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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



## Digital living network alliance (DLNA) home networked device interoperability guidelines – Part 7: Authentication (standards.iteh.ai)

IEC 62481-7:2017 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/22e258ca-44b6-428c-adee-655fddc39ef8/iec-62481-7-2017





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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

## DIGITAL LIVING NETWORK ALLIANCE (DLNA) HOME NETWORKED DEVICE INTEROPERABILITY GUIDELINES –

### Part 7: Authentication

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The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
100/2744/CDV	100/2889/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of IEC 62481 series, published under the general title *Digital Living Network Alliance (DLNA) home networked device interoperability guidelines,* can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

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#### INTRODUCTION

Consumers are acquiring, viewing, and managing an increasing amount of digital media (photos, music, and video) on devices in the consumer electronics (CE), mobile, and personal computer (PC) domains. As such, they want to conveniently enjoy the content, regardless of the source, across different devices and locations in the home. The digital home vision integrates the Internet, mobile, and broadcast networks through a seamless, interoperable network, which will provide a unique opportunity for manufacturers and consumers alike. In order to deliver on this vision, a common set of industry design guidelines is needed that allows vendors to participate in a growing marketplace, leading to more innovation, simplicity, and value for consumers. This document serves that purpose and provides vendors with the information needed to build interoperable networked platforms and devices for the digital home.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

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## DIGITAL LIVING NETWORK ALLIANCE (DLNA) HOME NETWORKED DEVICE INTEROPERABILITY GUIDELINES –

## Part 7: Authentication

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 62481 specifies DLNA interoperability guidelines for device authentication.

The DLNA interoperability guidelines are based on a device authentication solution, which is defined as methods to enable authentication of a client device as DLNA Certified. Methods are included to allow a client device to authenticate a server device as trusted by a Certificate Authority.

The guidelines are intended to supplement other interoperability mechanisms already defined for DLNA link protection and DLNA DRM interoperability solutions.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

#### IEC 62481-7:2017

IEC 62481-1-1:2017 tps: Digital ds living canetwork and alliance 25 (DLNA)-42 home -- networked device interoperability guidelines – Part 1615 Architecture and protocols

IETF RFC 2616, *Hypertext Transfer Protocol*, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2616.txt

IETF RFC 2818, *HTTP over TLS, Informational*, http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2818

IETF RFC 4680, *TLS Handshake Message for Supplemental Data*, http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4680

IETF RFC 5246, *Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol*, http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246

IETF RFC 5280, Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile, http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5280

IETF RFC 5878, *Transport Layer Security (TLS) Authorization Extensions*, http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5878

IETF RFC 7562, Authentication Credential Exchange Using TLS Supplemental Data, https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7562

DTCP Volume 1 (informational version), *Digital Transmission Content Protection Specification Volume 1, Revision 1.7.* http://www.dtcp.com/documents/dtcp/info-20111214-dtcp-v1-rev-1-p-7.pdf

#### 3 Terms, definitions and conventions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 62481-1-1:2017 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

#### 3.1 General terms

#### 3.1.1

#### **Authentication Client**

set of device functions that, as part of the Client Authentication Device Option, provides the protocols to allow a client to be authenticated and the protocols to authenticate an Authentication Server by verifying the server credentials

#### 3.1.2

#### **Authentication Server**

**Client Authentication** 

Device Function that, as part of the Server Authentication Device Option, provides the protocols to allow a server to be authenticated and the protocols to authenticate an Authentication Client by verifying the client credentials

#### 3.1.3

# (standards.iteh.ai)

process or action where the Authentication Client initiates the authentication request for the Authentication Server to authenticate the Client 1-72017

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#### 3.1.4 DTCP Method

process that occurs when a device uses a device certificate for itself during DLNA Authentication

#### 3.1.5

#### Server Authentication

process or action where the Authentication Server is authenticated by the Authentication Client

#### 3.1.6

#### X.509 Method

process that occurs when a device uses an X.509 credential for itself during DLNA Authentication

Note 1 to entry: No DTCP device certificate is used with this method.

#### 3.2 Conventions

In IEC 62481-1-1:2017 and this document, a number of terms, conditions, mechanisms, sequences, parameters, events, states, or similar terms are printed with the first letter of each word in uppercase and the rest lowercase (e.g. Move.) Any lowercase uses of these words have the normal technical English meanings.

### 4 Networking architecture and guideline conventions

#### 4.1 **DLNA** home networking architecture

This document extends the DLNA home networking architecture that is defined in Clause 4 of IEC 62481-1-1:2017.

#### 4.2 Document conventions

See Clause 6 of IEC 62481-1-1:2017 for a description of the DLNA document conventions.

#### 4.3 Guideline structure

See 7.1 of IEC 62481-1-1:2017 for guidelines and attribute table layout descriptions.

### 5 DLNA Device Model

#### 5.1 General

Refer to Clause 5, IEC 62481-1-1:2017 for detailed descriptions of existing DLNA Home Networking Architecture Device Model. This document extends the existing DLNA system usages.

# 5.2 Authentication Device Functions DARD PREVIEW

The architecture consists of system elements in the home and outside the home used to implement the DLNA authentication feature. These elements support both service provider and home owner use cases. Figure 1 is an overview of the architecture.

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**Figure 1 – Authentication functions** 

The architecture defines the following functions.

- Credential Authority: creates client and server credentials for use by manufacturers in their devices. Provides root certificate(s) to the Authentication Server and the Authentication Client. Defines the robustness requirements.
- Client Credential Installation: installs the credentials into the client device. Performed by the manufacturer.
- Client Credential Storage: stores the credentials according to the robustness requirements.
  Provides access to the credentials by the Authentication Server.
- Server Credential Storage: stores the credentials according to the robustness requirements. Provides access to the credentials by the Authentication Server.
- Authentication Client: authenticates with the Authentication Server and authenticates servers using the server credentials.
- Authentication Server: authenticates with the Authentication Client and authenticates clients using the client credentials.