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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



AMENDMENT 1

Automatic electrical controls ANDARD PREVIEW Part 2-9: Particular requirements for temperature sensing controls (standards.iten.ai)

IEC 60730-2-9:2015/AMD1:2018 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d7f3cb94-f0a3-4c55-a583-196a7f83a2d4/iec-60730-2-9-2015-amd1-2018





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FOREWORD

This amendment has been prepared by subcommittee IEC technical committee 72: Automatic electrical controls.

The text of this amendment is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
72/1112A/FDIS	72/1118/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this amendment can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The committee has decided that the contents of this amendment and the base publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or ANDARD PREVIEW
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

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IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

Table 1 – Required information and methods of providing information

Replace the existing Note 102 by the following:

In China, the use of liquid metal in or on cooking or food handling equipment is not allowed.

In Canada parts of controls containing mercury is not allowed.

Annex EE – Guide to the application of temperature sensing controls within the scope of IEC 60730-2-9

EE.1.2 Overview

Replace the third paragraph by the following:

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Controls classified as type 2 are also assessed to provide a degree of confidence in terms of their operating temperature. Tests are made to determine that the spread of operating temperature in the new condition is within the manufacturer's declared value, and also to determine that drift of operating temperature is within the manufacturer's declared value after the specified tests.

NOTE A temperature **sensing control** can be classified for more than one purpose, depending upon the application.

EE.3.3 Types of temperature sensing controls according to their purpose

Replace the existing text of this subclause by the following:

EE.3.3.1 Thermostat

Cycling temperature **sensing control**, which is intended to keep a temperature between two particular values under normal operating conditions of the controlled equipment and which may have provision for **setting by the user**. A **thermostat** is therefore also classified as an **operating** control with at least type 1 action (electromechanical) or at least Class A control function (electronic control). A typical usage of **thermostats** is to control the normal running temperature of a room heater or hot plate.

Thermostats are defined in IEC 60335-1 as follows:

thermostat

temperature-sensing device, the operating temperature of which may be either fixed or adjustable and which during normal **operation** keeps the temperature of the controlled part between certain limits by automatically opening and closing a circuit

EE.3.3.2 Temperature limiter IEC 60730-2-9:2015/AMD1:2018

Temperature **sensing control** which is intended to keep a temperature below or above one particular value during normal operating conditions of the controlled equipment and which may have provision for **setting by the user**. A **temperature limiter** is therefore also classified as an **operating control** with Class A control functions. Under certain applications, a **temperature limiter** may be classified as an **operating control** with Class B control functions. A typical usage of a **temperature limiter** with Class A function is to switch off a kettle on boiling.

A **temperature limiter** may be of the automatic or of the manual reset type. It does not make the reverse **operation** during the normal duty cycle of the appliance.

Temperature limiters are defined in IEC 60335-1 as follows:

temperature limiter

temperature-sensing device, the operating temperature of which may be either fixed or adjustable and which during normal **operation** operates by opening or closing a circuit when the temperature of the controlled part reaches a predetermined value

NOTE 1 A **temperature limiter** does not make the reverse **operation** during the normal duty cycle of the appliance. It can require manual resetting.

NOTE 2 A **temperature limiter** control is used to limit the temperature of part of the appliance/equipment during normal **operation** of the appliance. The differential between the operating and remake temperature of a **temperature limiter** is large.

NOTE 3 An electromechanical **temperature limiter** can be either a type 1 or type 2 control depending on the application.

NOTE 4 An electronic **temperature limiter** is classified as an **operating control** with Class A control functions. Under certain applications, a **temperature limiter** may be classified as an **operating control** with Class B control functions.

EE.3.3.3 Thermal cut-out

Temperature sensing control intended to keep a temperature below or above one particular value during abnormal operating conditions of the controlled equipment and which has no provision for setting by the user. A thermal cut-out is therefore also classified as a protective control with a type 2 action (electromechanical) or at least Class B control function (electronic control). Under certain applications, an electronic thermal cut-out may be classified as a protective control with Class C control functions, for example, water heaters. Typical usage of **thermal cut-outs** is to provide overheating protection of a room heater, hot plate or water heater.

A thermal cut-out may be of the automatic or manual reset type.

Thermal cut-outs are defined in IEC 60335-1 as follows:

a) thermal cut-out

device which during abnormal operation limits the temperature of the controlled part by automatically opening the circuit, or by reducing the current, and is constructed so that its setting cannot be altered by the user

NOTE 1 A thermal cut-out control does not operate during normal operation of the appliance. It is used to regulate or limit the temperature of part of the appliance/equipment in fault conditions.

NOTE 2 When a thermal cut-out is built-in or on a motor, and is specifically intended to protect the motor against overheating due to running overload and failure to start and carries the motor current and is sensitive to motor temperature and current, it is a thermal motor protector. Thermal motor protectors are covered by IEC 60730-2-22.

b) self-resetting thermal cut-out and and site in ai) thermal cut-out that automatically restores the current after the relevant part of the appliance has cooled down sufficiently

IEC 60730-2-9:2015/AMD1:2018

NOTE 1 A self-resetting thermal cut-out control does not operate during normal operation of the appliance. It is used to regulate the temperature of part of the appliance/equipment in fault conditions.

