INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 14526-3

First edition 1999-11-15

Plastics — Phenolic powder moulding compounds (PF-PMCs) —

Part 3:

Requirements for selected moulding compounds

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Plastiques — Poudres à mouler phénoliques (PF-PMC) —

Partie 3: Exigences relatives à certaines poudres à mouler

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Printed in Switzerland

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO 14526 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 14526-3 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 12, *Thermosetting materials*.

After a transition period of, at the most, four years, the three parts of ISO 14526 (see below) will replace ISO 800:1992, of which they constitute a technical revision.

ISO 14526 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Plastics* — *Phenolic powder moulding compounds* (*PF-PMCs*):

- Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications
- Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties
- Part 3: Requirements for selected moulding compounds

Annex A of this part of ISO 14526 is for information only.

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Plastics — Phenolic powder moulding compounds (PF-PMCs) —

Part 3:

Requirements for selected moulding compounds

1 Scope

This part of ISO 14526 specifies the requirements for the physical and chemical properties of phenolic powder moulding compounds (PF-PMCs) and compression- or injection-moulded test specimens produced from them.

It is limited to those powder moulding compounds whose composition and properties are significantly different. It is further limited to those moulding compounds which are of general technical and/or economic importance.

The properties which are used to characterize the moulding compounds, the test methods and the test conditions are selected from those given in ISO 14526-2.

The moulding compounds are divided into types according to their composition and properties. The various types are designated using the designation system defined in ISO 14526-1.

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2 Normative references

ISO 14526-3:1999

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The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 14526. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 14526 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 472:1999, Plastics — Vocabulary.

ISO 800:1992, Plastics — Phenolic moulding materials — Specification.

ISO 14526-1:1999, Plastics — Phenolic powder moulding compounds (PF-PMCs) — Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications.

ISO 14526-2:1999, Plastics — Phenolic powder moulding compounds (PF-PMCs) — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO 14526, the terms and definitions given in ISO 472, ISO 14526-1 and ISO 14526-2 apply.

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4 Requirements

4.1 Property values

In order for a phenolic powder moulding compound to be considered as complying with this part of ISO 14526, it shall meet the requirements given in the appropriate table (Table 1, 2 or 3).

Tables 1, 2 and 3 give the mean value obtained for the set of test specimens used to determine a particular property. Individual values of properties 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 and 2.4 shall be within 10 % of the mean value, and individual values of properties 3.1 and 3.2 shall be within 5 °C of the mean value.

No specific limits are placed on rheological and processing properties. However, suitable rheological and processing properties are essential for the satisfactory use of a moulding compound. The test methods and test conditions used shall be as agreed between the interested parties.

In addition, for some applications, it may be useful for information to be made available on other properties, for example:

- cure time;
- particle size;
- moisture content.

If this is so, these properties and test methods, as well as the test conditions to be used, shall be as agreed between the interested parties.

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4.2 Filler/reinforcement type and content

In order for a phenolic powder moulding compound to be considered as complying with this part of ISO 14526, the nature, form and content by mass of its filler/reinforcement shall be as given in the designation of the moulding compound (see ISO 14526-1:1999, subclause 4.2).

Table 1 — Property requirements for PF-PMCs containing (WD+MD) or (LF+MD) as filler

