

## SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST-TS CEN/TS 15448:2007 01-januar-2007

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Postal services - Open standard interface between image controller and enrichment devices (OCRs, video coding systems, voting systems)

Postalische Dienstleistungen - Offene Normschnittstelle zwischen Bildbearbeitung und Anreicherungsgeräten (OCR, Videocodierungssystem, Abstimmungssysteme)

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Services postaux - Interface de standard ouvert entre un contrôleur d'images et un dispositif d'enrichissement (lecteur optique de caracteres, vidéocodage, voteur)

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35.240.60 Uporabniške rešitve IT v IT applications in transport

transportu in trgovini and trade

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# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

### **CEN/TS 15448**

# SPÉCIFICATION TECHNIQUE

TECHNISCHE SPEZIFIKATION

October 2006

ICS 03.240: 35.240.60

#### **English Version**

# Postal services - Open standard interface between image controller and enrichment devices (OCRs, video coding systems, voting systems)

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This Technical Specification (CEN/TS) was approved by CEN on 3 July 2006 for provisional application.

The period of validity of this CEN/TS is limited initially to three years. After two years the members of CEN will be requested to submit their comments, particularly on the question whether the CEN/TS can be converted into a European Standard.

CEN members are required to announce the existence of this CEN/TS in the same way as for an EN and to make the CEN/TS available promptly at national level in an appropriate form. It is permissible to keep conflicting national standards in force (in parallel to the CEN/TS) until the final decision about the possible conversion of the CEN/TS into an EN is reached.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

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#### **Foreword**

This document (CEN/TS 15448:2006) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 331 "Postal Services", the secretariat of which is held by NEN in collaboration with UPU.

NOTE This document has been prepared by experts coming from CEN/TC 331 and UPU, under the frame of the Memorandum of Understanding between UPU and CEN.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to announce this CEN Technical Specification :Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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#### Introduction

There is a growing demand on the postal operators to combine parts of their sorting automation equipment from different suppliers to optimise performance. In the past this has led to project specific interfaces being negotiated between one postal operator and one or multiple suppliers. These project-specific interfaces were developed by the suppliers and maintained for an agreed period of time. This approach has several disadvantages:

- The interface is derived from an interface that was not intended to be open.
- The interface is developed for a single project and works only in the context of that project (extra costs).
- Each participating supplier has to implement the interface (multiple effort).
- Experience shows that integration of components with project-specific interfaces is complex and expensive.
- Project-specific interfaces are not integrated into the product line and once the initially agreed maintenance period is over it may be difficult and expensive to maintain and/or may hinder the adoption of equipment upgrades.

This has led to "open interfaces" defined by one supplier. These still have the disadvantage of being in product use by only one supplier.

Within a group of postal operators and suppliers it was decided to develop a set of "open standard interfaces" which will be developed by the suppliers and referred to by the postal operators. The benefits of these interfaces are expected to be that they IST-TS CEN/TS 15448:2007

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- are fixed in an international standard (with change control): -2007
- are agreed and implemented by major suppliers;
- are agreed by customers and therefore used in calls for tenders;
- will result in net savings with the high initial development effort and consequent higher basic equipment prices being more than offset by reduced project development, integration and maintenance costs;
- will minimize the need for project integration effort by reducing implementation timescales;
- will increase competition between suppliers by stimulating product improvements;

This standard covers the interface between an image controller and so called enrichment devices (OCR, Video Coding System or Voting System).

Other work items (subject to agreement of CEN/TC331 and the UPU Standards Board) will be defined to cover other areas as and when the need is identified and the resources for development become available. A separate project group for each interface will undertake the work.

#### 1 Scope

The purpose of this document is to define the requirements of the OCR/VCS Standard interface and to convey these requirements in context to the reader.

The interface specification is contained in the two appendices of this document, both of them normative:

- System Design Description (SDD)
   This document specifies the class model, dynamic behaviour and exception handling of the interface.
   The API is included.
- Interface Design Document (IDD)

  The IDD in Annex B defines the "payload" information for the interface. That is the data which is required for processing a mailpiece e.g. TIFF image format and XML data.



