

Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); Internet Protocol Testing (IPT); IPv4 to IPv6 Transitioning; Conformance Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP)

iteh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)
Full standard:
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e23095fb-0a05-4eea-9bd5-a09f3b2a539f/etsi-ts-102-518-v1.1.1-2008-02>



ReferenceDTS/MTS-IPT-020-IPv6-TrsTSS_TP

Keywords

conformance, IP, IPv6, testing, TSS&TP

ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles
F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C
Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la
Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

Important notice

Individual copies of the present document can be downloaded from:
<http://www.etsi.org>

The present document may be available in more than one electronic version or in print. In any case of existing or perceived difference in contents between such versions, the reference version is the Portable Document Format (PDF). In case of dispute, the reference shall be the printing on ETSI printers of the PDF version kept on a specific network drive within ETSI Secretariat.

Users of the present document should be aware that the document may be subject to revision or change of status.

Information on the current status of this and other ETSI documents is available at

<http://portal.etsi.org/tb/status/status.asp>

If you find errors in the present document, please send your comment to one of the following services:

http://portal.etsi.org/chaircor/ETSI_support.asp

Copyright Notification

No part may be reproduced except as authorized by written permission.
The copyright and the foregoing restriction extend to reproduction in all media.

© European Telecommunications Standards Institute 2008.
All rights reserved.

DECT™, PLUGTESTS™, UMTS™, TIPHON™, the TIPHON logo and the ETSI logo are Trade Marks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members.

3GPP™ is a Trade Mark of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the 3GPP Organizational Partners.

Contents

Intellectual Property Rights	4
Foreword.....	4
1 Scope	5
2 References	5
2.1 Normative references	5
3 Definitions and abbreviations.....	6
3.1 Definitions.....	6
3.2 Abbreviations	6
4 Test Suite Structure (TSS).....	6
Annex A (normative): Test Purposes (TP).....	8
A.1 IPv6 Transitioning - RFC 2529	8
A.1.1 Node Tests.....	8
A.1.1.1 Encapsulating IPv4 Header frame format validation.....	8
A.1.1.2 Stateless Auto-configuration and Link-local addresses on 6over4	9
A.1.1.3 Source and Target Link layer address options.....	9
A.1.1.4 IPv6 Multicast address mapping to IPv4 multicast address to support Neighbor Discovery.....	11
A.1.2 Route Tests	12
A.1.2.1 Boundary routers handling multicast IPv4 packets from 6over4 domain	12
A.2 IPv6 Transitioning - RFC 2765	12
A.2.1 IPv4-to-IPv6 translation	12
A.2.2 IPv6-to-IPv4 translation	21
A.3 IPv6 Transitioning - RFC 3056	29
A.3.1 Node Tests.....	29
A.3.1.1 Test IPv6 Prefix Allocation	29
A.3.1.2 Encapsulation in IPv4	29
A.3.1.2.1 Encapsulation of an IPv6Packet in an IPv4Packet	29
A.3.1.3 6to4 Site Communication	30
A.3.1.3.1 Unicast scenario	30
A.3.1.4 Security Consideration.....	31
A.3.1.4.1 Security consideration during Encapsulation of IPv6 packet in an IPv4 packet	31
A.3.1.4.2 Security consideration during Decapsulation of IPv6 packet from IPv4 packet	33
A.4 IPv6 Transitioning - RFC 4213	35
A.4.1 Nodes Tests	35
A.4.1.1 Resolver libraries	35
A.4.1.2 Configured tunneling - encapsulation	35
A.4.1.2.1 Encapsulation of an IPv6Packet in an IPv4Packet	35
A.4.1.3 Configured tunneling - decapsulation	38
A.4.1.3.1 Decapsulation of IPv6Packet from IPv4Packet.....	38
A.4.1.3.2 Handling erroneous packet while decapsulation.....	40
A.4.1.3.3 Link-local address on tunnel interface	41
A.4.1.4 Neighbor Discovery messages on tunnel interface	41
A.4.1.4.1 Processing Probes packets on tunnel interface.....	41
A.4.1.4.2 Processing Neighbor discovery packets on tunnel interface	42
A.4.1.4.3 Sending Neighbor Discovery packets on tunnel interface.....	43
History	44

Intellectual Property Rights

IPRs essential or potentially essential to the present document may have been declared to ETSI. The information pertaining to these essential IPRs, if any, is publicly available for **ETSI members and non-members**, and can be found in ETSI SR 000 314: *"Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs); Essential, or potentially Essential, IPRs notified to ETSI in respect of ETSI standards"*, which is available from the ETSI Secretariat. Latest updates are available on the ETSI Web server (<http://webapp.etsi.org/IPR/home.asp>).

