

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 15498:2008

01-oktober-2008

# Montažni betonski izdelki - Betonski bloki iz lesnih drobcev - Lastnosti in obnašanje izdelkov

Precast concrete products - Wood-chip concrete shuttering blocks - Product properties and performance

Betonfertigteile - Holzspanbeton-Schalungssteine - Produkteigenschaften und Leistungsmerkmale iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Produits préfabriqués en béton - Blocs de coffrage en béton utilisant des copeaux de bois comme granulat - Propriétés et performances des produits

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ICS:

91.100.30 Beton in betonski izdelki Concrete and concrete

products

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### **English Version**

# Precast concrete products - Wood-chip concrete shuttering blocks - Product properties and performance

Produits préfabriqués en béton - Blocs de coffrage en béton utilisant des copeaux de bois comme granulat -Propriétés et performances des produits Betonfertigteile - Holzspanbeton-Schalungssteine - Produkteigenschaften und Leistungsmerkmale

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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# **Foreword**

This document (EN 15498:2008) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 229 "Precast concrete products", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2008, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2010.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Construction Products Directive (89/106/EEC).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

It also takes into account the EN 13369:2004 Common rules for precast concrete products.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

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# 1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the properties, performance and test methods of factory made, non-load-bearing hollow wood-chip concrete shuttering blocks, which may include factory installed thermal insulation.

These blocks are intended to be used for external and internal walls and partitions when filled with concrete.

# 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 772-14, Methods of test for masonry units - Part 14: Determination of moisture movement of aggregate concrete and manufactured stone masonry units

EN 772-16, Methods of test for masonry units - Part 16: Determination of dimensions

EN 772-20, Methods of test for masonry units - Part 20: Determination of flatness of faces of aggregate concrete, manufactured stone and natural stone masonry units

EN 1607, Thermal insulating products for building applications Determination of tensile strength perpendicular to faces

EN 1793-1, Road traffic noise reducing devices — Test method for determining the acoustic performance — Part 1: Intrinsic characteristics of sound absorption

EN 1793-2, Road traffic noise reducing devices and Test method for determining the acoustic performance — Part 2: Intrinsic characteristics of airborne sound insulation—15498-2008

EN 1934, Thermal performance of buildings — Determination of thermal resistance by hot box method using heat flow meter — Masonry

EN 12524, Building materials and products — Hygrothermal properties — Tabulated design values

EN 12664, Thermal performance of building materials and products — Determination of thermal resistance by means of guarded hot plate and heat flow meter methods — Dry and moist products of medium and low thermal resistance

EN 12390-5, Testing hardened concrete — Part 5: Flexural strength of test specimens

EN 13162, Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made mineral wool (MW) products - Specification

EN 13163, Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made products of expanded polystyrene (EPS) - Specification

EN 13164, Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made products of extruded polystyrene foam (XPS) - Specification

EN 13165, Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made rigid polyurethane foam (PUR) products - Specification

EN 13166, Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made products of phenolic foam (PF) - Specification

EN 13167, Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made cellular glass (CG) products - Specification

EN 13168, Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made wood wool (WW) products - Specification

EN 13169, Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made products of expanded perlite (EPB) - Specification

EN 13170, Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made products of expanded cork (ICB) - Specification

EN 13171, Thermal insulating products for buildings - Factory made wood fibre (WF) products - Specification

EN 13238, Reaction to fire tests for building products — Conditioning procedures and general rules for selection of substrates

EN 13501-1, Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests

EN 14474, Precast concrete products — Concrete with wood-chips as aggregate — Requirements and test methods

EN ISO 140-3, Acoustics - Measurement of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements - Part 3: Laboratory measurements of airborne sound insulation of building elements (ISO 140-3:1995)

EN ISO 354, Acoustics - Measurement of sound absorption in a reverberation room (ISO 354:2003)

EN ISO 6946, Building components and building elements 1 Thermal resistance and thermal transmittance - Calculation method (ISO 6946:2007)

EN ISO 10456, Building materials and products - Hygrothermal properties Tabulated design values and procedures for determining declared and design thermal values (ISO 10456:2007)

EN ISO 12572, Hygrothermal performance of building materials and products - Determination of water vapour transmission properties (ISO 12572:2001)

# 3 Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviations

# 3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

#### 3.1.1

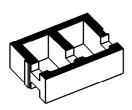
# shuttering block

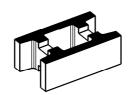
hollow block, having outer shells connected by recessed webs, intended to be dry-stacked or laid with mortar and filled with concrete

# 3.1.2

# wood-chip concrete shuttering block

shuttering block made of wood-chip concrete according to EN 14474





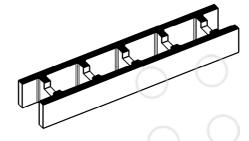
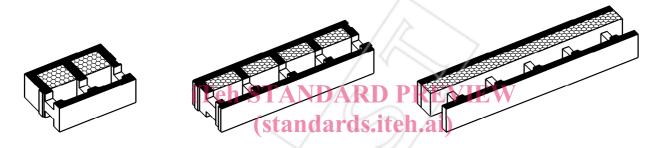


Figure 1 — Examples of shuttering blocks without additional thermal insulation

# 3.1.3 shuttering block with supplementary thermal insulation

shuttering block with factory installed thermal insulation to enhance thermal resistance



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Figure 2 —Examples of shuttering blocks with supplementary thermal insulation

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# 3.1.4

# ancillary block

specially shaped shuttering block for the execution of constructional details, such as corners, reveals, lintels, etc.

