



Designation: C 1261 – 98

Standard Specification for Firebox Brick for Residential Fireplaces¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C 1261; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last approval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope *

1.1 This specification covers brick intended for use as the lining in the fireboxes of residential fireplaces.

1.2 Firebox brick are manufactured from clay, fire clay, shale, or similar naturally occurring earthy substances and subjected to a heat treatment at elevated temperatures (firing). The heat treatment must develop a fired bond between the particulate constituents to provide the strength and durability requirements of this specification.

NOTE 1—Firebox brick are typically installed using ground fire clay mortar or refractory mortar. Mortar joints are typically $\frac{1}{8}$ in. (3.2 mm) thick, just thick enough to accommodate dimensional variations in the firebox brick.

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.4 The text of this specification references notes and footnotes that provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of this specification.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

- C 24 Test Method for Pyrometric Cone Equivalent (PCE) of Fire Clay and High Alumina Refractory Materials²
- C 43 Terminology of Structural Clay Products³
- C 67 Test Methods of Sampling and Testing Brick and Structural Clay Tile³

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—For definitions of terms relating to this specification, see Terminology C 43.

4. Materials, Manufacture, and Finish

4.1 Clay, as it occurs in nature, differs in composition and physical properties. These differences are compensated for by

varying the manufacture processes of forming and firing. In order to be satisfactory for firebox brick production, clays must have plasticity that permits them to be shaped or molded when mixed with water. Clays must also have sufficient tensile strength to maintain shape.

4.2 Firebox brick are shaped during manufacture by molding, pressing, or extruding and cutting. Firebox brick shall be 100 % solid with no cores or frogs.

4.3 Firebox brick shall be free of defects, deficiencies, and surface treatments, including coatings, that would interfere with the proper setting of the brick or significantly impair the strength or performance of the construction.

5. Physical Properties

5.1 *Modulus of Rupture*—Residential firebox brick shall have a minimum modulus of rupture of 500 psi (3.45 MPa).

5.2 *Pyrometric Cone Equivalent (PCE)*—Firebox brick shall have a minimum pyrometric cone equivalent (PCE) of 13.

6. Dimensions and Permissible Variations

6.1 *Size*—The size of the firebox brick shall be as specified by the purchaser. In the sample of units, no firebox brick shall depart from the specified size by more than the maximum permissible variation given in Table 1.

6.2 *Warpage*—Tolerances for distortion or warpage of face or edges of individual brick from a plane surface and from a straight line, respectively, shall not exceed the maximum permissible distortion given in Table 1.

6.3 *Visual Inspection*—The brick, as delivered to the site, shall conform by visual inspection to the samples approved as the standard of comparison. Minor indentations or surface cracks incidental to the usual method of manufacturing or the chippage resulting from the customary methods of handling in shipments and delivery shall not be deemed grounds for rejection.

6.4 *Variation of Appearance Requirements*—When units are required for decorative installations that have appearance requirements, that is, size variation, distortion, or chippage, other than those prescribed by this specification, the purchaser shall specify the required maximum permissible variation in size or distortion and the allowable extent of chippage.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C-15 on Manufactured Masonry Units and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C15.02 on Brick and Structural Clay Tile.

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² *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 15.01.

³ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 04.05.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.