Pursuant to the ETSI IPR Policy, no investigation, including IPR searches, has been carried out by ETSI. No guarantee can be given as to the existence of other IPRs not referenced in ETSI SR 000 314 (or the updates on the ETSI Web server) which are, or may be, or may become, essential to the present document.

Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS).

ITEH STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)
Full standard:
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e23095fb-0a05-4eea-9bd5-a093b2a539f/etsi-ts-102-518-v1.1.1-2008-02>

1 Scope

The purpose of the present document is to provide Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) for conformance tests of the IPv4 to IPv6 transitioning protocol based on the requirements defined in the IPv6 requirements catalogue (TS 102 599 [2]) and written according to the guidelines of TS 102 351 [1], ISO/IEC 9646-2 [4] and ETS 300 406 [5].

2 References

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific.

- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- Non-specific reference may be made only to a complete document or a part thereof and only in the following cases:
 - if it is accepted that it will be possible to use all future changes of the referenced document for the purposes of the referring document;
 - for informative references.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <http://docbox.etsi.org/Reference>.

For online referenced documents, information sufficient to identify and locate the source shall be provided. Preferably, the primary source of the referenced document should be cited, in order to ensure traceability. Furthermore, the reference should, as far as possible, remain valid for the expected life of the document. The reference shall include the method of access to the referenced document and the full network address, with the same punctuation and use of upper case and lower case letters.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

2.1 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of the present document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For non-specific references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

- [1] ETSI TS 102 351: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); Internet Protocol Testing (IPT); IPv6 Testing: Methodology and Framework".
- [2] ETSI TS 102 599: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); Internet Protocol Testing (IPT); IPv4 to IPV6 Transitioning; Requirements Catalogue".
- [3] ISO/IEC 9646-1: "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Conformance testing methodology and framework - Part 1: General concepts".
- [4] ISO/IEC 9646-2: "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Conformance testing methodology and framework - Part 2: Abstract Test Suite specification".
- [5] ETSI ETS 300 406: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); Protocol and profile conformance testing specifications; Standardization methodology".
- [6] IETF RFC 2529: "Transmission of IPv6 over IPv4 Domains without Explicit Tunnels".
- [7] IETF RFC 2765: "Stateless IP/ICMP Translation Algorithm (SIIT)".
- [8] IETF RFC 3056: "Connection of IPv6 Domains via IPv4 Clouds".

[9] IETF RFC 4213: "Basic Transition Mechanisms for IPv6 Hosts and Routers".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3] apply.

abstract test case

Abstract Test Method (ATM)

Abstract Test Suite (ATS)

Implementation Under Test (IUT)

Lower Tester (LT)

Test Purpose (TP)

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ATS	Abstract Test Suite
IETF	Internet Engineering Task Force
IPv4	Internet Protocol version 4
IPv6	Internet Protocol version 6
IUT	Implementation Under Test
RC	Requirements Catalogue
RQ	Requirement
TP	Test Purpose
TSS	Test Suite Structure

4 Test Suite Structure (TSS)

Test Purposes have been written for 6to4-Nodes, 6to4-Routers, IP6/IP4_Nodes and IPtranslators according to the requirements (RQ) of the requirements catalogue (RC) in TS 102 599 [2]. Test purposes have been written for behaviours requested with "MUST", optional behaviour described with "SHOULD", "MAY" or similar wording indicating an option has not been turned into test purposes.

The test purposes have been divided into four groups:

Group 1: IPv6 Transitioning - RFC 2529 [6]

Group 2: IPv6 Transitioning - RFC 2765 [7]

Group 3: IPv6 Transitioning - RFC 3056 [8]

Group 4: IPv6 Transitioning - RFC 4213 [9]

The sub-grouping of these two groups follows the structure of the RC.

