

### SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 8257-1:2006 01-julij-2006

Dc`]a Yfb]'a UhYf]U]'!'AUhYf]U]'bUcgbcj]'dc`]a Yfl]`a YfU\_f]`UfUfDAA5Ł'nUcV`]\_cjUb^Y`]b'Y\_glfi X]fUb^Y`Ë'%'XY`.'G]ghYa 'cnbU YjUb^U]b'dcX`U[Y'nUgdYW]Z\_UW]^Y`flGC', &) +!%%-, Ł

Plastics - Poly(methyl methacrylate) (PMMA) moulding and extrusion materials - Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications (ISO 8257-1:1998)

Kunstsoffe - Polymethylmethacrylat (PMMA)-Formmassen - Teil 1: Bezeichnungssystem und Basis für Spezifikationen (ISO 8257-1:1998)) PREVIEW

(standards.iteh.ai)

Plastiques - Poly(méthacrylate de méthyle) (PMMA) pour moulage et extrusion - Partie 1: Systeme de désignation et base de <u>spécification (ISO 8</u>257-1:1998)

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/acccc678-3a8e-49de-afd7-28abe9a62a07/sist-en-iso-8257-1-2006

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 8257-1:2006

ICS:

83.080.20

SIST EN ISO 8257-1:2006 en

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### **EUROPEAN STANDARD**

#### **EN ISO 8257-1**

## NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

April 2006

ICS 83.080.20

#### **English Version**

Plastics - Poly(methyl methacrylate) (PMMA) moulding and extrusion materials - Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications (ISO 8257-1:1998)

Plastiques - Poly(méthacrylate de méthyle) (PMMA) pour moulage et extrusion - Partie 1: Système de désignation et base de spécification (ISO 8257-1:1998) Kunstsoffe - Polymethylmethacrylat (PMMA)-Formmassen - Teil 1: Bezeichnungssystem und Basis für Spezifikationen (ISO 8257-1:1998)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 16 March 2006.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Eatvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom; st/acccc678-3a8e-49de-afd7-

28abe9a62a07/sist-en-iso-8257-1-2006



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

#### **Foreword**

The text of ISO 8257-1:1998 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61 "Plastics" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 8257-1:2006 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 249 "Plastics", the secretariat of which is held by IBN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2006, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2006.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

The text of ISO 8257-1:1998 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 8257-1:2006 without any modifications.

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 8257-1

> Second edition 1998-11-15

# Plastics — Poly(methyl methacrylate) (PMMA) moulding and extrusion materials —

#### Part 1:

Designation system and basis for

iTeh Specifications PREVIEW

Plastiques 2 Poly(méthacrylate de méthyle) (PMMA) pour moulage et extrusion —

Partie 1: Système de désignation et base de spécification https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/acccc678-3a8e-49de-afd7-28abe9a62a07/sist-en-iso-8257-1-2006



ISO 8257-1:1998(E)

#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

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International Standard ISO 8257-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 9, *Thermoplastic materials*.

This second edition cancels and rep<u>laces N the 82 first 20 ed</u>ition (ISO 8257-1:1987), which has been technically irevised tandards/sist/acccc678-3a8e-49de-afd7-28abe9a62a07/sist-en-iso-8257-1-2006

ISO 8257 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Plastics* — *Poly(methyl methacrylate) (PMMA) moulding and extrusion materials:* 

- Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications
- Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

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# Plastics — Poly(methyl methacrylate) (PMMA) moulding and extrusion materials —

#### Part 1:

Designation system and basis for specifications

#### 1 Scope

- **1.1** This part of ISO 8257 establishes a system of designation for poly(methyl methacrylate) (PMMA) thermoplastic materials, which may be used as the basis for specifications.
- **1.2** The types of PMMA plastics are differentiated from each other by the classification system based on appropriate levels of the designatory properties
- a) Vicat softening temperature,

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b) melt mass-flow rate,

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c) viscosity number (optional)/standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/acccc678-3a8e-49de-afd7-

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and on information about intended application and/or method of processing, important properties, additives and colorants.

**1.3** This part of ISO 8257 is applicable to all poly(methyl methacrylate) homopolymers and to copolymers of methyl methacrylate (MMA) containing at least 80 % (m/m) of MMA and not more than 20 % (m/m) of acrylic esters or other monomers.

It applies to materials ready for normal use in the form of beads, granules and pellets and to materials unmodified or modified by colorants, additives, etc.

