

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 61675-1:2016

01-oktober-2016

Nadomešča: SIST EN 61675-1:1998 SIST EN 61675-1:1998/A1:2008

Naprave za slikanje z radionuklidi - Karakteristike in preskusni pogoji - 1. del: Pozitronska emisijska tomografija (IEC 61675-1:2013)

Radionuclide imaging devices - Characteristics and test conditions - Part 1: Positron emission tomographs (IEC 61675-1:2013)

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

Dispositifs d'imagerie par radionucléides E Caractéristiques et conditions d'essai - Partie 1: Tomographes à émission de positrons (IEC 61675-1:2013)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 61675-1:2014

# <u>ICS:</u>

11.040.50 Radiografska oprema

Radiographic equipment

SIST EN 61675-1:2016

en



# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

## SIST EN 61675-1:2016

# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

# EN 61675-1

June 2014

ICS 11.040.50

Supersedes EN 61675-1:1998

**English Version** 

# Radionuclide imaging devices - Characteristics and test conditions - Part 1: Positron emission tomographs (IEC 61675-1:2013)

Dispositifs d'imagerie par radionucléides - Caractéristiques et conditions d'essai - Partie 1: Tomographes à émission de positrons (CEI 61675-1:2013) Bildgebende Systeme in der Nuklearmedizin - Merkmale und Prüfbedingungen - Teil 1: Positronen-Emissions-Tomographen (IEC 61675-1:2013)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2013-10-30. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

#### SIST EN 61675-1:2016

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslay, Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.



European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

© 2014 CENELEC All rights of exploitation in any form and by any means reserved worldwide for CENELEC Members.

## Foreword

The text of document 62C/550/CDV, future edition 2 of IEC 61675-1, prepared by IEC/SC 62C, "Equipment for radiotherapy, nuclear medicine and radiation dosimetry", of IEC TC 62, "Electrical equipment in medical practice " was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 61675-1:2014.

The following dates are fixed:

•	latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national	(dop)	2014-12-13
	standard or by endorsement		
•	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the	(dow)	2016-10-30

This document supersedes EN 61675-1:1998.

document have to be withdrawn

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC [and/or CEN] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

# Endorsement notice iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

The text of the International Standard IEC 61675-1:2013 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification. (Standards.iten.al)

# Annex ZA

## (normative)

# Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

Publication	Year	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	Year
IEC/TR 60788	2004	Medical electrical equipment - Glossary of defined terms	-	-

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)



# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)



Edition 2.0 2013-09

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE

Radionuclide imaging devices - Characteristics and test conditions -Part 1: Positron emission tomographs ds.iteh.ai)

Dispositifs d'imagerie par radionucléides <u>Caractéristiques et conditions</u> d'essai – https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/af733e28-210f-40dc-b86c-Partie 1: Tomographes à émission de positrons 2016

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COMMISSION ELECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

PRICE CODE CODE PRIX



ICS 11.040.50

ISBN 978-2-8322-1119-9

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor. Attention! Veuillez vous assurer que vous avez obtenu cette publication via un distributeur agréé.

 Registered trademark of the International Electrotechnical Commission Marque déposée de la Commission Electrotechnique Internationale

# CONTENTS

- 2 -

FOF	REWORD	)		4
INT	RODUCT	ION		6
1	Scope			7
2	Normati	ve reference	es	7
3	B Terms and definitions			7
4	Test methods1			
	4.1	General		.13
	4.2	SPATIAL RE	SOLUTION	13
		4.2.1	General	13
		4.2.3	Method	14
		4.2.4	Analysis	15
		4.2.5	Report	.17
	4.3	Tomograph	nic sensitivity	.18
		4.3.1	General	18
		4.3.2	Purpose	18
		4.3.3	Method	18
		4.3.4	Analysis	.19
		4.3.5	Report TANDARD PREVIEW	20
	4.4	Uniformity		
	4.5	Scatter me	asurem <mark>entandards.iteh.ai)</mark>	20
		4.5.1	General	20
		4.5.2	Purpose <u>SIST.EN.61675-12016</u>	
		4.5.3 https://	Methoditeh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/af733e28-210f-40dc-b86c-	
		4.5.4	Analysis <sup>07015952ef07/sist-en-61675-1-2016</sup>	21
		4.5.5	Report	22
	4.6	PET COUNT	I RATE PERFORMANCE	.23
		4.6.1	General	
		4.6.2	Purpose	23
		4.6.3	Method	23
		4.6.4	Analysis	24
		4.6.5	Report	26
	4.7		lity and quantification accuracy of source ACTIVITY ions	.26
		4.7.1	General	26
		4.7.2	Purpose	26
		4.7.3	Method	27
		4.7.4	Data analysis	.31
		4.7.5	Report	.34
5	ACCOMP	ANYING DOC	UMENTS	35
	5.1	General		35
	5.2	Design par	ameters	35
	5.3	Configurat	ion of the tomograph	.36
	5.4	SPATIAL RE	SOLUTION	36
	5.5	Sensitivity		36
	5.6	SCATTER FI	RACTION	36
	5.7	COUNT RAT	E performance	.36