					1	2	3	4		
					Type: PMC ISO 14526-PF					
	Property	Unit	Pro- cess-	Max. or	(WD30+MD20) to	(WD30+MD20),X,E to	(WD30+MD20),X,A to	(LF20+MD25) to		
			ing ^a	min.	(WD40+MD10)	(WD40+MD10),X,E	(WD40+MD10),X,A	(LF30+MD15)		
1	Rheological and processing	g prope	rties							
1.1			To	be agre	ed between the in	terested parties				
2	Mechanical properties									
2.1	Stress at break, $\sigma_{\rm B}$	MPa	Q M	≥>	40 50	40 50	40 50	40 50		
2.2	Flexural strength, $\sigma_{\rm fM}$	MPa	Q M	≥	70 80	70 80	70 80	70 80		
2.3	Charpy impact strength, $a_{\rm cU}$	kJ/m ²	Q M		4,5 5,0	4,5 5,0	4,5 5,0	4,5 5,0		
2.4	Charpy notched impact strength, $a_{\rm cA}$	kJ/m ²	QΜ		1,3 1,3	1,3 1,3	1,3 1,3	2,5 2,5		
3	Thermal properties									
3.1	Temperature of deflection under load, $T_{\rm f}$ 1,8	°C	Q/M	>	160	160	160	160		
3.2	Temperature of deflection under load, $T_f 8,0$	Teh	S/M	ANI	DARD P	REVIEW	7 115	110		
3.3	Flammability (glow bar), BH		M	and	args ite	1.ai _{BH 2-10}	BH 2-10	BH 2-30		
4	Electrical properties				14526-3:1999					
4.1	Dissipation factor, $tan \delta 100$	/standard	ls.iteh.ai Q/M ₁ /			e9a7c-4b56-4605-9 1999 0,1	0db- —	_		
4.2	Volume resistivity, $\rho_{\rm e}$	Ω·cm	Q/M	≽	_	10 ¹¹	_	_		
4.3	Surface resistivity, $\sigma_{\rm e}$	Ω	Q/M	≽	10 ⁹	10 ¹⁰	10 ⁹	10 ⁸		
4.4	Proof tracking index, PTI	_	Q/M	≽	125	125	125	125		
5	Other properties									
5.1		mg		€	100	100	100	150		
5.2	Water absorption, $W_{\rm w}$ 24	% by mass	Q/M	\leqslant	_		_	_		
5.3	Free ammonia, $m_{\rm E}{\rm AM}$	% by mass	Q/M	\leqslant	_	_	0,02	_		
\vdash										

Q = Compression moulding

NOTE 1 See ISO 14526-2:1999, Tables 3 and 4, columns 3, 4, and 7, for the methods to be used for the preparation of test specimens and the determination of properties.

NOTE 2 In view of the differences between the property-value limits for compression-moulding and injection-moulding materials, the likely variations in test results and the wide range of properties covered, it should not be assumed that materials having the same designation are exactly equivalent.

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M = Injection moulding

Table 2 — Property requirements for PF-PMCs containing (SC+LF), SS, PF or (LF+MD) as filler

					5	6	7	8	
	Type: PMC ISO 14526-PF								
	Property	Unit	Pro- cess- ing ^a	Max. or min.	(SC20+LF15) to (SC30+LF05)	SS40 to SS50	PF40 to PF60	(LF20+MD25) to (LF40+MD05)	
1	Rheological and processing	g prope	rties						
1.1	To be agreed between the interested parties								
2	Mechanical properties								
2.1	Stress at break, $\sigma_{\rm B}$	MPa	Q M	<i>></i> /> <i>></i>	35 45	30 45	30 40	35 45	
2.2	Flexural strength, $\sigma_{\rm fM}$	MPa	QΜ	≫	70 80	60 70	50 60	70 80	
2.3	Charpy impact strength, $a_{\rm cU}$	kJ/m ²	Q M	> >	5,5 6,5	7,0 9,0	2,5 3,5	5,5 6,0	
2.4	Charpy notched impact strength, $a_{\rm cA}$	kJ/m ²	Q M	<i>></i> /> <i>></i>	4,0 4,0	7,0 7,0	1,5 1,5	2,8 2,8	
3	Thermal properties								
3.1	Temperature of deflection under load, $T_{\rm f}$ 1,8	°C	Q/M	≽	160	160	170	160	
3.2	Temperature of deflection under load, $T_{\rm f}$ 8,0	iTe	ho/M	ΓAN	DA ₁ RD	PRE15/IE	V 130	115	
3.3	Flammability (glow bar), BH	_	Q/M	stąn	dards.it	eh. <u>ai.</u> 30	BH 1	BH 2-30	
4	Electrical properties ISO 14526-3:1999								
4.1	Dissipation factor, $\tan \delta$ 100	ps://stan	lards.ite Q/M		bg/standards/sist/ ² 05f3fe/i so -14526	13e9a7c-4b56-460: -3-1999 —	5-90db- 0,1	_	
4.2	Volume resistivity, $\rho_{\rm e}$	Ω·cm	Q/M	≽	_	_	10 ¹²	_	
4.3	Surface resistivity, $\sigma_{\rm e}$	Ω	Q/M	≽	10 ⁸	10 ⁸	10 ¹¹	10 ⁸	
4.4	Proof tracking index, PTI	_	Q/M	≽	125	125	175	125	
5	Other properties								
5.1		mg		€	150	200	30	150	
5.2	Water absorption, W _w 24	% by mass Q/M	Q/M	<	_	_	_	_	
5.3	Free ammonia, m _E AM	% by mass	Q/M	W	_			_	