Figure 1 – Interface environment of an Enrichment Device

As shown on Figure 1, there are many interfaces from an Enrichment Device to the rest of the system. This document is only concerned with the **Mailpiece Processing** part of the complete Standard Interface.

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The mailpiece processing is concerned with the passing of a mailpiece to an Enrichment Device for processing.

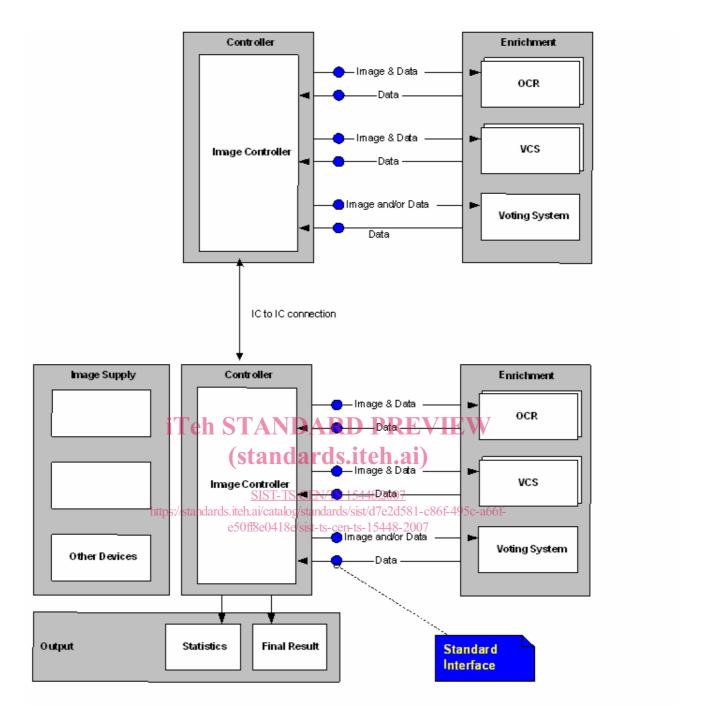


Figure 2 - System model

Figure 2 depicts the system model of an Enrichment Device. As visible on the figure, an Enrichment Device is one of:

#### • an OCR

A single or a pool of automatic recognition and interpretation engines, which are capable of retrieving information from an image of a mailpiece without human intervention.

#### a VCS

a single or a pool of video coding desks, which produce results from images of mailpieces. All tasks related to the management of the coders and the coding desks are encapsulated within the VCS system, or are accessible via interfaces which are outside the scope of the interface described within this document.

#### a Voter

A system which can determine the most appropriate result for a mailpiece using data and/or an image of a mailpiece. Typically, a voter determines the most appropriate result from two or more results.

This document therefore covers the **Mailpiece Processing** interface between the **Image Controller** and the **Enrichment Devices**.

The document describes the requirements in the case of **real-time enrichment**: operational mode of an Enrichment Device, where the ED replies within the specified expiration time to the IC; the IC has to keep track of all mailpieces waiting for a reply from an ED. The ED does not keep persistence of mailpieces outside a channel connection with the IC. The ED has to have the processing power available to enrich a mailpiece. There is one and only one response for a mailpiece.

A later version of the document shall describe the case of **deferred enrichment**: operational mode of an Enrichment Device, where the ED may pre-request mailpieces from the IC. The ED has to keep persistence of the mailpiece to enrich it later and keep the result available for a result request from the IC. There is no response expected by IC from the ED

The interface between Image Controller and Image Controller is NOT part of this document.

Furthermore, there may be many IC connected to many ED's, as shown in the following object model:

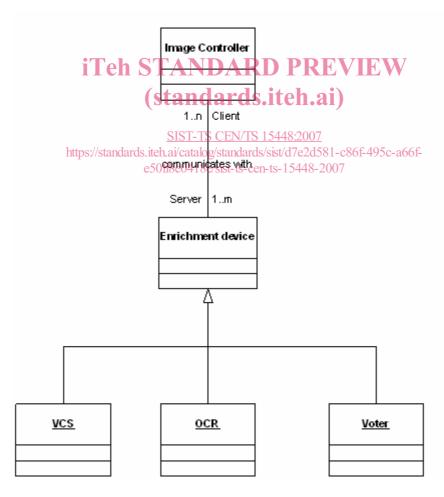


Figure 3 - Communication relationship between IC and ED

The submission strategy in case of one IC connected to many ED's is not part of the interface. It is for optimizing mail flow in case of identical ED's, or for defining the order in which different ED's are activated (cascaded versus parallel submission).