## SIST EN 61675-1:2016

- 3 -

5.8	Image quality and quantification accuracy of source ACTIVITY concentrations	
Bibliography		
Index of defi	ned terms	
Figure 1 – E	valuation of FWHM	16
Figure 2 – E	valuation of EQUIVALENT WIDTH ( <i>EW</i> )	17
Figure 3 – S	catter phantom configuration and position on the imaging bed	19
Figure 4 – E	valuation of SCATTER FRACTION	22
Figure 5 – C	ross-section of body phantom	27

61675-1 © IEC:2013

Figure 7 – Image quality phantom and scatter phantom position for whole body scan

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

## RADIONUCLIDE IMAGING DEVICES – CHARACTERISTICS AND TEST CONDITIONS –

## Part 1: Positron emission tomographs

## FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user. (Standards.iten.al)
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/af733e28-210f-40dc-b86c-
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 61675-1 has been prepared by subcommittee 62C: Equipment for radiotherapy, nuclear medicine and radiation dosimetry, of IEC technical committee 62: Electrical equipment in medical practice.

This second edition replaces the first edition of IEC 61675-1, published in 1998. This edition constitutes a technical revision. Requirements have been changed regarding the following technical aspects:

- SPATIAL RESOLUTION;
- sensitivity measurement;
- SCATTER FRACTION;
- COUNT RATE performance;
- image quality.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
62C/550/CDV	62C/561/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

In this standard, the following print types are used:

- Requirements and definitions: roman type.
- Test specifications: italic type.
- Informative material appearing outside of tables, such as notes, examples and references: in smaller type.
   Normative text of tables is also in a smaller type.
- TERMS DEFINED IN CLAUSE 3 OF IEC 60601-1, IN THIS PARTICULAR STANDARD OR AS NOTED: SMALL CAPITALS.

References to clauses within this standard are preceded by the term "clause" followed by the clause number. References to subclauses within this particular standard are by number only.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW In this standard, the conjunctive "or" is used as an "inclusive or" so a statement is true if any combination of the conditions is (true and ards.iteh.ai)

The verbal forms used in this standard conform to usage described in Annex H of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. For the purposes of this standard, the auxiliary verb 86c-

- "shall" means that compliance with a requirement or a test is mandatory for compliance with this standard;
- "should" means that compliance with a requirement or a test is recommended but is not mandatory for compliance with this standard;
- "may" is used to describe a permissible way to achieve compliance with a requirement or test.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

## INTRODUCTION

Further developments of POSITRON EMISSION TOMOGRAPHS allow most of the tomographs to be operated in fully 3D acquisition mode. To comply with this trend, this standard describes test conditions in accordance with this acquisition characteristic. In addition, today a POSITRON EMISSION TOMOGRAPH often includes X-RAY EQUIPMENT for COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY (CT). For this standard PET-CT hybrid devices are considered to be state of the art, dedicated POSITRON EMISSION TOMOGRAPHS not including the X-ray component being special cases only.

The test methods specified in this part of IEC 61675 have been selected to reflect as much as possible the clinical use of POSITRON EMISSION TOMOGRAPHS. It is intended that the tests be carried out by MANUFACTURERS, thereby enabling them to declare the characteristics of POSITRON EMISSION TOMOGRAPHS in the ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS. This standard does not indicate which tests will be performed by the MANUFACTURER on an individual tomograph.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

# RADIONUCLIDE IMAGING DEVICES -CHARACTERISTICS AND TEST CONDITIONS -

## Part 1: Positron emission tomographs

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 61675 specifies terminology and test methods for declaring the characteristics of POSITRON EMISSION TOMOGRAPHS. POSITRON EMISSION TOMOGRAPHS detect the ANNIHILATION RADIATION of positron emitting RADIONUCLIDES by COINCIDENCE DETECTION.

No test has been specified to characterize the uniformity of reconstructed images, because all methods known so far will mostly reflect the noise in the image.

#### Normative references 2

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies. Teh STANDARD PREVIEW

IEC 60788:2004, Medical electrical equipment Glossary of defined terms

#### SIST EN 61675-1:2016

Terms and definitions https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/af733e28-210f-40dc-b86c-

### 07015952ef07/sist-en-61675-1-2016

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60788:2004 and the following apply.

#### 3.1

3

#### tomography

radiography of one or more layers within an object

[SOURCE: IEC 60788:2004, rm-41-15]

#### 3.1.1

#### transverse tomography

TOMOGRAPHY that slices a three-dimensional object into a stack of OBJECT SLICES which are considered as being two-dimensional and independent from each other and at which the IMAGE PLANES are perpendicular to the SYSTEM AXIS

#### 3.1.2

### emission computed tomography

ECT

imaging method for the representation of the spatial distribution of incorporated RADIONUCLIDES in selected two-dimensional slices through the object

#### 3.1.2.1

#### projection

transformation of a three-dimensional object into its two-dimensional image or of a twodimensional object into its one-dimensional image, by integrating the physical property which determines the image along the direction of the PROJECTION BEAM