Q = Compression moulding

NOTE 1 See ISO 14526-2:1999, Tables 3 and 4, columns 3, 4, and 7, for the methods to be used for the preparation of test specimens and the determination of properties.

NOTE 2 In view of the differences between the property-value limits for compression-moulding and injection-moulding materials, the likely variations in test results and the wide range of properties covered, it should not be assumed that materials having the same designation are exactly equivalent.

M = Injection moulding

Table 3 — Property requirements for PF-PMCs containing (GF+GG) or (GF+MD) as filler

				I					
					9	10	11	12	
	Type: PMC ISO 14526-PF								
	Property	Unit	Pro- cess- ing ^a	Max. or min.	(GF20+GG30) to (GF30+GG20)	(GF30+MD20) to (GF40+MD10)	_	_	
1	Rheological and processing properties								
1.1	To be agreed between the interested parties								
2	Mechanical properties								
2.1	Stress at break, $\sigma_{\rm B}$	MPa	Q M		50 60	80 90			
2.2	Flexural strength, $\sigma_{\rm fM}$	MPa	Q M	≥≥	80 90	140 150			
2.3	Charpy impact strength, a_{cU}	kJ/m ²	QΜ		6,0 7,0	13,0 15,0			
2.4	Charpy notched impact strength, a_{cA}	kJ/m ²	Q M	≥	1,5 1,5	3,0 3,5			
3	Thermal properties								
3.1	Temperature of deflection under load, $T_{\rm f}$ 1,8	°C	Q/M	>	190	210			
3.2	Temperature of deflection under load, $T_{\rm f}$ 8,0	Teh	S/M	AŅI	DAR ₄ D P	REV60EW			
3.3	Flammability (glow bar), BH	_	(Mt	and	ards, itel	1.ai) _{BH 1}			
4	Electrical properties			ISC	14526-3:1999				
4.1	Dissipation factor, $\frac{\text{https:}}{\tan \delta 100}$	/standar	ls.iteh.a Q/M ₁	/catalog/ /aa4€051	standards/sist/413 3 fe/iso ⁰ 1 ² 526-3-	e9a7c-4b56-4605-90 1999 0,25)db-		
4.2	Volume resistivity, $\rho_{\rm e}$	Ω·cm	Q/M	≽	10 ¹¹	10 ¹²			
4.3	Surface resistivity, $\sigma_{\rm e}$	Ω	Q/M	≽	10 ¹⁰	10 ¹¹			
4.4	Proof tracking index, PTI	_	Q/M	≽	175	150			
5	Other properties								
5.1		mg		€	30	30			
5.2	Water absorption, W _w 24	% by mass	Q/M	≼	_	_			
5.3	Free ammonia, m _E AM	% by mass	Q/M	≼	_	_			

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