performances:

- 171 at the beginning of the production of a new or modified power, control and communication
 172 cable type (unless a member of the same family) or
- 173 at the beginning of a new or modified method of production (where this may affect the declared performance); or
- they shall be repeated for the appropriate characteristic(s), whenever a change occurs in
 the power, control and communication cable design, in the raw material or in the supplier
 of the components, or in the production process (subject to the definition of a family),
 which would affect significantly one or more of the characteristics.

Products marked in accordance with appropriate harmonized European specifications may be presumed to have the performances stated with that marking, although this does not replace the responsibility on the power, control and communication cables designer to ensure that the power, control and communication cables as a whole is correctly designed.

183 6.2.2 Test samples

184 Test samples shall be representative of the current production.

185 6.2.3 Test reports

- 186 All Initial Type Tests and their results shall be documented in test reports. All test reports
- 187 shall be retained by the manufacturer for at least 10 years after the last date of production of 188 the power, control and communication cables to which they relate.

189 6.3 Factory production control (FPC)

190 **6.3.1 General**

191 The manufacturer shall establish, document and maintain an FPC system to ensure that the 192 products placed on the market comply with the declared performance characteristics.

The FPC system shall consist of procedures, regular inspections, tests and/or assessments and the use of the results to control raw and other incoming materials or components, equipment, the production process and the product. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures.

This production control system documentation shall ensure a common understanding of conformity evaluation and enable the achievement of the required product characteristics and the effective operation of the production control system to be checked. Factory production control, therefore, brings together operational techniques and all measures allowing maintenance and control of the compliance of the product with this European Standard.

203 6.3.2 Requirements

204 **6.3.2.1 General**

The manufacturer is responsible for organizing the effective implementation of the FPC system. Tasks and responsibilities in the production control organization shall be documented and this documentation shall be kept up-to-date. The responsibility, authority and the relationship between personnel that manages, performs or verifies work affecting product conformity, shall be defined. This applies in particular to personnel that need to initiate actions preventing product non-conformities from occurring, actions in case of non-conformities and to identify and register product conformity problems. Personnel performing work affecting product conformity shall be competent on the basis of appropriate education, training, skills and experience for which records shall be maintained.

- 214 In each factory, the manufacturer may delegate the action to a person having the necessary 215 authority to:
- 216 identify procedures to demonstrate conformity of the product at appropriate stages;
- 217 identify and record any instance of non-conformity;
- 218 identify procedures to correct instances of non-conformity.
- The manufacturer shall draw up and keep up-to-date documents defining the factory production control. The manufacturer's documentation and procedures should be appropriate to the product and manufacturing process. The FPC system should achieve an appropriate level of confidence in the conformity of the product. This involves:
- a) the preparation of documented procedures and instructions relating to factory production
 control operations, in accordance with the requirements of the technical specification to
 which reference is made;
- b) the effective implementation of these procedures and instructions;
- 227 c) the recording of these operations and their results;
- d) the use of these results to correct any deviations, repair the effects of such deviations, treat any resulting instances of non-conformity and, if necessary, revise the FPC to rectify the cause of non-conformity.

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- Where subcontracting takes place, the manufacturer shall retain the overall control of the product and ensure that he receives all the information that is necessary to fulfil his responsibilities according to this European Standard.
- If the manufacturer has part of the product designed, manufactured, assembled, packed,
 processed and/or labelled by subcontracting, the FPC of the subcontractor may be taken into
 account, where appropriate for the product in question.
- A manufacturer who subcontracts all of his activities may in no circumstances pass these responsibilities on to a subcontractor.
- 239 NOTE Manufacturers having an FPC system which complies with EN ISO 9000 series standards and which 240 addresses the requirements of this European Standard are recognized as satisfying the FPC requirements of the 241 Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- 242 6.3.2.2 Equipment
- 243 6.3.2.2.1 Testing
- All weighing, measuring and testing equipment shall be calibrated and regularly inspected according to documented procedures, frequencies and criteria.

246 **6.3.2.2.2 Manufacturing**

All equipment used in the manufacturing process shall be regularly inspected and maintained to ensure use, wear or failure does not cause inconsistency in the manufacturing process. Inspections and maintenance shall be carried out and recorded in accordance with the manufacturer's written procedures and the records retained for the period defined in the manufacturer's FPC procedures. -9-

252 **6.3.2.3 Raw materials and components**

The specifications of all incoming raw materials and components shall be documented, as shall the inspection scheme for ensuring their compliance.

255 **6.3.2.4 Design process**

The factory production control system shall document the various stages in the design of products, identify the checking procedure and those individuals responsible for all stages of design. During the design process itself, a record shall be kept of all checks, their results, and any corrective actions taken.

This record shall be sufficiently detailed and accurate to demonstrate that all stages of the design phase, and all checks, have been carried out satisfactorily.

262 **6.3.2.5 Traceability and marking**

Individual cable batches shall be identifiable and traceable with regard to their production origin. The manufacturer shall have written procedures ensuring that processes related to affixing traceability codes and/or markings are inspected regularly.

266 **6.3.2.6 Controls during manufacturing process**

The manufacturer shall plan and carry out production under controlled conditions, appropriate to the particular manufacturing process.

269 6.3.2.7 Product testing and evaluation

The manufacturer shall establish procedures to ensure that the stated values of the characteristics that he declares are maintained. The characteristics, and the means of control, are:

- https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ee5aae15-b280-4763-9fc7-
- 273 reaction to fire characteristics shall be subject to the tests indicated in Clause 5 at least
 274 once per year for each family of power, control and communication cables for which the
 275 manufacturer declares performance.

276 6.3.2.8 Non-complying products

The manufacturer shall have written procedures which specify how non-complying products shall be dealt with. Any such events shall be recorded as they occur and these records shall be kept for the period defined in the manufacturer's written procedures.

280 **6.3.2.9 Corrective action**

The manufacturer shall have documented procedures that instigate action to eliminate the cause of non-conformities in order to prevent recurrence.

283 6.3.2.10 Handling, storage and packaging

The manufacturer shall have procedures providing methods of product handling and shall provide suitable storage areas preventing damage or deterioration.

286 6.3.3 Product specific requirements

- 287 The FPC system shall:
- 288 address this European Standard, and
- ensure that the products placed on the market comply with the declared performance
 characteristics.