# 3.1.5

# design (nominal) dimension

dimension targeted in the project documentation

# 3.1.6

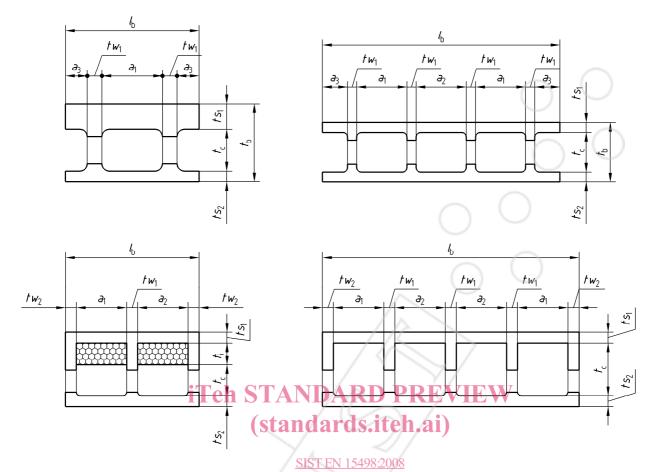
# actual dimension (of the product)

dimension found by measurement (on the finished product)

# 3.2 Symbols and abbreviations

$l_b$	length of shuttering block, in mm
$t_b$	width (thickness) of shuttering block, in mm
$t_c$	thickness of concrete infill, in mm
$t_i$	thickness of insulation, in mm
t <sub>wi, (w1, w2, )</sub>	thickness of web, in mm
$t_S$	thickness of shell, in mm

$t_{S1}$	thickness of outer shell, in mm
$t_{S2}$	thickness of inner shell, in mm
$a_1, a_2$	length of hollow space, in mm
$a_3$	length of cantilever shell, in mm
$h_b$	height of shuttering block, in mm
$h_R$	height of web recess ( $h_R = h_{RI} + h_{R2}$ ), in mm
$h_w$	height of recessed web ( $h_w = h_b - h_R$ ), in mm
$w_R$	width of web recess, in mm
S	cross-sectional area of recessed webs ( $s = t_{wi} * h_w$ ), in mm <sup>2</sup>
<i>S</i> <sub>1</sub>	cross-sectional area of recessed web with thickness $t_{w1}$ ( $s_1 = t_{w1} * h_w$ ), in mm²
$A_R$	total web recess area ( $A_R = A_{R1} + A_{R2}$ ), in mm²
$A_{RI}$	upper web recess area, in [mm²]
$A_{R2}$	lower web recess area, in [mm²]
1	supporting length of shell $(l = a + 2 * t_{wl}/2)$ , in mm <sup>2</sup>
p	filling pressure, in N/mm²
$p_{max}$	maximum filling pressure of concrete infill, in N/mm²
$p_{msd}$	measured maximum filling pressure, in N/mm², ai
$P_t$	web tensile failure load, in N
$P_{t,min}$	minimum/required web tensile failure load; dn3N5e0-47e4-4cba-a80b-
$P_{t,msd}$	16692b329eb/sist-en-15498-2008 measured web tensile failure load, in N
$f_{t, min}$	minimum required web tensile strength, in N/mm²
$f_{t,msd}$	individual value of the web tensile strength, in N/mm²
$f_{t,m}$	mean tensile strength of web, in N/mm²
$P_f$	shell flexural failure load, in N
$P_{f,msd}$	measured shell flexural failure load, inN
$f_{f, min}$	minimum required shell flexural strength, in N/mm²
$f_{f,msd}$	individual value of the shell flexural strength, in N/mm²
$f_{f,m}$	mean flexural strength of the shells, in N/mm²
$f_{tp}$	tensile strength of shells perpendicular to faces, in N/mm²
λ	thermal conductivity, in W/(m.K)
c	specific heat capacity, in kJ/(kg.K)



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Figure 3a) — Symbols for geometric characteristics

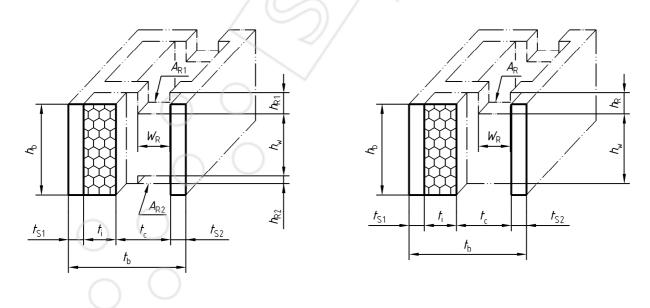


Figure 3b) —Symbols for geometric characteristics

# 4 Requirements

# 4.1 Material requirements

# 4.1.1 Wood-chip concrete

Only wood-chip concrete conforming to EN 14474 shall be used for the manufacture of wood-chip concrete shuttering blocks.