NOTE 2 A self-resetting thermal cut-out is normally a type 2 control depending on the application and a declaration of number of cycles is between 300 and 10 000 (depending upon the end product application).

c) non-self-resetting thermal cut-out

thermal cut-out that requires a manual **operation** for resetting, or replacement of a part, in order to restore the current

NOTE 1 Manual **operation** includes disconnection of the appliance from the supply mains.

NOTE 2 A non-self- resetting thermal cut-out control does not operate during normal operation of the appliance. It is used to limit the temperature of part of the appliance/equipment in fault conditions and can disconnect the appliance from the supply mains.

NOTE 3 A non-self- resetting thermal cut-out control is usually a type 2 control that provides either microdisconnection or full-disconnection. A declaration of the number of cycles of operation would be at least 30 cycles.

The following thermal cut-out is not specifically defined in IEC 60335 but can be used in appliances:

voltage maintained thermal cut-out

thermal cut-out which is maintained in its operated condition by the voltage which appears across it in that condition

NOTE 1 A voltage maintained thermal cut-out control can only be reset if the appliance is disconnected from the electrical supply.

NOTE 2 A voltage maintained thermal cut-out control does not operate during normal operation of the appliance. It is used to limit the temperature of part of the appliance/equipment in fault conditions and can disconnect the appliance from the supply mains.

NOTE 3 A voltage maintained thermal cut-out control is a type 2 control. A declaration of the number of cycles of operation would be at least 1 000 cycles.

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EE.3.3.3.1 Motor protector

Automatic control that is specifically intended to protect the windings of an electric motor from overheating.

EE.3.3.3.2 Thermal motor protector

Automatic control, built-in or on a motor, that is specifically intended to protect the motor against overheating due to running overload and failure to start. The control carries the motor current and is sensitive to motor temperature and current.

NOTE 1 These are covered by IEC 60730-2-22.

NOTE 2 If it is not built-in or on a motor, does not carry the motor current, is not sensitive to motor temperature and current, it is a **thermal cut-out**, which is covered by IEC 60730-2-9.

EE.3.3.4 Single operation device (SOD)

EE.3.3.4.1 Bimetallic

Control having a bimetallic temperature **sensing element**, which is intended to operate only once, and then requires complete replacement. A **single operation device** is therefore also classified as a **protective control** with type 2 action (electromechanical). Typical usage of single **operation** devices is to provide overheating protection of an electric kettle or water heater.

A bimetallic single operation device does not reset above a declared temperature.

EE.3.3.4.2 Non-bimetallic

A non-bimetallic single operation device denotes a control having a non-bimetallic sensing device, the operation of which cannot be separated from other-functions of the control, and which operates only once land then //requires completed replacement. Such a device is classified as a protective control.

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If such parts can be tested separately, then they are identified as thermal links, which are not within the scope of IEC 60730-2-9 and are covered by IEC 60691.

Typical usage of single **operation** devices is to provide overheating protection of an electric kettle or water heater.

EE.3.3.5 Protective controls

These are defined in IEC 60335-1 as follows:

protective device

device, the **operation** of which prevents a hazardous situation under abnormal **operation** conditions

NOTE 1 The aim of a **protective device** is to reduce the risk of a hazard by restoring the appliance to a fail-safe under abnormal conditions of the end product. Based on the application, the protective device could be automatically or manually resettable. Examples of a temperature protective device are **single operation devices** (SOD), thermal links and thermal cut-outs.

NOTE 2 An electromechanical **protective device** control is a type 2 control. A declaration of the number of cycles of **operation** would be 1 cycle.

NOTE 3 An electronic **protective device** is classified as a control with Class B or C control functions (depending upon the application).

EE.3.4 Features of automatic action

EE.3.4.1 Controls are classified either as type 1 or type 2

Replace the first two paragraphs as follows:

A **type 1** control is tested fully to determine inherent safety, but is not tested to determine operating temperature consistency, either in the new condition, or after the specified tests. Type 1 controls are therefore intended to be used in applications where the controlled temperature is not critical, in terms of performance or safety of the controlled equipment.

A **type 2** control is tested for inherent safety and for consistency of operating temperature, both in new condition, to check that the operating temperature is within the manufacturers' declared manufacturing tolerance (**manufacturing deviation**), and also for the change in operating temperature (drift) after the specified tests.

Add the following new subclauses:

EE.3.17 Definitions of type of control according to construction

electronic control

a control which incorporates at least one electronic device

EE.3.18 Definitions relating to classes of control functions

For the evaluation of protective measures for fault tolerance and avoidance of hazards, it is necessary to classify control functions with regard to their fault behaviour.

At the classification of control functions, their integration into the complete safety concept of the appliance shall be taken into account.0-2-9:2015/AMD1:2018

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NOTE A control function consists of the entire loop beginning with the sensing means through the processing circuitry (hardware and software if used) and including the actuator drive.