The submission strategy of the IC shall be part of the specification and certification of the IC, which is not part of this document.

#### Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, or references to a version number, only the edition cited applies. For undated references and where there is no reference to a version number, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

UPU S42<sup>1</sup>), International Postal Address Components and Templates

#### Terms and definitions

#### 3.1

#### **Actor**

Coherent set of roles those users of uses cases play when interacting with these use cases. An actor has one role for each use case with which it communicates. See [UML]

#### 3.2

#### **Attributes**

Attributes
All non-image information related to a mailpiece

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#### 3.3

#### **Coding Desk**

Computer or terminal equipped with a software to display images of mailpieces, and designed for a human operator (video coder) to enter information about the mailplece 1581-c86f-495c-a66f-

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#### 3.4

#### Component

Software Unit with a defined interface; might contain other components

#### 3.5

#### **Data element**

Simple data type

#### 3.6

#### **Data object**

Assembly of elements [1..\*] and/or other data objects; recursive type

#### 3.7

#### **Enrichment**

Process of generating new information about a mailpiece

Any information about the mailpiece may be used in this process, such as the image, image information or result data. The use of an image however, is not compulsory

#### **Enrichment device**

System designed to enrich information about mailpieces

<sup>1)</sup> UPU Standards are obtainable from the UPU International Bureau, whose contact details are given in the Bibliography; the UPU Standards glossary is freely accessible on URL http://www.upu.int.

#### CEN/TS 15448:2006 (E)

#### 3.9

#### Flow control

Principle of sending images of mailpieces from an IC to an ED: either on request of the ED ("request" mode), or at a pace defined by the IC, with emission suspended/resumed on request by the ED

#### 3.10

#### **Image**

Data acquired by the Image Supply and stored as part of the mailpiece

#### 3.11

#### Image controller

System designed to handle the flow of images and data issued by the Image Supplies and sent to the Enrichment Devices

Note The Image Controller also controls the results from image enrichment

#### 3.12

#### Infrastructure data

the basic information, such as identification references which an Image Controller and Enrichment Device require in order to communicate effectively

Example Letter ID, Submission ID.

#### 3.13

#### Mail object

Letter, Flat, Parcel, Postcard etcreh STANDARD PREVIEW

## 3.14 Mailpiece

### (standards.iteh.ai)

All information stored about a single physical mail item (letter, flat or parcel) in an IC

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#### Mailpiece data

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The information which describes attributes of the physical mailpiece which is used to aid and is a product of enrichment

Example mailpiece width & height, indicia information, address location, city name, sort code etc.

#### 3.16

#### Offline

Operational mode of a sorting machine, in which some processing of mail is done after the mail has been conveyed in the machine; there is a need for printing an ID-tag, to identify the mail for which a 2<sup>nd</sup> sorting pass is required

#### 3.17

#### Online

Operational mode of a sorting machine, implying all the processing of mail is done while the mail is conveyed in the machine; there is no need for printing an ID-tag

#### 3.18

#### **Permanent Error**

Fatal error as indicated by the middleware or application layer.

Note A non-fatal error may be considered to be a permanent error after repeated remedial handling

#### 3.19

#### Result

Outcome of enrichment

#### 3.20

#### Street

Street keying (street name and/or house number in street)

#### 3.21

#### **System**

Consists of components and the relationships between them (interfaces, communication)

#### 3.22

#### Voter

System which can determine the most appropriate result for a mailpiece using data and/or an image of a mailpiece

#### 4 Symbols and abbreviations

**ED:** Enrichment Device

GUI: Graphical User Interface

IC: Image Controller

**ID**: Identifier

**IDD:** Interface Design Description (Normative appendix of this document)

OCR: Optical Character Recognition ANDARD PREVIEW

PC: Post code (standards.iteh.ai)

PM: Project Manager <u>SIST-TS CEN/TS 15448:2007</u>

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**ROI:** Region Of Interest e50ff8e0418e/sist-ts-cen-ts-15448-2007

SDD: System Design Description (Normative appendix of this document)

**UCM:** Use Case Model document (Main part of this document)

VCS: Video Coding System

W3C: World Wide Web Consortium

**XML:** eXtendable Markup Language

#### 5 The use case model

The **Use Case Model** (UCM) defines the requirements of the CEN OCR/VCS Standard interface. The document utilises UML use cases and other modelling techniques as well as textual information to convey the requirements.