# 4.1.2 Supplementary thermal insulation materials

When supplementary thermal insulation materials are used, they shall comply with the relevant standard of the series EN 13162 to EN 13171.

# 4.2 Finished product requirements

#### 4.2.1 Geometric characteristics

# 4.2.1.1 Dimensions

The work size of shuttering blocks shall be given in dimensioned drawings.

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The external dimensions of the shuttering blocks shall be declared in mm in the order length, width and height.

The dimensions of voids and web-recesses shall be declared in mm. (standards.iteh.ai)

The permissible deviations on declared work size of individual regularly shaped shuttering blocks shall conform to Table 1. Closer deviations may be declared 2008

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Table 1 — Permissible deviations

Permissible deviations							
Length	width	height	Dimensions of voids	Dimensions of web recesses			
± 5 mm	± 5 mm	± 3 mm	+10 / - 3 mm				

Deviations for non-regularly shaped shuttering blocks shall be as given in Table 1 or as declared.

Dimensions shall be determined according to 5.2.1.2.

#### 4.2.1.2 Web recess area

If not otherwise declared, the web recess area  $A_R$  per web in a shuttering block in mm<sup>2</sup> shall be at least 0,2 times the core thickness  $t_c$  in millimetres multiplied by the height of the shuttering block  $h_b$  in millimetres (formula 1).

$$A_R = A_{R1} + A_{R2} \ge 0.2 \times t_c \times h_b \tag{1}$$

The web recess area for ancillary shuttering blocks shall conform to this requirement or shall be declared.

The web recess area shall be determined according to 5.2.1.3.

# 4.2.1.3 Flatness

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The deviation from flatness shall not exceed 5 mm for the side faces and 3 mm for the bed faces.

Deviation from flatness shall be determined according to 51249.42008

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# **4.2.1.4 Squareness** 1f6b92b329eb/sist-en-15498-2008

When required for shuttering blocks with bed faces, end faces and side faces designed to be at right angles the deviation from a right angle shall not exceed 4 mm over a length of 250 mm.

Deviation from squareness shall be determined according to 5.2.1.5.

### 4.2.2 Density

The material oven dry density shall be declared. The mean material oven dry density shall deviate by not more than  $\pm$  10 % from the declared value.

The material dry density shall be determined according to 5.2.2.

### 4.2.3 Moisture movement

If required, the moisture movement (shrinkage, expansion) of shuttering blocks to be used in exposed conditions shall be declared.

The moisture movement shall be determined according to 5.2.3.

### 4.2.4 Reaction to fire

Shuttering blocks shall meet the requirements of class B according to EN 13501-1.

Reaction to fire shall be determined according to 5.2.4.

### 4.2.5 Water vapour permeability

For shuttering blocks intended to be used in external walls water vapour permeability shall be given as design values for the wood-chip concrete and for any supplementary thermal insulation in the shuttering blocks.

Water vapour permeability shall be determined according to 5.2.5.

# 4.2.6 Mechanical strength

#### 4.2.6.1 General

The mechanical strength of shuttering blocks shall be sufficient to allow handling and withstand a maximum filling pressure of  $p_{\text{max}}$  according to Annex A.

# 4.2.6.2 Tensile strength of web

The mean tensile strength of the web with the smallest cross-sectional area  $f_{t,m}$  shall not be less than the minimum tensile strength of web  $f_{t,min}$  according to Annex A and Annex B.

$$f_{t,m} \ge f_{t,\min} \tag{2}$$

The tensile strength shall be determined according to 5.2.6.2.

# 4.2.6.3 Flexural strength of shells ANDARD PREVIEW

The mean flexural strength of shells with the smallest thickness  $f_{f,m}$  shall not be less than the minimum flexural strength of shells  $f_{f,min}$  in according to Annex A and Annex C.

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$$f_{f,m} \ge f_{f,m}$$
in 1f6b92b329eb/sist-en-15498-2008 (3)

The flexural strength of shells shall be determined according to 5.2.6.3.

# 4.2.6.4 Tensile strength of shells perpendicular to faces

For shuttering blocks intended for use in external walls of buildings with a bonded external insulation system, the value of the tensile strength of shells perpendicular to faces  $f_{tn}$  shall not be less than 0,15 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.

$$f_{tp} \ge = 0.15 \text{ N/mm}^2$$
 (4)

The tensile strength of shells perpendicular to faces shall be determined according to 5.2.6.4.

### 4.2.7 Acoustic properties

# 4.2.7.1 General

When relevant to the intended uses, the manufacturer shall provide information on the acoustic properties of the shuttering blocks.

NOTE Acoustic properties are mainly dependent on the density, surface characteristics, geometry and structure of the shuttering blocks and/or the mass of the wall when the blocks are filled with concrete. Other factors (e.g. air-tightness of the wall and the shape of the block-construction) also have an influence.