For the purpose of evaluating the design of a control function, present requirements recognise three distinct classes:

a) class A control function

control functions which are not intended to be relied upon for the safety of the application

NOTE 1 Examples are: room thermostats, temperature control.

b) class B control function

control functions which are intended to prevent an unsafe state of the appliance

NOTE 1 Failure of the control function will not lead directly to a hazardous situation.

NOTE 2 Examples are: thermal limiter, pressure limiter.

c) class C control function

control functions which are intended to prevent special hazards such as explosion or whose failure could directly cause a hazard in the appliance

NOTE 1 Examples include thermal cut-outs for closed water systems (without vent protection).

Table EE.1 – Typical examples of the classification of temperature sensing controls in accordance with IEC 60730-2-9

Replace the existing table by the following:

Declaration/ Actions	Control applications												
	TRH	MTC RH	TC EK	TL EK	ART CSH	MTC SH	TC RC	TC RH	TC HD	тст	TCF	TC WH	TC SP
Type 1	Х			Х									
Туре 2		Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
А				Х									
В		Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
С	Х			Х									
Y												Х	Х
D		Х				Х							
E													
F		Х	Х										
G						Х							
Н		Х											
J													
к		Х											
L	Х	X								X 7			
М		X	en z		ND.	AK	J PI	KE V		VV			
N			((sta	nda	rds.	iteh	.ai)					
Р		Х											
х					0730-2								
Z		https://st	andards. 1960	1teh.ai/ca 7f83a2a	atalog/st 14/jec-61	andards/	sist/d713 0_2015_	cb94-f0 amd1_2		-a583-			
AK			1700	105a21			-2013-	an 1 1 - 20	010				
АМ													
Class A control function ^c	х			х									
Class B control function ^c		х	х		х	х	х	х	Х	Х	х	Xa	х
Class C control function ^c												Xp	
Electronic circuit faults with regard to functional safety		FF	FF		FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	SF ^b FF ^a	FF

Table EE.1 – Typical examples of the classification of temperaturesensing controls in accordance with IEC 60730-2-9

-

Control application codes:	Code				
Control application Thermostat in room heaters					
				Manual reset thermal cut-out in room heaters (small)	
Thermal cut-out for electric kettles					
Temperature limiter in electric kettles					
Auto reset thermal cut-out in space heaters (dwelling)					
Manual reset thermal cut-out in space heaters	MTCSH				
Thermal cut-out for refrigerator compressor control (for thermal motor protector, refer to EC 60730-2-22)	TCRC				
Fhermal cut-out for room heaters	TCRH				
Fhermal cut-out for hair dryers	TCHD				
Thermal cut-out for transformers					
Fhermal cut-out for fans	TCF				
Thermal cut-out for water heaters	тсwн				
Thermal cut-out for spa applications					
First fault applies to non-closed water heater applications					
Pirst and second fault applies to closed water heater applications.					
² Control functions generally apply to electronic controls D PREVIEW					
Component fault code:					
(standards.itch.ai) Component fault	Code				
First fault IEC 60730-2-9:2015/AMD1:2018					
First and second fault https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d7f3cb94-f0a3-4c55-a583-					

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Add the following new Clause EE.5:

EE.5 Examples of controls used with domestic appliances

EE.5.1 General usage of controls in appliances

See Figure EE.8 for a typical representation of controls evaluated to IEC 60730-2-9 used in appliances.

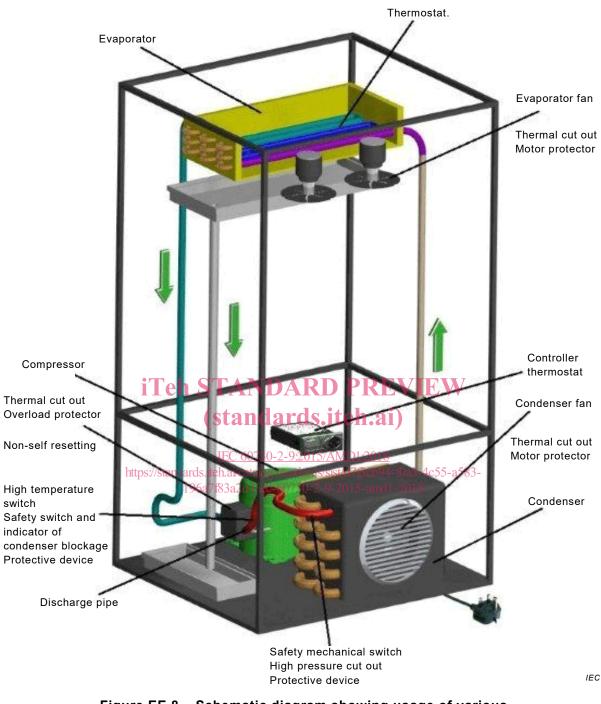


Figure EE.8 – Schematic diagram showing usage of various controls approved to IEC 60730-2-9

EE.5.2 Examples of which device is expected to operate during the tests of Clauses 11 and 19 of IEC 60335 (all parts)

Table EE.2 provides examples of applications where the controls are expected to operate during the tests of Clauses 11 and 19 of IEC 60335 (all parts)