The document contains the following sections

#### • Overall Description

The use case model for the installation is described

#### • Specific Requirements

The use cases are described in detail including all supplementary requirements.

#### 6 Overall Description

Unified Modelling Language has been used to describe the use case model. Details of UML can be found in [UML\_OES], [UML\_ALH] and [UML].

#### 6.1 Use-Case Model Survey

The Use Case Model is separated into two groups of use cases: those which are relevant for the connection to an Enrichment Device system, and those which are relevant for managing and using a channel.

#### 6.1.1 Connection Use Case Model

The connection use cases (Figure 4) apply to the Enrichment Device as a complete component. They enable a connection to be established and channels to be opened as well as the status exchange of the complete Enrichment Device.

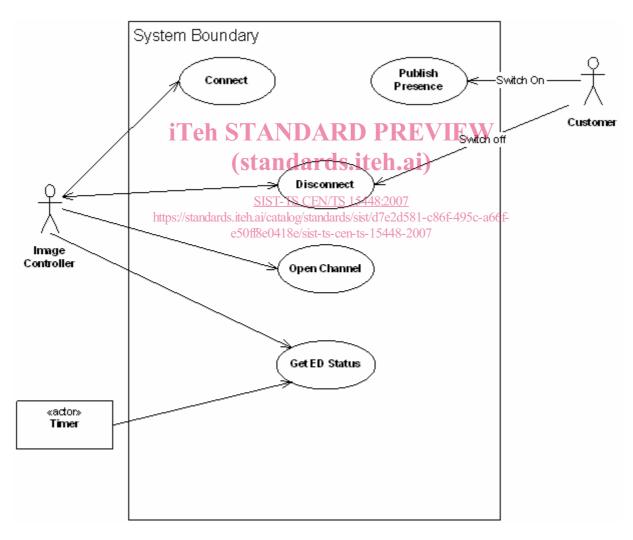


Figure 4 - Connection use cases

#### 6.1.1.1 Actors

Name	Description	
Image Controller	Software: The Image Controller is a complete software system which is possibly made up of many software components deployed on multiple hardware nodes. The IC is responsible for distributing images from the image	

Name	Description	
	sources to the Enrichment Devices and handling the results which are generated. The IC is responsible for the strategy for distributing the images.	
Customer	Human: The Customer actor is a human who is able to start and stop the components.	
Timer	Software: A timer which triggers events at defined intervals.	

#### 6.1.1.2 Use Cases

ID	Name	Description
UC001	Publish Presence	The Enrichment Device presents is presence to the Image Controller when it is switched on. Following strict client-server rules, the ED (the server) is passive and is connected-to by an IC (client).
UC002	Connect	The IC detects an ED which it wishes to utilise for processing mailpieces. It connects to the ED in order to use the processing capabilities of the ED. During the connection, the capabilities of the ED are exchanged with the IC.
UC003	Disconnect	A disconnect is bi-directional. A disconnect implies closing any opened channel within the connection
UC004	Open Channel	The Image Controller opens a coding channel.  A channel defines the subset of the published capabilities  The flow control is related to a channel.
UC005	Put ED Status	The ED indicates to the IC any relevant data about its status <sup>2</sup>
UC006	Get ED Status iTeh S	The IC needs to know the global status of ED:  to be able to go further in the transactions  to display the status of the ED on the IC's GUI

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 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Deleted: This use case describes a message and not a use case. Remove this UC because the aims of the message can be covered by a) ED disconnects from IC is covered in UC - Disconnect. B) The need for the ED to know if the IC is present, can be fulfilled by checking if "Get ED Status" is executed or by observing its channels