

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 21898:2006

01-februar-2006

BUXca Yý U. SIST EN 1898:2002

Embalaža - Prožni vsebniki IBC za nenevarne snovi (ISO 21898:2004)

Packaging - Flexible intermediate bulk containers (FIBCs) for non-dangerous goods (ISO 21898:2004)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Verpackung - Flexible Großpackmittel (FIBC) für nichtgefährliche Güter (ISO 21898:2004) (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 21898:2006

Emballages - Grands récipients vrac souples (GRVS) pour matieres non dangereuses (ISO 21898:2004) 644c6fbb15de/sist-en-iso-21898-2006

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 21898:2005

ICS:

55.180.99 Drugi standardi v zvezi z Other standards related to

distribucijo blaga s prevozom freight distribution of goods

SIST EN ISO 21898:2006 en

SIST EN ISO 21898:2006

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM **EN ISO 21898**

September 2005

ICS 55.180.99

Supersedes EN 1898:2000

English Version

Packaging - Flexible intermediate bulk containers (FIBCs) for non-dangerous goods (ISO 21898:2004)

Emballages - Grands récipients vrac souples (GRVS) pour matières non dangereuses (ISO 21898:2004)

Verpackung - Flexible Großpackmittel (FIBC) für nichtgefährliche Güter (ISO 21898:2004)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 26 August 2005.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

SIST EN ISO 21898:2006

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9dd1ee78-a07b-4945-923c-644c6fbb15de/sist-en-iso-21898-2006



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

EN ISO 21898:2005 (E)

Foreword

The text of ISO 21898:2004 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 122 "Packaging" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 21898:2005 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 261 "Packaging", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2006, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2006.

This document supersedes EN 1898:2000.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 21898:2004 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 21898:2005 without any modifications.

(standards.iteh.ai)

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 21898

First edition 2004-07-01

Packaging — Flexible intermediate bulk containers (FIBCs) for non-dangerous goods

Emballages — Grands récipients vrac souples (GRVS) pour matières non dangereuses

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)



PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 21898:2006 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9dd1ee78-a07b-4945-923c-644c6fbb15de/sist-en-iso-21898-2006

© ISO 2004

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents Page

Forew	vord	iv
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	1
4 4.1 4.2 4.3	Materials, construction and design Materials Construction Design filling height	4 5
5 5.1 5.2 5.3	Performance Type-testing Preparation of FIBC for test Test requirements	5 5
6	Certification	6
7	Marking	7
	x A (normative) UV resistance test NDARD PREVIEW	
Annex	x B (normative) Cyclic top lift test not are sitch ai	10
Annex	x C (normative) Compression/stacking test	18
Annex	x D (informative) Guidance on selection and use of FIBCs https://standards.itch.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9dd1ee78-a07b-4945-923c-	19
Annex	nttps://standards.nien.ar/catalog/standards/stst/9dd1ee/8-a0/6-4943-923c- x E (informative) Design of FIBCstb13de/sistem-iso-21-898-2006	24
Bibliography		28

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 21898 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 122, *Packaging*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Performance requirements and tests for means of packaging, packages and unit loads*.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

Packaging — Flexible intermediate bulk containers (FIBCs) for non-dangerous goods

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies materials, construction and design requirements, type test, certification and marking requirements for flexible intermediate bulk containers (FIBCs) intended to contain non-dangerous solid materials in powder, granular or paste form, and designed to be lifted from above by integral or detachable devices.

Guidance is also provided on the selection and safe usage of FIBCs.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies. A RD PREVIEW

ISO 12048, Packaging — Complete, filled transport packages — Compression and stacking tests using a compression tester

ISO 13934-1, Textiles — Tensile properties of fabrics 200 Part 1: Determination of maximum force and elongation at maximum force using the strip method ds/sist/9dd1ee78-a07b-4945-923c-644c6fbb15de/sist-en-iso-21898-2006

ISO/IEC 17025, General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1 General

3.1.1

flexible intermediate bulk container

FIBC

intermediate bulk container having the body made of flexible material such as woven fabric, plastics film or paper, designed to be in contact with the contents, either directly or through an inner liner, and collapsible when empty

3.1.2

heavy-duty reusable flexible intermediate bulk container

FIBC designed and intended to be used for a multitude of fillings and discharges, and both factory and field repairable in such a way that the tensile strength across a repair is at least as great as that of the original

3.1.3

standard-duty reusable flexible intermediate bulk container

FIBC designed and intended to be used for a limited number of fillings and discharges

NOTE 1 An FIBC of this category cannot be reused if damaged, i.e. it is not repairable.

NOTE 2 The replacement of a removable inner liner is not considered a repair.

3.1.4

single-trip flexible intermediate bulk container

FIBC designed and intended to be used for one filling only

An FIBC of this category cannot be reused. Neither replacement of an inner liner nor repair of the FIBC is relevant to this category.

