# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



First edition 1995-12-15

## Ductile iron pipes — External zinc coating —

### iTeh SPart 1: DARD PREVIEW Metallic zinc with finishing layer (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 8179-1:1995 https://standards.Tuyaux.en\_fonte.ductible.cr4.Revêtement.extérieur au zinc — 8ff4-198efb8/iso-8179-1-1995 Partie 1: Zinc métallique et couche de finition

ICN



Reference number ISO 8179-1:1995(E)

#### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 8179-1 was prepared by Technical Committee VIEW ISO/TC 5, Ferrous metal pipes and metallic fittings, Subcommittee SC 2, Cast iron pipes, fittings and their joints. (standards.iteh.ai)

This first edition of ISO 8179-1 as well as ISO 8179-2 cancel and replace ISO 8179:1985, which has been technically revised. <u>ISO 8179-1:1995</u>

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/accf4856-d33a-4be6-a419-ISO 8179 consists of the following parts, under the general title Ductile iron pipes — External zinc coating:

- Part 1: Metallic zinc with finishing layer
- Part 2: Zinc rich paint with finishing layer

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International Organization for Standardization

## Ductile iron pipes — External zinc coating —

## Part 1:

Metallic zinc with finishing layer

#### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 8179 deals with a factory-applied protective external coating system for centrifugally cast ductile iron pipes as specified in ISO 2531 and ISO 7186. This coating system comprises a metallic zinc layer followed by a finishing layer.

#### 4 Zinc coating

#### 4.1 Pipe surface condition

The pipe surface shall be dry and free from rust or any non-adhering particles or foreign matter such as oil or grease. EVIEW

(standards. The zing shall be applied to the oxidized external surface of the pipe, or to a blast-cleaned or ground surface, at the manufacturer's discretion.

#### 2 Normative references standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/accf4856-d33a-4be6-a419-8ff4e198efb8/iso-8174.2-1Method of application

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 8179. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 8179 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 2531:1991, Ductile iron pipes, fittings and accessories for pressure pipelines.

ISO 7186:1983, Ductile iron pipes and accessories for non-pressure pipe-lines.

#### 3 Materials

The coating materials are metallic zinc with a zinc content of at least 99 % (m/m) and bituminous paint or synthetic resin compatible with zinc.

The metallic zinc coating shall be applied by a spraying process in which metallic zinc material is heated to a molten state and projected in small droplets by spray guns on to the pipe surface.

The design and construction of the spray equipment is not within the scope of this part of ISO 8179.

#### 4.3 Coating characteristics

The metallic zinc coating shall cover the outside diameter of the pipe and shall be free from such defects as bare patches or lack of adhesion.

A spiralled appearance is permissible provided that the zinc coating masses comply with the requirements of 4.4.

Damaged areas of zinc coating caused by handling are acceptable, provided that the area of damage is less than  $5 \text{ cm}^2$  per square metre and that the minor dimension of the damaged area does not exceed 5 mm.

Greater areas of damage shall be repaired in accordance with 4.6

#### 4.4 Zinc coating mass

The mean mass of zinc coating measured in accordance with 4.5 shall be not less than  $130 \text{ g/m}^2$  with a local minimum of  $110 \text{ g/m}^2$ .

The manufacturer shall visually inspect each pipe for quality and uniformity of coating and shall carry out regular measurements of zinc coating masses in accordance with the method described in 4.5.

#### 4.5 Determination of zinc coating mass

A rectangular token is attached along the pipe axis before passing it through the zinc coating equipment. After coating and trimming, the minimum token sizes shall be either

- a) 250 mm × 100 mm or
- b) 500 mm × 50 mm.

The mean mass of zinc coating, m, expressed in grams per square metre, is calculated from the mass difference of the token before and after zinc coating using the following formula:

$$m = \frac{C \left(m_2 - m_1\right)}{A}$$

where

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mass of zinc determined according to the above method.

#### 4.6 Repairs to the zinc coating

Areas left uncoated, e.g. under the test token, and coating damage in excess of that permitted in 4.3 shall be repaired by either

- a) metallic zinc spray complying with 4.4 or
- b) application of zinc rich paint containing more than 85 % zinc, by mass, in the dried film; the mean mass of the applied paint shall not be less than 150 g/m<sup>2</sup>.

#### 5 Finishing layer

After zinc coating, the pipe shall be given a finishing layer of bituminous paint or synthetic resin compatible with the zinc coating.

Application of this finishing layer may be done by any proven process such as spraying or brush coating at the manufacturer's discretion. It shall uniformly cover the zinc coating and be free from bare patches or lack of adhesion.

- m<sub>1</sub> and m<sub>2</sub> are masses, in grams, before and after arcs.tten.al)
  zinc coating, measured to an accuracy of 0,1 g;
  A is the area ofttphesttoken; itin asquare/standards/sstracer4856-d3a-4be6-a419-
- A is the area offuthestackens it in asquare/standard/sist/acc14856-d33a-4be6-a419metres; 8ff4e198efb8/isoVerification<sup>5</sup> of the dry film thickness of the
- *C* is a correction factor depending on the material of the token, taking into account the difference in surface roughness between the token and the pipe surface.

The value of *C* shall be determined by the manufacturer and specified when required in test documents.

NOTE 1 For information, C lies between 1,0 and 1,2 for sand-blasted steel sheet or polyester sheet.

The uniformity of the zinc coating is checked by visual inspection of the token. In the event of lack of uniformity, pieces  $50 \text{ mm} \times 50 \text{ mm}$  shall be cut from the token in the lighter zones and the local minimum

8ff4e198efb8/isoVerification<sup>5</sup> of the dry film thickness of the finishing g on the layer shall be carried out by measurement

- a) directly on the pipes by means of suitable gauges, e.g. magnetic, or by using a "wet film" thickness gauge where a correlation between wet film thickness and dry film thickness can be demonstrated or
- b) indirectly on a sample token which is attached to the pipe before coating and is used after coating to measure the dry film thickness by appropriate means, e.g. micrometer, magnetic thickness gauge or by a weight method similar to 4.5

NOTE 2 The method of measurement is at the manufacturer's discretion.

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