Group 1 RFC 2529 [6]

Group 1.1 Node Tests

Group 1.1.1 Encapsulating IPv4 Header frame format validation

Group 1.1.2 Stateless Auto-configuration and Link-local addresses on 6over4

Group 1.1.3 Source and Target Link layer address options

Group 1.1.4 IPv6 Multicast address mapping to IPv4 multicast address to support Neighbor Discovery

Group 1.2 Router Tests

Group 1.2.1 Boundary routers handling multicast IPv4 packets from 6over4 domain

Group 2 RFC 2765 [7]

Group 2.1 IPv4-to-IPv6 translation

Group 2.2 IPv6-to-IPv4 translation

Group 3 RFC 3056 [8]

Group 3.1 Node Tests

Group 3.1.1 Test IPv6 Prefix Allocation

Group 3.2 Encapsulation in IPv4

Group 3.2.1 Encapsulation of an IPv6Packet in an IPv4Packet

Group 3.3 6to4 Site Communication

Group 3.3.1 Unicast scenario

Group 3.4 Security Consideration

Group 3.4.1 Security consideration during Encapsulation of IPv6 packet in an IPv4 packet

Group 3.4.2 Security consideration during Decapsulation of IPv6 packet from IPv4 packet

Group 4 RFC 4213 [9]

Group 4.1 Node Tests

Group 4.1.1 Resolver libraries

Group 4.1.2 Configured tunneling - encapsulation

Group 4.1.2.1 Encapsulation of an IPv6Packet in an IPv4Packet

Group 4.1.3 Configured tunneling - decapsulation

Group 4.1.3.1 Decapsulation of IPv6Packet from IPv4Packet

Group 4.1.3.2 Handling erroneous packet while decapsulation

Group 4.1.3.3 Link-local address on tunnel interface

Group 4.1.4 Neighbor Discovery messages on tunnel interface

Group 4.1.4.1 Processing Probes packets on tunnel interface

Group 4.1.4.2 Processing Neighbor discovery packets on tunnel interface

Group 4.1.4.3 Sending Neighbor Discovery packets on tunnel interface

Annex A (normative): Test Purposes (TP)

The test purposes have been written in the formal notation TPlan as described in annex A of TS 102 351 [1]. This original textual output file is contained in an ASCII file (TRANS.tplan) (contained in archive "ts_102518v010101p0.zip") which accompanies the present document. The raw text file has been converted to a table format in this annex to allow better readability.

The two formats shall be considered equivalent. In the event that there appears to be syntactical or semantic differences between the two then the textual TPlan representation takes precedence over the table format in this annex.

A.1 IPv6 Transitioning - RFC 2529

A.1.1 Node Tests

A.1.1.1 Encapsulating IPv4 Header frame format validation

Test Purpose			
Identifier:	TP_TRA_1003_01		
Summary:	Test Dont fragment bit in an encapsulating IPv4 header		
References:	RQ_003_1003		
IUT Role	6over4-Node	Test Case:	TC_TRA_1003_01
with { IUT ready to send IPv6Packet }			
ensure that			
{ when { IUT generates IPv6Packet }			
then { IUT encapsulates IPv6Packet in IPv4Packet			
and IUT sends IPv4Packet			
containing 'dont fragment bit'			
set to 0			
}			

Test Purpose			
Identifier:	TP_TRA_1004_01		
Summary:	Test protocol field in an encapsulating IPv4 header		
References:	RQ_003_1004		
IUT Role	6over4-Node	Test Case:	TC_TRA_1004_01
with { IUT ready to send IPv6Packet }			
ensure that			
{ when { IUT generates IPv6Packet }			
then { IUT encapsulates IPv6Packet in IPv4Packet			
and IUT sends IPv4Packet			
containing protocol			
set to 41			
}			