This part of ISO 8257 does not apply to PMMA modified with elastomers.

**1.4** It is not intended to imply that materials having the same designation give necessarily the same performance. This part of ISO 8257 does not provide engineering data, performance data or data on processing conditions which may be required to specify a material for a particular application and/or method of processing.

If such additional properties are required, they shall be determined in accordance with the methods specified in part 2 of this International Standard, if suitable.

**1.5** In order to specify a thermoplastic material for a particular application or to ensure reproducible processing, additional requirements may be given in data block 5 (see clause 3, introductory paragraph).

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#### 2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 8257. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 8257 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 472:—1), Plastics — Vocabulary.

ISO 1043-1:1997, Plastics — Symbols and abbreviated terms — Part 1: Basic polymers and their special characteristics.

ISO 8257-2:1990, Plastics — Poly(methyl methacrylate) (PMMA) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: preparation of test specimens and determination of properties.

#### 3 Designation and specification system

The designation and specification system for thermoplastics is based on the following standardized pattern:

Designation						
	Identity block					
Description block	International ANDARD Individual-item block					
(optional)	number block N. d. 1900	Data block 5				

SIST EN ISO 8257-1:2006

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The designation consists of an optional side of individual-item block comprising the International Standard number and an individual-item block.

For unambiguous designation, the individual-item block is subdivided into five data blocks comprising the following information:

- Data block 1: Identification of the plastic by its symbol PMMA in accordance with ISO 1043-1 (see 3.1).
- Data block 2: Position 1: Intended application or method of processing (see 3.2).

Positions 2 to 8: Important properties, additives and supplementary information (see 3.2).

- Data block 3: Designatory properties (see 3.3).
- Data block 4: Fillers or reinforcing materials and their nominal content (not included in this part of ISO 8257) (see 3.4).
- Data block 5: For the purpose of specifications, a fifth data block may be added containing additional information.

This first character of the individual-item block shall be a hyphen. The data blocks shall be separated from each other by commas.

If a data block is not used, this shall be indicated by doubling the separation sign, i.e. by two commas (,,).

<sup>1)</sup> To be published. (Revision of ISO 472:1988)

#### 3.1 Data block 1

In this data block, after the hyphen, poly(methyl methacrylate) plastics are identified by the symbol "PMMA", in accordance with ISO 1043-1.

#### 3.2 Data block 2

In this data block, information about the intended application and/or method of processing is given in position 1 and information about important properties, additives and colorants in positions 2 to 8. The code-letters used are specified in table 1.

If information is presented in positions 2 to 8 and no specific information is given in position 1, the letter X shall be inserted in position 1.

#### 3.3 Data block 3

In this data block, the range of the Vicat softening temperature is represented by a three-figure code number (see 3.3.1), the melt mass-flow rate by a three-figure code-number (see 3.3.2) and, optionally, the viscosity number by a two-figure code-number (see 3.3.3). The two (or three) code-numbers, are separated from each other by a hyphen.

If a property value falls on or near a range limit, the manufacturer shall state which range will designate the material. If subsequent individual test values lie on, or either side of, the range limit because of manufacturing tolerances, the designation is not affected.

NOTE — Not all the combinations of values of the designatory properties are available with currently offered polymers.

### 3.3.1 Vicat softening temperature (standards.iteh.ai)

The Vicat softening temperature shall be determined in accordance with ISO 8257-2.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/acccc678-3a8e-49de-afd7The possible values of the Vicat softening temperature (VST) are divided into eight ranges, each represented by a three-figure code number, as specified in table 2.

#### 3.3.2 Melt flow rate

The melt mass-flow rate (MFR) shall be determined in accordance with ISO 8257-2.

The possible values of the MFR are divided into six ranges, each represented by a three-figure code number, as specified in table 3.

#### 3.3.3 Viscosity number (optional)

If required, the viscosity number (VN) shall be determined in accordance with ISO 8257-2.

The possible values of the viscosity number are divided into six ranges, each represented by a two-figure code number, as specified in table 4.

#### 3.4 Data block 4

This data block, employed to represent filler and/or reinforcing materials, is not used in this part of ISO 8257.

#### 3.5 Data block 5

Indication of additional requirements in this optional data block is a way of transforming the designation of a material into a specification for a particular application. This may be done for example by reference to a suitable national standard or to a generally established specification.