3.1.5

FIBC type

FIBCs of like design, manufactured using like materials and methods of construction (giving at least equal performance) to the same nominal cross-sectional dimensions

Within a type, the circumference may be increased by up to 10 % by comparison with samples passing a type test, provided the same geometry is maintained. Where the type has a base discharge spout, smaller diameter discharge spouts of like design may be used.

NOTE 2 The presence or absence of an inner liner does not constitute a change of type.

3 1 6

safe working load

SWL

maximum load which the FIBC may carry in service, as certified

3.1.7

safety factor

SF

integer quotient between the final test load in the cyclic top lift test and the SWL value rounded down

Safety factors may be illustrated as follows (see also B.3.3). teh.ai) NOTE 1

Example 22006

s.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9dd1ee78-a07b-4945-923c-500 kg 644cofbb15de/sist-en-iso-21898-2006 https://standards Designated SWL 2 400 kgf 2 600 kgf Final load, cyclic test Quotient 4,8 5,2 4 5 Integer quotient, rounded down

The results in Example 1 above indicate a single-trip FIBC which does not meet the requirements of this International Standard, whilst those in Example 2 indicate a single-trip FIBC which meets the requirements.

3.1.8

lifting device

integral and/or fixed lifting devices which form part of the FIBC and are tested with it

NOTE Detachable lifting devices are regarded as lifting tools.

FIBC parts 3.2

3.2.1

walls

tube of one or more layers, seamless or made out of one or more panels joined together

3.2.2

base

that part of the FIBC which is connected to or integral with the walls and forms the base of the standing FIBC

3.2.3

plain base

base without an opening

3.2.4

base with opening

flat, conical or in another way formed base with an opening

3.2.5

full open base

extensions to the wall(s), forming the base of the FIBC after closing

3.2.6

top

upper part of the FIBC, excluding handling devices, forming the top of the FIBC after closing

3.2.7

body

walls and base of the FIBC

3.2.8

inner liner

integral or removable container which fits into the FIBC

3.3 Operating devices

3.3.1

filling opening

opening for filling the FIBC

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

3.3.2

filling spout

(standards.iteh.ai)

tube-shaped part at the top for filling the FIBC

3.3.3 SIST EN ISO 21898:2006

filling slit

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9dd1ee78-a07b-4945-923c-

slit-shaped opening at the top for filling the FIBC

3.3.4

outlet

opening for discharging the FIBC

3.3.5

discharging spout

tube-shaped part at the base for discharging the FIBC

3.3.6

closing parts

webbing, cords, straps, etc. which are used to close the filling and discharging devices

3.4 Handling devices

3.4.1

supporting and lifting devices

webbings, loops, ropes, eyes, frames or other devices formed from a continuation of the walls of the FIBC, which are integral or detachable, and are used to support or lift the FIBC

3.4.2

four-point lifting

four lifting devices used simultaneously to lift the FIBC

3.4.3

two-point lifting

two lifting devices used simultaneously to lift the FIBC

3.4.4

one-point lifting

one lifting device, or one or more lifting devices brought to one point for lifting

3.5

safety and protection devices

valves, ventilation devices and additional parts which protect the filling, discharging or handling devices

3.6

coated and laminated materials

materials having a surface coating or comprising two or more layers laminated together to protect the contents of the filled FIBC or to protect the environment against the effects of leakage of the contents

3.7 Special treatments

3.7.1

stabilization

modification of the FIBC materials to give better resistance against weathering and ageing

EXAMPLE The addition of an ultraviolet (UV) absorber and/or an antioxidant.

3.7.2

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

electrostatic conductivity treatment

treatment for modifying the electrostatic behaviour of the FIBC item ai

3.7.3

insect-repellent treatment

SIST EN ISO 21898:2006

treatment for increasing the ability of the FIBC to protect itself and/or its contents against insect attack

3.7.4

flame-retardant treatment

treatment to impart flame resistance to the FIBC

4 Materials, construction and design

4.1 Materials

All categories of FIBC shall be manufactured from flexible materials covered by a written specification. The FIBC manufacturer shall have an authorized statement of conformity for each separate batch of materials.

The properties of the materials may be modified by additives to improve the resistance of the materials against, for example, degradation by heat and sunlight, and to reduce the effect of static electricity.

All materials shall be tested for breaking force in accordance with the appropriate International Standards, and shall be capable of retaining at least 85 % of the original breaking force after being completely immersed in water for (25 \pm 1) h. This measurement shall be taken after first drying the test specimen then, secondly, by conditioning it for (60 \pm 5) min at a temperature of (23 \pm 2) °C and a relative humidity of (50 \pm 5) %.

All load-bearing materials of the FIBC shall, after being tested in accordance with the test described in Annex A, retain at least 50 % of the original values of the breaking force and elongation of the materials.

Materials should be chosen and joined together in such a way that recovery is promoted.