Test Purpose			
Identifier:	TP_TRA_1007_01		
Summary:	Test TTL field in an encapsulating IPv4 header		
References:	RQ_003_1007		
IUT Role	6over4-Node	Test Case:	TC_TRA_1007_01
<p>with { IUT configured 'TTL value of 8'</p> <p> and IUT ready to send IPv6Packet }</p> <p>ensure that</p> <p>{ when { IUT generates IPv6Packet }</p> <p> then { IUT encapsulates IPv6Packet in IPv4Packet</p> <p> and IUT sends IPv4Packet</p> <p> containing ttl</p> <p> set to 8</p> <p> }</p>			

A.1.1.2 Stateless Auto-configuration and Link-local addresses on 6over4

Test Purpose			
Identifier:	TP_TRA_1009_01		
Summary:	Test IPv6 Link-local address format		
References:	RQ_003_1009, RQ_003_1010, RQ_003_1011, RQ_003_1012		
IUT Role	6over4-Node	Test Case:	TC_TRA_1009_01
<p>with { IUT ready to 'form IPv6 Link-local address' }</p> <p>ensure that</p> <p>{ when { IUT generates 'its Link-local address' }</p> <p> then { IUT 'forms Link-local address'</p> <p> containing 'universal or local bit set to zero'</p> <p> and containing 'last 32 bits as hexadecimal representation of IPv4 address appended to the prefix FE80::/64'</p> <p> }</p>			

A.1.1.3 Source and Target Link layer address options

Test Purpose			
Identifier:	TP_TRA_1013_01		
Summary:	Test Frame format of Target Link-layer address option in the Neighbor Advertisement		
References:	RQ_003_1013, RQ_003_1014, RQ_003_1015, RQ_003_1016		
IUT Role	6over4-Node	Test Case:	TC_TRA_1013_01
<p>with { IUT ready to send 'Neighbor Advertisement' }</p> <p>ensure that</p> <p>{ when { IUT generates 'a Neighbor Advertisement'</p> <p> containing 'Target Link-layer Address option'</p> <p> }</p> <p> then { IUT sends 'Neighbor Advertisement' containing Link_layer_Address_option</p> <p> containing type</p> <p> set to 2 'bit 1 to 8'</p> <p> containing length</p> <p> set to 1 'bit 9 to 16'</p> <p> containing reserved</p> <p> set to 0 'bit 17 to 32'</p> <p> containing IPv4_address</p> <p> set to '32 bit address of the interface in network byte order'</p> <p> }</p>			

Test Purpose	
Identifier:	TP_TRA_1013_02
Summary:	Test Frame format of Source Link-layer address option in the Neighbor Solicitation
References:	RQ_003_1013,RQ_003_1014, RQ_003_1015, RQ_003_1016
IUT Role	6over4-Node
	Test Case: TC_TRA_1013_02
with { IUT ready to send 'Neighbor Solicitation' }	
ensure that	
{ when { IUT generates 'a Neighbor Solicitation' containing 'Source Link-layer Address option' } then { IUT sends 'Neighbor Solicitation' containing Link_layer_Address_option containing type set to 1 'bit 1 to 8' containing length set to 1 'bit 9 to 16' containing reserved set to 0 'bit 17 to 32' containing IPv4_address set to '32 bit address of the interface in network byte order' } }	

Test Purpose	
Identifier:	TP_TRA_1013_03
Summary:	Test Frame format of Source Link-layer address option in the Router Advertisement
References:	RQ_003_1013,RQ_003_1014, RQ_003_1015, RQ_003_1016
IUT Role	6over4-Router
	Test Case: TC_TRA_1013_03
with { IUT ready to send 'Router Advertisement' }	
ensure that	
{ when { IUT generates 'a Router Advertisement' containing 'Source Link-layer Address option' } then { IUT sends 'Router Advertisement' containing Link_layer_Address_option containing type set to 1 'bit 1 to 8' containing length set to 1 'bit 9 to 16' containing reserved set to 0 'bit 17 to 32' containing IPv4_address set to '32 bit address of the interface in network byte order' } }	

Test Purpose	
Identifier:	TP_TRA_1013_04
Summary:	Test Frame format of Source Link-layer address option in the Router Solicitation
References:	RQ_003_1013,RQ_003_1014, RQ_003_1015, RQ_003_1016
IUT Role	6over4-Node
	Test Case: TC_TRA_1013_04
with { IUT ready to send 'Router Solicitation' }	
ensure that	
{ when { IUT generates 'a Router Solicitation' containing 'Source Link-layer Address option' } then { IUT sends 'Router Solicitation' containing Link_layer_Address_option containing type set to 1 'bit 1 to 8' containing length set to 1 'bit 9 to 16' containing reserved set to 0 'bit 17 to 32' containing IPv4_address set to '32 bit address of the interface in network byte order' } }	

