

## SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 14121-1:2007

### **01-november-2007**

### JUfbcghighfc Yj '!'CWYbU'hj Y[ Ub'U!'%"XY. BU YUflGC '% %%%% &\$\$+L

Safety of machinery - Risk assessment - Part 1: Principles (ISO 14121-1:2007)

Sicherheit von Maschinen - Risikobeurteilung - Teil 1: Leitsätze (ISO 14121-1:2007)

Sécurité des machines - Appréciation du risque - Partie 1: Principes (ISO 14121-1:2007)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: (standards iteh ai) 1:2007

SIST EN ISO 14121-1:2007

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/96a2d78c-81c7-47c0-a07d-7c969a93c0fc/sist-en-iso-14121-1-2007

ICS:

13.110 Varnost strojev Safety of machinery

SIST EN ISO 14121-1:2007 en,fr,de

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

## EUROPEAN STANDARD

## NORME EUROPÉENNE

## EUROPÄISCHE NORM

September 2007

**EN ISO 14121-1** 

ICS 13.110

Supersedes EN 1050:1996

#### **English Version**

# Safety of machinery - Risk assessment - Part 1: Principles (ISO 14121-1:2007)

Sécurité des machines - Appréciation du risque - Partie 1: Principes (ISO 14121-1:2007) Sicherheit von Maschinen - Risikobeurteilung - Teil 1: Leitsätze (ISO 14121-1:2007)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 4 August 2007.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

SIST EN ISO 14121-1:2007

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/96a2d78c-81c7-47c0-a07d-7c969a93c0fc/sist-en-iso-14121-1-2007



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

### EN ISO 14121-1:2007 (E)

Contents	Page
Foreword	3

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

#### **Foreword**

This document (EN ISO 14121-1:2007) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 199 "Safety of machinery" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 114 "Safety of machinery", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2008, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2008.

This document supersedes EN 1050:1996.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EC Directive(s).

For relationship with EC Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA and ZB, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdomards.iteh.ai

### SIST Endorsement notice

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/96a2d78c-81c7-47c0-a07d-

The text of ISO 14121-1:2007 has been approved by 2cEN as a EN ISO 14121-1:2007 without any modification.

## Annex ZA

(informative)

# Relationship between this International Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 98/37/EC, amended by Directive 98/79/EC

This International Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association to provide a means of conforming to Essential Requirements of the New Approach Directive 98/37/EC, Machinery, amended by Directive 98/79/EC.

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Communities under that Directive and has been implemented as a national standard in at least one Member State, compliance with the normative clauses of this standard confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the relevant Essential Requirements of that Directive and associated EFTA regulations.

**WARNING** — Other requirements and other EC Directives may be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this standard.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

# Annex ZB (informative)

## Relationship between this International Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 2006/42/EC

This International Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association to provide one means of conforming to Essential Requirements of the New Approach Directive 2006/42/EC on machinery.

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Communities under that Directive and has been implemented as a national standard in at least one Member State, compliance with the normative clauses of this standard confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the relevant Essential Requirements of that Directive and associated EFTA regulations.

**WARNING:** Other requirements and other EU Directives may be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this standard.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 14121-1

First edition 2007-09-01

# Safety of machinery — Risk assessment —

Part 1: **Principles** 

Sécurité des machines — Appréciation du risque —

iTeh STParie 1) Principes PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)



#### PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 14121-1:2007</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/96a2d78c-81c7-47c0-a07d-7c969a93c0fc/sist-en-iso-14121-1-2007



#### **COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

#### © ISO 2007

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Page

## Contents

Forew	ord	iv
Introd	uction	v
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	1
4 4.1 4.2	General principles  Basic concepts Information for risk assessment	4 4
5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	Determination of limits of machinery	6 7 7
6	Hazard identification STANDARD PREVIEW	8
7 7.1 7.2 7.3	Risk estimation	9 9 9
8 8.1 8.2 8.3	Risk evaluation://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/96a2d78c-81c7-47c0-a07d- General	14
9	Documentation	15
Annex	A (informative) Examples of hazards, hazardous situations and hazardous events	16
	granhy	28

### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 14121-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 199, Safety of machinery.

This first edition of ISO 14121-1 cancels and replaces ISO 14121:1999, of which it constitutes a technical revision.

ISO 14121 consists of the following parts, under the general title Safety of machinery — Risk assessment:

- Part 1: Principles SIST EN ISO 14121-1:2007 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/96a2d78c-81c7-47c0-a07d-
- Part 2: Practical guidance and examples of methods [Technical Report]

### Introduction

The structure of safety standards in the field of machinery is as follows.

- a) Type-A standards (basic standards) give basic concepts, principles for design, and general aspects that can be applied to machinery.
- b) Type-B standards (generic safety standards) deal with one or more safety aspect(s) or one or more type(s) of safeguards that can be used across a wide range of machinery:
  - type-B1 standards on particular safety aspects (e.g. safety distances, surface temperature, noise);
  - type-B2 standards on safeguards (e.g. two-hands controls, interlocking devices, pressure sensitive devices, guards).
- c) Type-C standards (machine safety standards) deal with detailed safety requirements for a particular machine or group of machines.

This part of ISO 14121 is a type-A standard as stated in ISO 12100-1.

When provisions of a type-C standard are different from those which are stated in type-A or type-B standards, the provisions of the type-C standard take precedence over the provisions of the other standards for machines that have been designed and built according to the provisions of the type-C standard.

The purpose of this type-A standard is to describe principles for a consistent systematic procedure for risk assessment as stated in ISO 12100-1:2003. Clause 5.1.1-1.007 (Clause 5.1.1-1.007) (Clause 5.1.1-1.007) (Standards, itch arcatalogy standards/sist/96a2d78c-81c7-47c0-a07d-

This part of ISO 14121 gives guidance for decisions related to the design of machinery and will assist in the preparation of consistent and appropriate type-B and type-C standards, so that machines can be produced that are safe for their intended use in accordance with the methodology given in ISO 12100.

Annex A gives, in separate tables, examples of hazards, hazardous situations and hazardous events, so as to clarify these concepts and assist the designer in the process of hazard identification.

The practical use of a number of methods for each stage of risk assessment is described ISO/TR 14121-2, which also gives some guidance on how the selection of protective measures (in accordance with ISO 12100) can reduce the different elements of risk in relation to Figure 2 of this part of ISO 14121.

This part of ISO 14121 can be incorporated in training courses and manuals where appropriate to give basic instruction on risk assessment.