A.1.1.4 IPv6 Multicast address mapping to IPv4 multicast address to support Neighbor Discovery

Test Purpose	
Identifier:	TP_TRA_1017_01
Summary:	Test IPv6 all-node multicast address mapped to IPv4 multicast address
References:	RQ_003_1017, RQ_003_1018, RQ_003_1020, RQ_003_1027
IUT Role	6over4-Node
	Test Case: TC_TRA_1017_01
with { IUT configured 'organization local scope address block i.e: 192'	
and IUT '6over4 interface is enabled'	
}	
ensure that	
{ when { IUT generates IPv6Packet 'with IPv6 destination address set to all-nodes multicast address FF02::1' } then { IUT sends IPv6Packet tunneled in IPv4Packet containing ipv4_dst_addr set to 'IPv4 multicast address 239.192.0.1' } }	

Test Purpose	
Identifier:	TP_TRA_1017_02
Summary:	Test IPv6 all-routers multicast address mapped to IPv4 multicast address
References:	RQ_003_1017, RQ_003_1018, RQ_003_1020, RQ_003_1027
IUT Role	6over4-Node
	Test Case: TC_TRA_1017_02
with { IUT configured 'organization local scope address block i.e: 192'	
and IUT '6over4 interface is enabled'	
}	
ensure that	
{ when { IUT generates IPv6Packet 'with IPv6 destination address set to all-routers multicast address FF02::2' } then { IUT sends IPv6Packet tunneled in IPv4Packet containing ipv4_dst_addr set to 'IPv4 multicast address 239.192.0.2' } }	

		Test Purpose
Identifier:	TP_TRA_1017_03	
Summary:	Test IPv6 solicited-node multicast address mapped to IPv4 multicast address	
References:	RQ_003_1017, RQ_003_1018, RQ_003_1020, RQ_003_1027	
IUT Role	6over4-Node	Test Case: TC_TRA_1017_03
with { IUT configured 'organization local scope address block i.e: 192' and IUT '6over4 interface is enabled' }		
ensure that		
{ when { IUT generates IPv6Packet 'with IPv6 destination address set to solicited-node multicast address FF02::1:FF28:9C5A' } then { IUT sends IPv6Packet tunneled in IPv4Packet containing ipv4_dst_addr set to IPv4 multicast address 239.192.156.90' }}		

A.1.2 Route Tests

A.1.2.1 Boundary routers handling multicast IPv4 packets from 6over4 domain

		Test Purpose
Identifier:	TP_TRA_1024_02	
Summary:	Test multicast IPv4 packets with unknown organization-local scope destination address	
References:	RQ_003_1024	
IUT Role	6to4-Router	Test Case: TC_TRA_1024_02
with { IUT configured 'organization local scope address block i.e: 192' }		
ensure that		
{ when { IUT ready to receive IPv4Packet } then { IUT discards 'IPv4 multicast packets' containing 'destination address' set to 'unknown organization-local scope address block i.e: 50' }}		

A.2 IPv6 Transitioning - RFC 2765

A.2.1 IPv4-to-IPv6 translation

		Test Purpose
Identifier:	TP_TRA_3003_01	
Summary:	Test 4to6 packet translation where DF bit is not set and fragmentation is necessary	
References:	RQ_003_3003, RQ_003_3006, RQ_003_3007, RQ_003_3011,	
IUT Role	IPtranslator	Test Case: TC_TRA_3003_01
with { IUT ready to translate IPv4Packet }		
ensure that		
{ when { IUT receives IPv4Packet with 'data leading to overall size >1280 bytes' containing protocol and containing ip_identification and containing DF_bit set to 0 and containing ttl and containing ipv4_src_addr and containing ipv4_dst_addr } then { IUT sends IPv6Packet containing flow_Label set to 'all zero bits'		